MAY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2813.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1784.

To be SOLD, by public Vendue,

On SATURDAY next, the 8th inſtant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Joſeph Ruſh, Eſq; near the Callow-Hill market,

ALL the bricks and other materials, together with the pavement in front of the ſeveral buildings of the barracks, in the Northern Liberties, excepting the large houſe in the middle of the weſt front. To be ſold in parcels of one or more houſes together, as may be moſt ſuitable.

The purchaſers to pull down the buildings reſpectively, and remove the ſeveral materials within the ſpace of three weeks from the day of ſale, to the end that the whole may be ſubdivided into lots and ſold, agreeable to an act of Aſſembly, paſſed the firſt day of April laſt.

One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and ſecurity given for the payment of the remaining two thirds within the ſpace of ſix months after.

MICHAEL HILLEGAS,)
TENCH FRANCIS,) Commiſſioners.

RICHARD FOOTMAN,

Is removed into Third-ſtreet next door but one to the BUNCH OF GRAPES INN, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

Where he has for SALE,

A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the ſeaſon, juſt imported from Europe. †

April 30, 1784.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of Joſeph Auſtin, late of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed, will be expoſed to public ſale (if not before diſpoſed of at private) on the 24th day of May next, at the houſe of Elizabeth Baxter, in ſaid townſhip, either entire or in lots, as may be judged moſt convenient on ſaid day, One Hundred acres of LAND, well ſituated on the old York Road, about twelve miles from Philadelphia, on which is a ſtone dwelling-houſe, one ſtory high, two rooms below, and a cellar under the whole, and a log kitchen adjoining, alſo a log barn and ſtabling; there is about 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a conſiderable number of acres more may be made, and chiefly watered by a never failing ſtream that runs through the land, together with ſundry ſprings riſing thereon, about 60 acres of cleared land, the remaining part woodland, ſome of which has very good timber for immediate uſe, as well as young thriving timber; it is conveniently ſituated to two different places of worſhip, as alſo to ſundry griſt-mills and lime-kilns. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be acquainted with the terms by applying to SUSANNA AUSTIN, executrix, living near the premiſes, or THOMAS AUSTIN, executor, in the Manor of Moreland.

N. B. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion.

Fourth Month 30, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEW three ſtory brick HOUSE, with two rooms on a floor, and a good garret, alſo a two ſtory kitchen, with a handſome chamber and fire place over it, a good cellar under the whole, and cellar windows glazed, all juſt finiſhed; the ſaid houſe and kitchen are ſituate on the main ſtreet in the borough of Wilmington, New-Caſtle county. The premiſes are conveniently calculated, having an alley to the front of the houſe, with the privilege of a fourth part of a new pump of water, nearly before the door. The lot is clear of ground rent, and extends through the ſquare from ſtreet to ſtreet, with a commodious ſtable and garden on the back part thereof. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM ZANE, in Philadelphia, or JOEL ZANE, in Wilmington aforeſaid, who will ſhew the premiſes.

Likewiſe for SALE, A PLANTATION in Cheſter county, containing about 160 acres, exceedingly well timbered, &c. Apply as above.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the 20th of June next, four contiguous Lots of GROUND, in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets in the city of Philadelphia,

No. 1. CONTAINS on Arch-ſtreet, 18 feet and 90 feet on Moravian-alley, on which is erected a three ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, piazza, kitchen and waſh-houſe alſo three ſtories high, adjoining is a one ſtory brick building, with a fire-place, and cellar under it, ſuitable for an office. The parlours are papered and have marble chimney pieces. The buildings enſured for ſeveral years to come, and clear of ground rent, or any incumbrance.

No. 2. Eighteen feet on Arch-ſtreet, bounded by the above deſcribed lot to the eaſtward, 90 feet deep, but after running 55 feet, widens to feet. It has on it a good two ſtory brick houſe with ceiled garrets and fire-places in them, and a loft above, a brick kitchen two ſtories high; inſured and clear, as above.

No. 3. In breadth 17 feet 2 inches on Arch-ſtreet, and continuing that breadth 25 feet, then it widens to the breadth of 18 feet 8 inches, thence 25 feet further back, with the privilege of a three feet alley; bounded to the eaſt, by the eſtate late of Samuel Hall, deceaſed: A ſtable and carriage-houſe very roomy, the former built within a few years. Commodious lofts are erected on this lot, which pays a ſmall ground-rent of 30ſ to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital.

No. 4. Is bounded to the eaſtward by No. 2, and two lots of John Sprogel; to the ſouthward by Meſſrs. Bulley and Hall's lots and houſes on Arch-ſtreet; to the weſtward partly by No. 3, and ground of Jeſſe Jones; and to the northward by Peter Miller's ground, being 29 and an half feet by 55, having no rent-charge or incumbrance, this is a very advantageous lot, and by a proper diviſion capable of conſiderable profit to the purchaſer. For terms apply to PETER MILLER in Third-ſtreet, where a plan may be ſeen. †

THE Subſcribers, priſoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, to have the benefit of the inſolvent law; they are therefore requeſted to appear at the Courthouſe in Bridgetown on Wedneſday, the third of June next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of their eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be diſcharged according to ſaid law.

Cumberland Goal, EDWARD KETCHUM,
April 28, 1784. THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

Reading, April 17, 1784.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, at the houſe of John Hartman, Inn-keeper, in Reading, in the county of Berks, on Tueſday, the 11th day of May next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, about 1500 acres of LAND, ſituate in Hereford townſhip, in the ſaid county, divided into ſeveral tracts to ſuit the purchaſers, according to a plan which may be ſeen at my office, in Reading, on one of which tracts is the ſeat of a furnace, known by the name of Hereford or Mayberry furnace, and on one other is a mine of iron ore, called Rock Mine, and on one other are ſundry ſmall improvements, and abundance of good timber. The whole being the eſtate of Thomas Mayberry, the younger, ſeized and taken in execution, by

¶ PHILIP KREMER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of an act of the General Aſſembly of Pennſylvania, will be ſold, on Tueſday, the 11th day of May next, on the premiſes, the Court-houſe, Goal and Lot of Ground, with the other public buildings thereon, ſituate in the borough of Cheſter, ſold together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit. The ſale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon.

April 17, 1784. JOHN HANNUM,
ISAAC TAYLOR,
§ JOHN JACOBS.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 100 acres of good LAND, ſituate in the townſhip of Williſtown, and county of Cheſter, 20 miles from Philadelphia, and 12 from Cheſter, in a very healthy and pleaſant part of the country, convenient to ſeveral places of worſhip, mills, &c. There are on the premiſes a new ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, a large ſtone kitchen adjoining it, both of which have good cellars under them, a never failing well of excellent water near the door, alſo a good ſpring of water, with a ſtone houſe over it, a good frame barn and ſtables, and apple orchard, conſiſting of various kinds of fruit. There are about 60 acres cleared, 10 of which are meadow, well watered by a conſtant ſtream, and as much more may be made at a ſmall expence; the wood land is extraordinary well timbered; the whole in good repair, and the title indiſputable.

¶ JOSEPH HIBBARD.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Glaſgow, and to be ſold by

WILLIAM & JAMES MILLER,

At their ſtore in Front-ſtreet, the corner of Gray's-alley, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets,

A LARGE aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the approaching ſeaſon, among which are, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, 3-qr. dowlas, brown quadruple, ſileſia, brown and white Ruſſia ſheetings, 9-qr. Flanders bed ticks, 3 qr. and 7-8ths ſtriped ticken, brown and white buckram, calicoes and chintzes, 6-qr. humhums and caſſaes, plain and ſtriped yard wide muſlins, a variety of linen and check handkerchiefs, Barcelona, Bandanoe, Romal and Pullicat ditto, India nankeens, cotton counterpanes, Marſeilles quilting, gauzes of all kinds, plain and flowered kenting lawns, plain catgut, white and coloured Scotch threads, mens, womens and childrens thread and cotton hoſe, mens ſilk ditto, womens ſilk mitts and gloves, durants, callimancoes, ſhalloons, camblettees, mohair buttons and twiſt, ſewing ſilk, cotton ſtripes, a large variety of ribbons, India Perſians, pins and needles of all ſizes, womens and girls ſhoes by the box, ivory and horn combs, glaſs beads, knives and forks, &c. all of which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms.

N. B. They expect a very large aſſortment of other goods by the firſt veſſels from different parts of Europe. 6 w.

THE FULL-BLOODED HORSE

GREY FIGURE,

WILL cover Mares at the ſtable of the Subſcriber, in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county, and ſtate of Pennſylvania, at the low rate of Three Pounds the Seaſon; the money to be paid at the time of covering, or in ſix months; and if not paid then, Nine Dollars.

Figure is a dapple grey, full fifteen hands, one and a half inch high, riſing ten years old this graſs. He was got by the old noted Horſe Figure, and out of a Dove and Othello Mare. He is as high bred a horſe as any on the continent, and inferior to none for elegance. The Subſcriber has lately obtained a certificate from Maryland, in order to give ſatisfaction to any Gentleman who may diſpute his blood

All perſons who chuſe to ſend their Mares may depend on having good paſture provided for, and the beſt care taken of them, by their humble ſervant,

April 15, 1784. ¶ WILLIAM BENNET.

PURSUANT to an order iſſued out of the Orphan's Court, for the county of Cheſter, will be ſold at public vendue, by the adminiſtrators of the eſtate of George Sharp, late of New-Garden, deceaſed, on the 20th day of May next; the ſale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, A valuable Tract of Land, ſituate in the townſhip of New-Garden aforeſaid, bounded by lands of John Scarlett, Thomſon Parker and others, containing 100 acres, whereon is erected a large ſtone dwelling-houſe, log barn, ſtables, and other buildings and outhouſes, about 60 whereof is cleared, the reſt wood land, well timbered, ſome meadow made, and more may be made at a ſmall expence; late the property of the ſaid George Sharp, deceaſed. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by ROBERT COOPER, and SARAH SHARP, } Adminiſtrat.

HOUSE and LOT for Sale,

A Convenient Lot of Ground, with a good frame houſe, two ſtories high, and a kitchen thereon, ſituate on one of the main ſtreets in the improving and healthy village of Mountholly, Burlington county, State of New-Jerſey; it is conveniently ſituated for a ſtore or other buſineſs, as ſhallops of conſiderable burthen can load at the foot of the loft. Apply to NATHANIEL LEWIS, in ſaid town, or the ſubſcriber, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia, who has likewiſe for ſale a good aſſortment of BOULTING CLOTHS.

April 26, 1784. † MARY LEWIS.

April 22, 1784.

WHEREAS ANN LEONARD, the wife of the ſubſcriber, has eloped from his bed and board, theſe are therefore to forewarn all perſons from truſting her on his account, as he is determined to pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof. § MICHAEL LEONARD.

Juſt imported by the laſt Veſſels from London and Briſtol, and now ſelling WHOLESALE, by

William and *John Sitgreaves,*

At their STORE, in Market-ſtreet, a few Doors above the Coffee-Houſe,---A very extenſive Aſſortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the Seaſon,---Among which are,

BEST London and Briſtol Shoes by the Trunk, fine black Sattinets for Shoes, Calimancoes, Shalloons, Durants, Moreens and Joan's Spinning, Caſſimers, Nankeens, muſlins, Humhums, Calicoes, Cottons and Chintz, Huckabacks and Diapers, Clouting Diaper and Diaper Table-cloths, long and clear Lawns, ſtriped Ticking and Flanders Ticks, Oznabrigs, Sacking, Ruſſia Drilling, Ruſſia and Iriſh Sheeting, Marſeilles Quilting, Sattins, Modes, India and Engliſh Silk Handkerchiefs, Linen and Cotton Ditto, Umbrellas, Fans, Gloves, Sewing Silk and Thread, Pins and Needles, Buttons, Lace, Tapes and Bobbin, Neſts of red Leather and Hair Trunks, Pocket and Toilet Looking-gleſſes, &c. &c. &c.

Alſo, a large Aſſortment of 7-8ths and Yard Wide Iriſh Linens by the Piece or Box, a very elegant Variety of Thread and Cotton Hoſiery, a few Boxes of ſmall Hard-ware, Window-glaſs, 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 11, Nails in Caſks, from 4d. to 20d. Tin Plates in Boxes, and Wire for Tinmen, Braſs Kettles in Neſts, Powder Shot, Lead, Seine and Sewing Twine, Writing Paper, Pewter aſſorted in Caſks, Nutmegs and Cinnamon.

Bucks county, April 25, 1784.

THREE POUNDS REWARD,

STOLEN out of the ſtable of John Addes, in Northampton townſhip, Bucks county, near Richard Leedom's Tavern, on the night between the 24th and 25th inſtant, a dark brown MARE, riſing 9 years old, full 14 hands high, with a bald face inclining a little to one ſide, the hoof of one of her hind feet white, freſh galled with the collar on the point of each ſhoulder, the hair wore off each ſide of her neck with the bridle reins, the hair alſo wore off her ſides with the ſaddle, was ſhod all round when ſtolen; trots and canters. Any perſon who ſhall apprehend the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive Four Dollars of the above reward, the other Four Dollars to be paid for the Mare, and reaſonable charges, if delivered to the ſubſcriber. ¶ PHILIP VAN SICKLER.

Now landing at Peters's Wharff,

And to be SOLD by

HAYNES & CRAWFORD,

A Cargo of Muſcovado SUGARS.

WILLIAM SHEAFF,

HAS FOR SALE,

At the South-eaſt Corner of MARKET and FIFTH-STREETS,

OLD Madeira, Sherry, Liſbon, Malaga, Teneriffe, Red and White Port, Claret, by the Box or Dozen, Old Hock, by Ditto, } WINES,

Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India Rum, French Brandy, Beſt Holland Geneva in Caſes, Wine Bitters, by the Bottle, Wine and Cyder Vinegar, Double and ſingle refined Loaf Sugar, &c. &c.

Foreigners and others may be conſtantly ſupplied with the beſt of Liquors, bottled, by the Dozen, or ſmaller Quantity, at the above Store.

Said SHEAFF has a Quantity of freſh CLOVER and BARLEY for SEED.

WILLIAM POYNTELL,

Has imported in the Brig Minerva from Glaſgow, and is opening for Sale at his Book and Stationary Store, in Second-ſtreet, three doors below Market-ſtreet,

A LARGE Quantity of Bibles with Pſalms, Ditto without Ditto, Teſtaments, New-England Primers, Bayley's Dictionaries, Ready Reckoner, Watt's Pſalms, Ditto Hymns, Ditto Pſalms and Hymns together, Horn-Books, Common Prayer Books, Ditto in Morocco, very neat, &c. &c. &c.

And in the Delaware, from London, a large Aſſortment of STATIONARY; among which are---Ledgers neatly bound and marbled, Journals and Waſte Books, Invoice and Letter Books, Caſh and Record Books, Shining Sand, Pewter Ink Cheſts, large round Ink Stands, ſmall Ditto, Slates and Pencils, Sealing Wax, a great Variety of Ladies Etwee Caſes with Inſtruments, Copperplate Copies, Parchment in Rolls, a great Variety of ornamented viſiting Cards, Ditto Meſſage Cards, Ditto Plain, Marble Paper, Ruſſian blue Ditto, &c.

A very large Aſſortment PAPER HANGINGS.

A large Aſſortment of Claſſics, Magazines, &c. are daily expected.

To be SOLD at public Sale,

On the premiſes, on Wedneſday, the 26th day of May,

THAT large and convenient FARM, commonly known by the name of THE GREAT HOUSE PLANTATION, ſituate on Bohemia river, Cæcil county, Maryland, containing between 4 and 500 acres of land, about 150 of which is wood land. There is on the premiſes a large two ſtory brick houſe, four rooms on a floor, well finiſhed, with a brick kitchen and waſh-houſe adjoining, a new frame barn, ſtables, a ſtore-houſe and granary, with a wharff. About 12 acres of drained ſwamp meadow, and a large quantity of marſh that may be drained, a well of good water before the kitchen, with a pump, an orchard of young trees of the beſt grafted fruit. The ſituation is exceedingly pleaſant, commanding an agreeable proſpect of the river, which abounds with fiſh and wild fowl in their ſeaſon. It has been formerly a place where an extenſive trade has been carried on, which may again be revived, as the land carriage between it and Appoquinomy creek that empties into the Delaware is but about ten miles. The wharff and ſtores are conveniently ſituated for the landing and ſtoring grain, tobacco, &c. Further particulars, and the terms of payment will be made known on the day of ſale, where attendance will be given, by

JOHN HODGE BAYARD, and)
JOHN BAYARD, ſenior.)

WANTED, a Houſe-keeper, who will be allowed Forty Pounds a Year. None need apply but a perſon who can be exceedingly well recommended. Enquire of the Printers. 4 w.

For the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

MODERN LEARNING exemplified by a Specimen of a Collegiate Examination.

Prof. Profeſſor; Stu. Student; Gov. Governor of the Inſtitution.

[*The Order of the Sciences are not obſerved in this Examination.*]

ETHICS.

Prof. WHAT is a SALT-BOX?

Stu. It is a box made to contain ſalt.

Prof. How is it divided?

Stu. Into a ſalt box and a box of ſalt.

Prof. Very well----ſhew the diſtinction.

Stu. A ſalt box may be where there is no ſalt; but ſalt is abſolutely neceſſary to the exiſtence of a box of ſalt.

Prof. Are not ſalt boxes otherwiſe divided?

Stu. Yes---by a partition.

Prof. What is the uſe of this diviſion?

Stu. To ſeparate the coarſe ſalt from the fine.

Prof. How!-----think a little----

Stu. To ſeparate the fine ſalt from the coarſe.

Prof. Very right---it is to ſeparate the fine from the coarſe---but are not ſalt boxes otherwiſe diſtinguiſhed?

Stu. Yes---into *poſſible*, *probable* and *poſitive*.

Prof. Define theſe ſeveral kinds of ſalt boxes.

Stu. A poſſible ſalt box is a ſalt box yet unſold in the joiner's hands.

Prof. Why ſo?

Stu. Becauſe it hath not yet become a ſalt box, having never had any ſalt in it, and it may poſſibly be applied to ſome other uſe.

Prof. True---for a ſalt box which never had, hath not now, and perhaps never may have any ſalt in it, can only be termed a *poſſible* ſalt box---What is a *probable* ſalt box?

Stu. It is a ſalt box in the hand of one going to a ſhop to buy ſalt, and who hath ſix-pence in his pocket to pay the ſhop-keeper: And a *poſitive* ſalt box is one which hath actually and *bona fide* got ſalt in it.

Prof. What other diviſion of ſalt boxes do you recollect?

Stu. They are divided into *ſubſtantive* and *pendent*. A ſubſtantive ſalt box is that which ſtands by itſelf on the table or dreſſer; and the pendent is that which hangs by a nail againſt the wall.

Prof. What is the idea of a ſalt box?

Stu. It is that image which the mind conceives of a ſalt box, when no ſalt box is at hand.

Prof. What is the abſtract idea of a ſalt box?

Stu. It is the idea of a ſalt box, abſtracted from the ideas of a box, or of ſalt, or of a ſalt box, or of a box of ſalt.

Prof. Very well---by this means you acquire a moſt perfect knowledge of a ſalt box---But tell me, is the idea of a ſalt box a ſalt idea?

Stu. Not unleſs the ideal box hath actual ſalt contained in it.

Prof. True---and therefore an abſtract idea cannot be either ſalt or freſh, round or ſquare, long or ſhort--- and this ſhews the diſtinction between a ſalt idea and an idea of ſalt---Is an aptitude to hold ſalt an eſſential or an accidental property of a ſalt box?

Stu. It is eſſential; but if there ſhould be a crack in the bottom, the aptitude to ſpill ſalt would be termed an accidental property of the ſalt box.

Prof. Very well---very well indeed----what is the ſalt termed with reſpect to the box?

Stu. It is called its contents.

Prof. And why ſo?

Stu. Becauſe the cook is content, *quoad hoc*, to find plenty of ſalt in the box.

Prof. Very right---let us now proceed to

LOGIC.

Prof. How many parts are there in a ſalt box?

Stu. Three---bottom, top and ſides.

Prof. How many modes are there in ſalt boxes?

Stu. Four---the *formal*, the *ſubſtantial*, the *accidental*, and the *topſey-turvey*.

Prof. Explain theſe modes.

Stu. The formal reſpects the figure or ſhape of the box, ſuch as round, ſquare, oblong, &c. the ſubſtantial reſpects the work of the joiner, and the accidental depends on the ſtring by which the box is hung on a nail.

Prof. Very well---What are the conſequences of the accidental mode?

Stu. If the ſtring breaks the box will fall, the ſalt be ſpilt, the ſalt box broken, and the cook in a paſſion; and this is the accidental mode with its conſequences.

Prof. How do you diſtinguiſh between the top and bottom of a ſalt box?

Stu. The top of a box is that part which is uppermoſt, and the bottom that which is loweſt in all poſitions.

Prof. You ſhould rather ſay, the uppermoſt part is the top and the loweſt the bottom---How is it then, if the bottom ſhould be uppermoſt?

Stu. The top will then be the lowermoſt, ſo that the bottom would become the top, and the top would become the bottom; and this is called the *topſey-turvey* mode, which is nearly allied to the *accidental*, and frequently ariſes from it.

Prof. Very good---but are not ſalt boxes ſometimes ſingle and ſometimes double?

Stu. Yes.

Prof. Well then,---mention the ſeveral combinations of ſalt boxes, with reſpect to their having ſalt or not.

Stu. They are divided into ſingle ſalt boxes having ſalt, ſingle ſalt boxes having no ſalt, double ſalt boxes having no ſalt, double ſalt boxes having ſalt, and ſingle double ſalt boxes having ſalt and no ſalt.

Prof. Hold---hold---you are going too far.

Gov. We cannot allow further time for Logic; proceed, if you pleaſe, to

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

Prof. Pray ſir, what is a ſalt box?

Stu. It is a combination of matter, fitted, framed and joined by the hand of a workman in the form of a box, and adapted to the purpoſe of receiving, containing and retaining ſalt.

Prof. Very good!---What are the mechanical powers concerned in the conſtruction of a ſalt box?

Stu. The axe, the ſaw, the plane and the hammer.

Prof. How are theſe powers applied to the purpoſe intended?

Stu. The axe to fall the tree; the ſaw to ſplit the timber---

Prof. Conſider---It is the property of the mawl and wedge to *ſplit*.

Stu. The ſaw to *ſlit* the timber, the plane to ſmooth and thin the boards.

Prof. How!---Take time---take time---

Stu. To thin and ſmooth.

Prof. To be ſure---the boards are firſt thinned and afterwards ſmoothed---go on---

Stu. The plane to thin and ſmooth, and the hammer to drive the nails.

Prof. Or rather tacks---Have not ſome philoſophers conſidered glue as one of the mechanical powers?

Stu. Yes---and it is ſtill ſo conſidered; but it is called an *inverſe* mechanical power; becauſe it is the property of all the *direct* mechanical powers to generate motion; but glue on the contrary prevents motion, by keeping the parts to which it is applied fixed to each other.

Prof. Very true---What is the mechanical law of the *ſaw*?

Stu. The power is to the reſiſtance as the number of teeth and force impreſſed, multiplied by the number of ſtrokes in a given time.

Prof. Is the ſaw only uſed in ſlitting timber into boards?

Stu. Yes---It is alſo employed in cutting the boards into lengths.

Prof. Not lengths----A thing cannot properly be ſaid to have been cut into lengths.

Stu. Into ſhortneſſes.

Prof. Very right---What are the mechanical laws of the hammer?

Gov. The time ſpends faſt---paſs on to another ſcience.

MATHEMATICS.

Prof. What is a ſalt box?

Stu. It is a figure compoſed of lines and ſurfaces.

Prof. What are the external figures of the ſalt box?

Stu. Four parallelograms and two ſquares.

Prof. How are theſe diſpoſed?

Stu. The four parallelograms are thus diſpoſed---the inferior or bottom, the ſuperior or top, the anterior or front, and the poſterior or back, and the two ſquares form the two ends.

Prof. Very good---Let us now conſider the ſquare at the end of the ſalt box---Suppoſe, then, a diagonal line to be drawn from one of the angles of this ſquare to the oppoſite angle of the ſame, what will be the conſequence.

Stu. It will divide the ſquare into two equal and ſimilar triangles.

Prof. Very true---But can you demonſtrate that theſe two equal and ſimilar triangles are equal to each other?

Stu. I draw the ſquare A B C D, whoſe ſides are all equal, and the contained angles all right angles. I then draw the diagonal B C, dividing the ſquare into two equal parts; then I ſay that one of thoſe equal parts, viz. the triangle ABC, is equal to the other equal part or triangle BDC. For by the 105th propoſition of the 49th book of Euclid, if, in two triangles all the lines and angles of the one be equal to all the lines and angles of the other, thoſe two triangles will be equal and ſimilar. But the leg AB, of the triangle ABC, is equal to the leg CD, of the triangle BCD, becauſe they are two ſides of the ſquare ABCD, equal by conſtruction; and the leg AC is equal to the leg BD for the ſame reaſon; and becauſe the hypothenuſe BC is common to both triangles, therefore the hypothenuſe of the triangle ABC is equal to the hypothenuſe of the triangle BDC. Now, becauſe, by the 105th propoſition, equal legs ſubtend equal angles, it follows that all the angles of the triangle ABC are equal to the correſponding angles of the triangle DBC; *ergo*, thoſe two triangles are equal and ſimilar, and *ergo*, if a ſquare be cut by a diagonal into two equal parts, thoſe parts will be equal. *Q. E. D.*

Prof. Very well---very well indeed---Suppoſe now a right line to be let fall from a given point above a ſalt box, till it ſhall touch the ſuperior parallelogram, and another right line be let fall from the ſame point till it ſhall touch the inferior parallelogram of the ſame ſalt box, can you demonſtrate that theſe two lines muſt be *unequal*---or, in other words, can you prove that a line of 12 inches is ſhorter than a line of 18 inches in length?

Stu. If two lines--------

Gov. We have juſt received intelligence that dinner is nearly ready, and as the medical claſs are yet to be examined, we cannot afford time for this demonſtration. Let the medical gentlemen come forward.

ANATOMY.

Prof. What is a ſalt box?

Stu. It is a body compoſed of wood, glue, nails and hinges.

Prof. How is this body divided?

Stu. Into *external* and *internal*.

Prof. Very good----external and internal----very proper---and what are the external parts of a ſalt box?

Stu. One fundamental, four laterals, and one ſuper-lateral.

Prof. And how do you find the internal parts of a ſalt box?

Stu. Divided by a vertical membrane or partition into two large cavities or ſinuſſes.

Prof. Are theſe cavities always equal?

Stu. They uſed to be ſo formerly; but modern joiners have found it beſt to have them unequal, for the better accommodation of the viſcera or contents, the larger cavity for the reception of the coarſer viſcera, and the ſmaller for the finer.

Prof. Very true, Sir---thus have modern joiners, by their improvements, excelled the firſt maker of ſalt boxes. Tell me now, what peculiarity do you obſerve in the ſuper-lateral member of a ſalt box?

Stu. Whereas all the other members are fixed and ſtationary with reſpect to each other, the ſuper-lateral is moveable on a pair of hinges.

Prof. To what purpoſe is it ſo conſtructed?

Stu. For the admiſſion and retention of the ſaline particles.

Gov. This is ſufficient, let us proceed to

SURGERY AND THE PRACTICE OF PHYSIC.

Prof. Mention a few of the principal diſorders to which a ſalt box is liable.

Stu. A crack'd and leaky fundamental, a gaping of the joints in the laterals, luxation of the hinges, and an acceſſion and concretion of filth and foulneſs external and internal.

Prof. Very well---How would you treat theſe diſorders---begin with the firſt.

Stu. I would caulk the leaky fundamental with pledgets of tow, which I would ſecure in the fiſſure, by a ſtrip of linen or paper paſted over. For the ſtarting of the lateral joints I would adminiſter powerful aſtringents, ſuch as the *gluten cornuoſa*, and bind the parts together by triple bandages, until the joint ſhould knit.

Prof. Would you not aſſiſt with chalybeates?

Stu. Yes---I would at-*tack* the diſeaſe with prepared iron, in doſes proportioned to *the ſtrength* of the parts.

Prof. How would you manage the luxation of the hinge?

Stu. I would firſt examine whether it was occaſioned by the ſtarting of the points which annex the proceſſes to the ſuper-lateral, or its antagoniſt, or to a loſs of the fulcrum, or to an abſolute fracture of the ſutures. In the firſt caſe, I would ſecure the proceſs by a ſcrew; in the ſecond, I would bring the ſutures together and introduce the fulcrum; and in the laſt, I would entirely remove the fractured hinge, and ſupply its place, *pro tem.* with one of leather.

Prof. Very well, Sir. Now for your treatment in caſe of accumulated foulneſs external and internal---but firſt tell me how this foulneſs is contracted.

Stu. Externally, by the greaſy hands of the cook; and internally, by the ſolution and adheſion of the ſaline particles.

Prof. Very true---and now for the cure.

Stu. I would firſt evacuate the *abominable veſſel* thro' the *prima via*. I would then exhibit detergents and dilutents, ſuch as the ſaponacious preparation, with plenty of *aqua fontana*.

Prof. Would not *aqua cæleſtis* anſwer better?

Stu. Yes---plenty of *aqua cæleſtis*, with the marine ſand. I would alſo apply the friction bruſh with a briſk and ſtrong hand, until the excrementitious concrete ſhould be totally diſſolved and removed.

Prof. Very proper---what next?

Stu. I would uſe the cold bath by means of a common pump. I would then apply *lintal* abſorbents, and finally exſiccate the body by expoſition, either in the ſun, or before the fire.

Prof. In what ſituation would you leave the ſuper-lateral valve during the exſiccating operation?

Stu. I would leave it open to the extent, in order that the rarified humidities may eſcape from the *abominable* cavities or ſinuſſes.

CHYMISTRY.

Prof. You have mentioned the ſaponacious preparation; how is that procured?

Stu. By the action of a vegetable alcaline ſalt upon pinquidinous or unctuous ſubſtances.

Prof. What is ſalt?

Stu. It is a ſubſtance *ſui generis*, pungent to the taſte, of an antiſeptic quality, and is produced by chryſtalization; or the evaporation of the fluid in which it is ſuſpended.

Prof. How many kinds of ſalt occur in a ſalt box?

Stu. Two, coarſe and fine.

Prof. Are they not otherwiſe diſtinguiſhable?

Stu. Yes---when the ſalt is in a diſh or other veſſel it is called marine, culinary or common ſalt; but when it is in the ſalt box, hanging up againſt the wall, it is called *mural* ſalt.

Prof. You have ſaid that the ſaponacious preparation is procured by the action of an alcaline vegetable ſalt upon pinquidinous and unctuous ſubſtances---deſcribe the proceſs.

Stu. If a great quantity of ſtrong *lie* was procured, by paſſing water through wood aſhes; and if a very large body, of a pinquidinous habit, ſhould be immerſed in this *lie*, and expoſed to a conſiderable heat, the action of the *lie*, or rather of the ſalts with which it abounds, upon the pinquidinous body, would cauſe the mixture to coagulate into ſoap.-----

----The examiner looked very ſour, for he was very fat. But at this inſtant information was given that dinner was on the table, whereupon the examination was immediately concluded, and the parties ſeparated---The examiners rejoicing in the anticipation of a feaſt, and the examined happy to find the fiery trial over.

A. B.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,
At TEN o'CLOCK,
On FRIDAY next,
Will begin the SALE of
A VERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE,
ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.
ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

LATELY PUBLISHED,
A DISCOURSE on the COVENANTS;
IN which is ſhewn; that there never was a Covenant of Works made with Adam; nor any Covenant ever made with man reſpecting things purely of a ſpiritual nature. There are a few copies of this Diſcourſe yet on hand, and may be had of the PRINTERS hereof. *Philad. April* 26, 1784.

Philadelphia, May 1, 1784.
To the CONTRIBUTORS *for the Relief and Employment of the* POOR, *in the City of Philadelphia, the Diſtrict of Southwark, the Townſhips of Moyamenſing and the Northern Liberties.*
GENTLEMEN,
PLEASE to take NOTICE, That by the Law which incorporates the ſaid Inſtitution, you are enjoined and required to meet at the COURT-HOUSE, in this City, on the Second MONDAY in MAY annually, then and there to examine the Accounts and Tranſactions of the Managers of the Houſe of Employment for the Year paſt, and to chooſe Managers and a Treaſurer for the enſuing. Wherefore, pleaſe attend in the Afternoon of MONDAY, the Tenth Inſtant.
By Order of a Board of Managers of the Houſe of Employment,
JOHN CUMMINGS, Steward.

To be SOLD by public Auction,
At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 20th inſt. at ſix o'clock in the evening (if not diſpoſed of before at private ſale)
AN elegant three ſtory brick HOUSE and LOT, ſituate the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſnut-ſtreet, late the eſtate of Magdalen Devine, deceaſed, and ſold in purſuance of her will; containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet, 20 feet, and in depth 160 feet; this houſe and lot is clear of ground rent, and one of the beſt ſtands for buſineſs in the city. The terms of payment to be made known at the time and place of ſale. § SAMUEL MORRIS, RICHARD FOOTMAN, } Executors.
May 5, 1784.

Wants Employment,
A PERSON bred in the MERCHANDIZE WAY, who can tranſact buſineſs for a Merchant or Store-keeper, to write, keep accounts, take care of ſtores, receive in and deliver out goods, underſtands the management of wine cellars, wines, ſpirits, &c. &c.
N. B. Said perſon may be ſeen at Mr. JOHN CLIFFORD's new building, in Front-ſtreet, where he is now at preſent employed. † *Philad. May* 4, 1784.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of CHRISTIAN SCHNEIDER, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make Payment within three Months from the Date hereof; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe requeſted to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, and receive Payment.
Philadelphia, May 3, 1784. FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, & HENRY FAHNS. § } Execut.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber received of Edward Young, of the city of Philadelphia, in December laſt, Six Horſes to be foddered until the firſt of April following, at which time the ſaid Young agreed to pay for the keeping of the ſaid horſes, and take them away; and foraſmuch as he hath neglected to fulfil the ſaid agreement, theſe are to notify the ſaid Young and all whom it may concern, that unleſs he, or ſome other perſon for him, ſhall pay the charges for keeping the ſaid horſes unto me, on or before the 12th day of May inſtant, they will be ſold for the ſame, at the ſubſcriber's houſe in Buckingham.
May 3, 1784. ¶ ISAAC BUCHMAN.

Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, April 29, 1784.
TEN DOLLARS Reward.
STOLEN out of the ſheds at the Buck tavern, on Lancaſter road, on the night of the 28th inſtant, a roan HORSE, between 10 and 11 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, paces, trots and canters, dark mane and tail, thin in fleſh. Alſo was ſtolen, a dark lead coloured great coat, with large metal buttons, only one button on each ſide, a blind halter, black grained, one ſide of the reins broke and tied, a twilled bag, marked J. F. with red chalk, pillow caſe and a tow towel. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and goods, and apprehends the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Five Dollars for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by
Conyngham, Neſbitt & Co.
At their STORE, in Front-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet,
AN aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, 3-4ths brown Iriſh linens, Flanders linens and ſheetings, table linen and napkins of all kinds, a compleat aſſortment of Mancheſter goods, among which are, Cotton and linen checks of all widths, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, bed bunts, Dutch and Queen cords, pillow ſuſtians, jeans, jeanets plain and printed, velvet and velveretts plain and printed, thickſetts, corderoys, ſatinetts and royal ribs, black pepper, beſt French brandy, and ſundry other articles, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms. Philad. May 4. §

LONDON.

March 4. The facts relative to the outrages committed in St. James's-ſtreet, on the return of Mr. Pitt from the city, have been miſrepreſented in ſome of the papers, gloſſed over by moſt of them, and not truly ſtated in any. The behaviour of thoſe who accompanied Mr. Pitt from Grocer's-hall, was peaceable in the extreme, not an unprovoked outrage being offered to the houſe or perſon of any individual. When the proceſſion reached St. James's-ſtreet, from the balcony of Brookes's, the cry of "Fox for ever! No Pitt!" was vociferated by ſeveral perſons above the vulgar rank. This caught the attention of the multitude, who retorted the inſult by beſtowing the loudeſt cenſures on thoſe from whom the cry originated. A party of chairmen, who, to all appearance, were ready prepared for the purpoſe, having the poles of their ſedans broken, and converted into bludgeons, iſſued forth with all the ſavage fierceneſs which a deſire of blood inſpires. The multitudes who accompanied Mr. Pitt, neither deſigning nor apprehending any attack, were entirely defenceleſs, and, of courſe, many of them were moſt inhumanly treated. One man, in particular, whoſe name is Barrow, had his ſkull fractured, and the arms of ſeveral were broken. The carriage of Lord Mahon was ſoon demoliſhed, and it was with ſome difficulty that Mr. Pitt eſcaped with his perſon unhurt. Theſe are facts which are atteſted by the moſt credible teſtimonies of gentlemen who were ſpectators of the ſcene; and, when it is recollected that the buſineſs originated from Brookes's, that the outrage was provoked by a party of Mr. Fox's friends, and that the chairmen were previouſly armed with bludgeons, the public will determine how far the affair carries the appearance of preconcerted deſign.

March 6. Among the infamous outrages committed by Mr. Pitt's city mob of ſeapoys, on Saturday night, the demoliſhing all Mrs. Keppel's windows was not the leaſt. Miſs Keppel, we hear, narrowly eſcaped a brick-bat, which was thrown into her room.

The prince of Wales has certainly complained to his majeſty of the inſult offered to him on Saturday, and inſiſts that L--d S-d--y and Mr. Pitt ſhall aſk his pardon.

We hear there are three actions already commenced againſt the miniſterial leaders of the riot of Saturday night laſt.

Nothing can be more miſerable than the attempts made by the preſent unconſtitutional miniſters to obtain popularity in Weſtminſter; a ſtrong proof of this appeared on Thurſday, when Mr. Fox was received with the moſt triumphant acclamations at St. James's gate, and the miniſter of the crown with a general hiſs.

March 11. An armament has certainly gone from France for the Eaſt-Indies.

A letter from Toulon, received on Monday, ſays, that all hands are employed there and at Marſeilles to get a fleet of men of war ready to go againſt the Moors, and that a vigorous war is expected, as the Moors have now as good ſhips as moſt of the European powers.

Extract of a letter from Venice, dated Feb. 18.

"Every thing for ſome time paſt in this city bears the appearance of hoſtile preparation. Upwards of three thouſand artificers are employed in building ſhips and galleys. The arms in the arſenal are directed to be put in compleat repair, and great numbers of new ones are ordered. The Dutch, unleſs matters are ſettled by the mediation of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, will certainly repent giving offence to this diſtinguiſhed republic. Great ſums are conſtantly drawing out of the bank here by the Agents of the States General."

March 12. The Liberty, Bartley, from Philadelphia for Londonderry and Liverpool, is loſt off Wicklow banks.

March 13. Mr. Reed, the American general, is now in London on buſineſs.

March 16. The miniſtry will be conſiderably ſtrengthened and enlarged in a few days, when the following additions and alterations, we are aſſured, will take place, viz. Earl Gower will be appointed Privy Seal; Lord Camden Preſident of the Council; Earl Temple firſt Lord of the Treaſury; and the Earl of Shelburne one of the Secretaries of State. Further ſtrong connections will be formed.

March 17. We are credibly informed, that 18 Commiſſioners are to be appointed under the great ſeal, to conſider the propriety of concluding a commercial treaty with the United States of America, who are to report their opinion, which is to be laid before parliament. The remaining poſſeſſions belonging to Great-Britain in North-America, are to be erected into one grand government, with a Governor General, and ſeveral ſubordinate Governors, ſubject to the controul of the Governor General, ſimilar to the Preſidencies in India under the controul of the Governor General of Bengal.

It is ridiculous to ſuppoſe a diſſolution of Parliament, till the new budget is opened; and this we underſtand will be in a day or two.

March 20. The diſſolution of Parliament was yeſterday confidently aſſerted by many to be near at hand; it was however as confidently denied by many, who laughed at the idea as too ridiculous to be entertained. Theſe latter ſtill think it is the intention of Miniſtry to tide it over the preſent ſeſſions

Letters from Dublin mention, that at a meeting of the Volunteer Delegates of the province of Connaught, the Earl of Clanrickard was appointed Generaliſſimo of the province, and that Brigadier-Generals were appointed to every county, and the ſeveral counties of the cities. At the ſame meeting it was abſolutely reſolved, that the reform of Parliament, being eſſential, muſt be obtained, and every means uſed for that purpoſe.

March 23. We are warranted to aſſert as a fact, upon the moſt indiſputable authority, that the French have at this time a fleet conſiſting of twelve ſhips of the line, and four frigates of 36 guns, equipped moſt compleatly in every reſpect, ready to ſail for Trincomale. This intelligence is alarming indeed, and muſt impreſs every citizen of England with regret for the loſs of the harbour and fortreſs above named, as the enemy is thereby furniſhed with the firſt anchorage in India.

NEWPORT, *April* 17.

The Governor of Maſſachuſetts has iſſued a proclamation, forbidding the inhabitants of that ſtate meddling in any reſpect, with the diſpute ſubſiſting between the inhabitants of New-York and thoſe of Vermont, as they will anſwer it at their peril.

WINDSOR (Vermont) March 17.

The General Aſſembly of this ſtate, which began their ſeſſions at Bennington the third Thurſday of February, roſe on Tueſday the 9th inſtant; during which they reſolved, that the 200 men, voted to be raiſed laſt October to defend the lower part of Windham county againſt the invaſion of the Yorkers, ſhould be reduced to the number of 20 only.

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 5.

On Saturday laſt his Excellency General WASHINGTON, our late worthy and much reſpected Commander in Chief, arrived in this city, from his ſeat in Virginia.

Extract of a letter from London, March 18.

"This afternoon a diſſolution of parliament is ſaid to be determined on, and to take place on Tueſday next, if not earlier.

"It is now rumoured that the French and Dutch, in conjunction, are meditating to ſtrike a moſt fatal blow againſt all our eaſtern territories, while we are ſquabbling at home about the mode of a reform there. A large force is gone out to that quarter. What makes ſuch a conjecture more probable is, Mr. Haſtings has wrote word, that if government does not allow him to reſign and give him time to adjuſt his affairs, he will not be *forced* out. This gives riſe to various conjectures;—certain it is, that the French are a reſtleſs people, and it is no unlikely thing to ſuppoſe, that after they have ſtript us of our poſſeſſions in the *weſt*, they will be glad alſo to ſnatch every opportunity to overthrow our territories in the *eaſt*."

A correſpondent informs us, that on the 26th ult. Congreſs determined to adjourn, on the 3d of June next, to meet at Trenton on the 30th of October. A Committee of the States are to be appointed, to ſit during the receſs of Congreſs. It is not determined where the Committee of the States ſhall meet.

Monday laſt an election was held at the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, when the following gentlemen were choſen Managers and Treaſurer for the enſuing year, viz. Peter Reeve, Joſeph Swift, Reynold Keen, Jonathan Shoemaker, Joſiah Hewes, Owen Jones, jun. Andrew Doz, John Morton, Thomas Moore, Iſaac Wharton, George Mifflin, Adam Hubley, *Managers*---and Mordecai Lewis, *Treaſurer*.

A correſpondent obſerves, that the conſtitutional method of chuſing Juſtices of the Peace elect, very ſimilar to the old common-law mode of electing (by the freeholders of the county) Conſervators of the Peace, Sheriffs and Coroners in England, will probably be more attended to at this time, when the commiſſions of a great part of the Juſtices, who were early appointed after the late revolution, are expired, or ready to expire, than it was during the late war, and that more candidates for this important truſt will now appear, than heretofore; he therefore wiſhes to convey ſome information by the medium of our paper to the Judges of theſe elections: And the rather, as the nature of this buſineſs is novel to moſt perſons among us.

He ſuggeſts that it is proper, firſt to deſcribe the electors; that it to ſay, the freeholders, for no other can give his ſuffrage therein. A freeholder is one ſeized of landed eſtate, for ever, or for his life, either his own or the life of another perſon. Thus if a man marry a freeholder, he becomes therefore a freeholder for her life, and if he has a child live-born by her, for his own life: But no term of years, however lengthy, conſtitutes a freehold.

He ſuppoſes it will be aſked, in the next place, whether all freeholders be entitled to give their ſuffrages? Anſwer no! The elector muſt be a freeman, of the age of twenty-one years at the leaſt. He muſt have paid one years taxes or more, unleſs he be a freeholder's ſon; but then he muſt have a freehold of his own, and be reſident at leaſt one whole year within this ſtate. His freehold muſt be within the diſtrict where he propoſes to vote, yet there is no reſtraint upon his electing wherever he has landed eſtate to entitle him. It is plain, that this election depends upon the ſame principles, as that of the Coroner in England; or of Repreſentatives of counties in the Houſe of Commons, at common law; for it was, by ſtatute, that freeholders, whoſe clear income is not 40*ſ per annum*, were debarred. Laſtly, he muſt have given the ſtate that reaſonable evidence of his attachment, which the laws require; viz. he muſt have taken the oath or affirmation of allegiance and abjuration, in due time.

Theſe qualifications, our correſpondent remarks, ſhould be carefully regarded; for if unqualified votes be received, or qualified ſuffrages rejected, or other irregularities happen, ſufficient to derange the poll, or bring into queſtion the majority of the perſons returned, the Preſident in Council, upon complaint within two months, will ſet aſide the return, and direct a new choice.

The qualifications of the elected may be given in a few words. They are the ſame as will admit to an office, or to a ſeat in the General Aſſembly.

A correſpondent obſerves, nothing can be more impudent and groundleſs than the pretenſions of Mr. Juſtice Bryan to be *third* Judge of the Supreme Court. It is notorious, the commiſſion of that gentleman expreſly conſtitutes him *fourth* Judge; and however diſagreeable to him, yet he cannot ceaſe to be *fourth* Judge, without a previous reſignation of that commiſſion, and receiving a new one, appointing him *third* Judge. If he can, the conſequence is obvious, that Mr. Juſtice Bryan is, at the ſame time, both *third* and *fourth* Judge. Beſides, if the principle, that rank depends on the dates of the commiſſions, be genuine, it will certainly make the ingenious *inventor ſecond* Judge of the Court, on the expiration of Mr. Juſtice Atlee's commiſſion, which, it is ſaid, will ſoon take place. For, if the dates of the commiſſions muſt aſcertain the rank or precedency of the Judges, it follows moſt clearly, that ſhould Mr. Atlee be re-appointed (which every good man wiſhes) *he* muſt be *fourth* Judge, and Mr. Juſtice Bryan mount up into his place as *ſecond* Judge.

Nay, if the claim of Mr. Juſtice Bryan be well founded, even the abilities and integrity of the Chief Juſtice muſt be ſacrificed to it. His commiſſion too will ere long expire; and, however he may have merited from the public a re-appointment, yet, if dates are deciſive, Mr. Bryan will infallibly be Chief Juſtice of Pennſylvania.

The fact our correſpondent obſerves is, that the practice of deſcribing the Judges by the epithets of *ſecond*, *third* and *fourth*, in their commiſſions, has been long in uſe before the revolution. When Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Willing were raiſed to the Bench of the Supreme Court, ſome little difficulty occurred which of them ſhould have precedency; and the matter being amicably adjuſted, Mr. Lawrence was *expreſly* conſtituted *third* Judge, and Mr. Willing expreſly *fourth* Judge. Mr. Allen was at that time Chief Juſtice, and Mr. Coleman ſecond Judge. On the death of this laſt gentleman, Mr. Lawrence received a new commiſſion as *ſecond* Judge, Mr. Willing as *third* Judge, and Mr. Morton received a commiſſion as *fourth* Judge. It ſhould be remarked, that when Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Willing were appointed, their commiſſions were dated on the ſame day. On which our correſpondent would further obſerve, that although the dates are very properly reſorted to, in order to ſettle the rank of the Judges in the firſt inſtance, yet the executive power may, and frequently muſt, make uſe of more explicit language to determine it, as they did in the caſe of Mr. Lawrence and Mr. Willing. The crown in England, in whom is veſted the execution of the laws, hath the undiſputed right of granting rank and precedency whenever it ſhall judge proper: And it is equally neceſſary to the preſervation of order and government among us, that the Preſident and Council ſhould poſſeſs the ſame power in Pennſylvania. For, let it be ſuppoſed (no matter how improbable *at preſent*) that *all* the Judges of the Supreme Court ſhould be involved in a conteſt of precedency. In that caſe, ſays our correſpondent, who ſhall decide the queſtion? There reſults therefore from neceſſity and the nature of the thing, a power ſomewhere to give rank or precedency; and this right is certainly veſted in the Executive Council, and not in the Judges, who may all be involved in the ſame conteſt for precedency.

Our correſpondent concludes with remarking, that nothing can ſo effectually demonſtrate the wiſdom with which the Council have acted in leaving Mr. Juſtice Bryan to continue *fourth* Judge, as the great want of judgment he hath ſhewn in advancing the ridiculous and contemptible idea of ſuperceding Mr. Juſtice Ruſh, who hath been expreſly nominated and appointed *third* Judge of the Supreme Court, agreeable to the eſtabliſhed laws of the land, and the voice of his country.

*** Agreeable to an Order from his Excellency the Preſident and Supreme Executive Council of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, I Thomas Procter, High Sheriff of the city and county of Philadelphia, Do hereby notify the good inhabitants of the city and county aforeſaid, That on the tenth day of May inſtant, at twelve o'clock, at the Court-Houſe in this city, I ſhall publiſh and proclaim the articles of PEACE and AMITY between the United States of America and Great-Britain.

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 6th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

Amomg which are,------A collection of French Calicoes, coarſe and fine yard wide Iriſh Linens, and 200 pieces Britannias.

Alſo, on SATURDAY Morning,

The 8th of May, at 10 o'clock, will be ſold, Houſhold Furniture and Groceries, as uſual.

And in the AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, will be continued the ſale of Dry Goods, as on Thurſday. May 5. 1784.

Peremptorily will be SOLD,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE,

On *THURSDAY*,

The 6th inſtant, at TWELVE o'CLOCK at noon,

THAT pleaſant SEAT, formerly the Eſtate of ROBERT HOPKINS, deceaſed, ſituate in the precinct of Richmond, commonly called POINT-NO-POINT, five miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing one hundred acres and an half, or thereabouts, of which nearly one half is banked meadow of the beſt kind, in good order, the remainder excellent arable land, eaſily tilled; the fences are white cedar rails and red cedar poſts.

Philadelphia, May 4. 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 229 acres of Land, ſituate in the borough of Cheſter, at or near the head of the tide on Cheſter creek; there is a brick dwelling-houſe thereon, frame barn, a ſtone milk-houſe, a good ſpring, a good bearing orchard, about 100 acres of thriving timber land, ſet with oak, aſh, hickory, walnut, mulberry, &c. about 8 acres of watered meadow made, and more may be made. For the title and terms of ſale, enquire of WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT, at Pikeland, or the tenant on ſaid premiſes. tbctf.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

For a few years, on an improving leaſe,

THE elegant SEAT of the late WILLIAM MOORE, Eſq; known by the name of Moore-Hall, ſituate in the county of Cheſter, about 23 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing near 600 acres of valuable land.

The manſion-houſe is of ſtone, well built, large, and in a very fine ſituation, ſurrounded with very convenient out-houſes; a large garden in good order, ſtocked with a variety of the beſt fruit trees, and the moſt uſeful and agreeable herbs and flowers.

About 300 acres of the land are fit for the plough, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow is well improved, and more may be made. A very valuable griſt-mill built on Pickering-creek, near the manſion-houſe, ſupplied by a never failing ſtream of water, is among the improvements of this place. The river Schuylkill, which bounds the lands for a conſiderable diſtance, affords a great ſhad fiſhery during the ſeaſon; and a variety of other advantages, too tedious for an advertiſement, will be perceived by any perſon who may incline to view the premiſes.

A purchaſer or tenant may be ſupplied with 20 tons of the beſt firſt crop hay, and ſome remains of the late ſtock.

For terms apply to CHARLES JERVIS, or to the ſubſcriber, at Mrs. Bond's, in Cheſnut-ſtreet.

WILLIAMINA MOORE.

A Chariot and four-wheeled Chaiſe to be ſold. Enquire as above. t. f. Philadelphia, May 3, 1784.

Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed (by adjournment) will be expoſed to public SALE, on the premiſes, on SATURDAY, the 15th inſtant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following MESSUAGES and LOTS of GROUND, viz.

No. 1. A two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, ſtone kitchen, ſtone ſtable, and about ſix acres of land, ſituate, lying and being in Upper Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, bounded northward by the great road leading from Philadelphia to North-Wales, eaſtward by a road leading to Horſham, and by land of Jonathan Thomas. Said place having been for a long time (and now is) occupied as a public tavern, known by the ſign of William Pitt, Eſquire.

No. 2. A ſtone meſſuage, and about ten acres of land, contiguous to, and adjoining the above (No. 1.) by the aforeſaid two roads, and by land of John Trump, &c.

No. 3. A lot or piece of ground, nigh to the aforeſaid two lots, containing about two acres, adjoining a road leading to Weiſs's mill.

The ſituation of the ſaid places is very pleaſant, healthy, and in a good neighbourhood, and fine ſtand for any public buſineſs, being about 16 miles from Philadelphia. Taken in execution as the property and eſtate of George Wright, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the premiſes, in Upper Hanover townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Friday, the 14th inſtant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain meſſuage, and tract or piece of land, bounded by M'Call's manor, the German tract, and lands of Jacob Fiſher, containing 150 acres, and allowance of ſix acres per cent. for roads and highways.

Alſo one other meſſuage and piece of land, ſituate in Douglaſs townſhip, and county aforeſaid, being a part of the ſaid M'Call's manor, and adjoining the tract herein before deſcribed, bounded by lands of John Seckler, Michael Read, and Meſſrs. M'Call's, containing 64 acres and 15 perches; being the eſtate of George Welger, late deceaſed (and Margaret his wife) and to be ſold by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

For AMSTERDAM,

The Ship *Adolph*,

A fine new ſhip, with excellent accommodations,

WILL ſail about the 20th inſtant; for Paſſage apply to MATTHEW CLARKSON, in Arch-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the gate of the Friends Burial-ground. § *Philad. May* 3, 1784.

Advertiſements omitted will be inſerted next week.

Delaware State, to wit,

To all whom it may Concern.

(L. S.) THE Sieur F. Barbé de Marbois, Councellor to Parliament, having been recognized by the United States in Congress assembled, as Consul of France in the State aforesaid, and Consul General for the Thirteen United States of America; it is hereby declared, that the privileges, pre-eminence and authority belonging to such character and quality, are due to him. Done at New-Castle, this Twenty-first day of April, in the year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four. NICHOLAS VANDYKE, President.

Attest. JAMES BOOTH, Secretary. ¶

Philadelphia, April 23, 1784.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD,

RAN AWAY this morning from the subscriber, living at the Center House, an indented servant lad, named HENRY RABY, born in the north of Ireland, talks much in that country dialect, and is very shy when spoken to, about 5 feet 6 inches high, short black hair, black eyebrows, of a swarthy complexion, much hair upon his upper lip, having never been shaved.

He had and took with him, a green coat with a scarlet velvet cape and anchor buttons, a cream coloured corduroy inside jacket, two pair of trowsers, one of new ticklenburg, the other of striped cotton, a round wool hat with a black ribbon band, black silk handkerchief, black everlasting breeches, and large square plated buckles in his shoes. Whoever secures said run away, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges. ¶ HENRY MARTIN.

ALL those who have any demands against the estate of David Spear, late of Northampton township, Bucks county, deceased, are hereby desired to produce their accounts properly stated, to RICHARD LEEDOM, in said township, on or before the 11th of June next, that the same may be discharged, and the subscribers then have the accounts of their administration finally settled. He, she or they neglecting, must expect ever after to be debarred from the recovery thereof.

April 23. § JOHN HUSTON, Administrator.

Newtown, April 27, 1784.

BROKE goal, and made their escape, last night, the three following persons, viz. SOLOMON VICKARS, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. HENRY CONNARD, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, short dark hair, fair complexion, and a very smooth face; committed and indicted as one of the robbers of the Treasury. JACOB DUNCAN, about 22 years of age, 6 feet high, stout made, fair complexion, short fair hair; committed as an aider of the robbers. Whoever takes up and secures the said prisoners, so that the subscriber may receive them again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward for either Duncad or Connard, and THIRTY SHILLINGS for Vickars, and reasonable charges, from

¶ PATRICK HUNTER, Goaler.

Cheltenham township, Philadelphia county, April 27, 1784.

STOLEN last night, out of the stable of the subscriber, a large bay HORSE, near 16 hands high, about 8 years old, both hind feet white, a small star and snip, the star inclines to one side, branded I. C. on the near buttock, off shoulder, and under the mane, was without any shoes when stolen. Any person apprehending horse and thief, so that the thief be brought to justice, shall have SIXTEEN DOLLARS reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for either, paid by ¶

BENJAMIN SHOEMAKER.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 6th day of May ensuing, on the premises, a Messuage and Tract of Land, containing 100 acres, situate in the township of Uwchland, bounded by lands of David Lloyd, James Packer, James Benson, and others. Late the estate of Joseph Lloyd, but seized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, April 9.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 7th day of May ensuing, on the premises, a Messuage and Tract of Land, situate in the township of Pikeland, containing 130 acres, bounded by lands of Michael Holman, Joseph Jones and others; late the estate of Casper Fitting, but seized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, April 9.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 8th day of May ensuing, on the premises, a Messuage and Tract of excellent Land, containing 228 acres, situate in the township of Charlestown; bounded by land of Patrick Anderson, Esq; Lewellin Davis, Philip Wrapp and others; late the estate of Henry Miller, but seized and taken in execution, by

Chester, April 9. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Monday, the 10th day of May ensuing, on the premises, a Messuage, valuable Saw-mill, and Tracts of Land and Marsh or Meadow Ground, containing 327 acres, or thereabouts, situate in the township of Ridley; bounded by lands of Harvey Lewis, James and John Winters, estate of John Morton, Esq; deceased, and others; the arable land fertile, meadows good, the situation pleasant and healthy; seized and taken in execution as the estate of Lewis Trimble, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, April 9.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Tuesday, the 11th day of May ensuing, at the house of Henry Hayes, in Darby, 16 acres of wood land, situate one mile from said town; bounded by land of John Gruber and others. Likewise 20 acres of marsh, situate in Tinicum township; bounded by lands of Philip Price, William Kerlin and others; late the estate of Joseph Rudolph, but seized and taken in execution, by

Chester, April 9. WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 13th day of May ensuing, on the premises, a Messuage and Tract of Land, containing 100 acres, situate in the township of New Garden, bounded by lands of Thompson Parker, James Millhouse and others; thereon may be made a large proportion of excellent watered meadow. Late the estate of Benjamin Sharp, but seized and taken in execution, by

Chester, April 9, WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Friday, the 14th day of May ensuing, on the premises, a Messuage and Tract of Land, situate in the township of West Fallowfield, containing 200 acres, bounded by lands of John Watson, William Noble and others. Late the estate of William Vogan, but seized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Chester, April 9.

TO BE LETT,

For the *Summer Season*, or for one year, and may be entered upon immediately,

THAT large and commodious MANSION HOUSE, with proper out houses, belonging to the subscriber, situate at the FALLS OF *Schuylkill*, and commanding a grand and extensive prospect of the river and many adjacent country seats. A proportion of pasture and meadow, or the whole of a small farm, may be had with the house. For terms apply to ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, Esq; at the City Vendue Store, Philadelphia, or to Mr. JOHN VANDEREN, near the premises.

† WILLIAM SMITH.

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On SATURDAY, the 22d day of May next, at the house of MARK FAIR, in Robeson township, Berks county,

A TRACT of WOOD LAND in said township, containing 300 acres or upwards, the said lands can be improved, and a good plantation made thereon, or suit well for a forge or furnace, as the same is exceeding well stocked with timber. Attendance will be given, by DANIEL LEVAN & Company.

Reading, April 12, 1784. †

BY direction of the last Will and Testament of John Eunuch, late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased, will be sold by public vendue, on the premises, on the 13th day of May next, a MERCHANT MILL, in tolerable repair, with a lot of Ground thereto belonging; the Mill has two pair of stones, one of which are excellent French burrs, the bolting, hoisting and a fan all go by water, the situation about the middle of Kent county, aforesaid, the richest and healthiest part of the Eastern Shore of Maryland, in an excellent wheat country, a good stand for a Store and water carriage from the Mill door to Baltimore, Head of Elk, Back Creek, &c. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock, when due attendance will be given, and the payments made easy to the purchaser, by ST. LEGER EVERITT, RAISIN GALE, and ISAAC PERKINS, Trustees. ¶

To be SOLD, at Private Sale,

A SNUFF MILL and Geers, frame Stable and the remainder part of the unexpired term of a Lease, for the lot of Ground whereon the mill and stables are erected, situate on the south side of Vine-street, between Second and Third-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, the rent for which is Eight Spanish milled Dollars per annum and taxes, the mill and geers are in the best order, the greatest part of the works were new made last summer, the stable is new and fitted for six horses. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises and know the terms, by applying to Mr. George Rigener, at the late Widow Brown's house, in Second-street, the fifth door above Vine-street.

N. B. The purchaser giving security if required, and paying interest may have credit for the purchase money. ¶

MILES and MORGAN

Have for sale, at their store in Second-street, next door to Michael Hillegas, Esq; and opposite to the store lately occupied by Morgan and Baker, and at their distillery in Moravian alley,

PHILADELPHIA Rum of the best quality, by the quantity or single hogshead; also molasses by the hogshead. They have likewise at their said store a neat assortment of BAR-IRON of the first quality, and castings of different kinds.

They mean to keep a constant supply of the above articles, where merchants, city and country retailers and black-smiths may be furnished, on the most reasonable terms. t f.

FOR SALE, wholesale and retail, by

JOHN MORRELL,

At his ware-house, in Front-street, between Market and Arch-streets, a large and neat assortment of blue painted, enamelled and plain

QUEEN's WARE

In crates and hogsheads,

GLASS WARE & CHINA in boxes,

Taylor and Son's 8 by 10 and 7 by 9

WINDOW GLASS.

He likewise re-packs and assorts crates and boxes of ware agreeable to orders, on the shortest notice.

SHERRY WINES,

Of the first Quality, to be sold by the Quantity, single Pipe or Quarter Cask, by

GEORGE MEADE. §

Marine Office of the United States, April 16, 1784.

THE public are hereby informed, that on the 18th day of June next, will be sold, by public vendue, at the town of Baltimore, the Continental Ship GENERAL WASHINGTON, lately employed as a Public Packet, with her Materials, Guns, and Stores, agreeable to an inventory which will be exhibited at the place of sale. A person will be appointed to attend the sale, who will deliver possession to the purchaser, on being paid the sum she shall be struck off at.

According to the form and effect of an act of the United States in Congress assembled, of the 8th instant, Loan-office certificates, or certificates for other liquidated debts due from the United States, will be received in payment.

By order of the Agent of Marine,

JAMES READ, Secretary.

SEVERAL Gentlemen in *New-York, New-Jersey* and *Pennsylvania*, who were Members of the late "*CORPORATION for the relief of the Widows and Children of* CLERGYMEN *in the* Communion *of the Church of England, in America*," intend to meet at BRUNSWICK, in the State of New-Jersey, on Tuesday, the 12th day of May next, for the purpose of requesting a Revival of the said Corporation, which hath become extinct from their neglect of their annual meetings, necessarily occasioned by the late war. The subscriber, late Treasurer to the said Corporation, at the request of the said gentlemen, hereby gives this Public Notice of the said intended meeting, to such gentlemen as were Members of the said Corporation, whose attendance at the time and place above mentioned is earnestly requested.

April 19, 1784. SAMUEL POWEL.

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY healthy NEGROE WENCH, 18 years of age. Enquire of the subscriber, near Christiana ferry, New-Castle county, Delaware State.

April 17, 1784. ¶ PHILIP FRANCIS.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN BOUTCHER, late of the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, deceased, are desired to make speedy payment; and all those who have any demands against the said estate, are requested to bring in their accounts to the subscriber, properly attested, before the 19th day of May next. ¶

April 10, 1784. BENJAMIN BOUTCHER, Executor.

CALEB FOULKE

Has just imported, in the Fortune, Captain Haydon, from London, and now opening, at his store in Market-street, near Fourth street,

A GENERAL Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable to the season, which he will dispose of on very reasonable terms. §

Just imported in the last vessels from England and other parts of Europe, and to be sold by the package or piece, by

PETER WIKOFF,

In Front-street, half way between Arch and Race-streets, for cash, bills of exchange, tobacco, treasury interest notes, Mr. R. Morris's notes, or any good paper securities, or on short credit, on the most reasonable terms that can be afforded, an assortment of GOODS, among which are,

IRISH linens of various sorts and prices, olive coloured, drab and white corduroys, jeans, fustians, white and black gauzes of the most fashionable kinds; dimities, bed bunts, counterpanes, Marseilles quilting, superfine broadcloths, 8, 10, 12 and 20d. nails, plain and flowered Queen's ware, sorted in small and large crates, suitable for families and stores, &c. &c. Tbc 2 m.

Town of Northumberland,

TO all Persons entitled to a *Lot* or *Lots* of *Land* in the Town of NORTHUMBERLAND, in the County of Northumberland, in the State of Pennsylvania, in virtue of a certain Contract, entered into by William Patterson and John Lowden, and who have not received Deeds for the same:

REUBEN HAINES, of the City of Philadelphia, hereby gives Notice, that he, as assignee of the aforesaid Patterson and Lowden, will attend at the house of Robert Martin, Esquire, in the said Town of Northumberland, from the 10th to the 30th day of June next, in order to execute Deeds of Conveyance of the said Lots of Land, to all persons who are entitled to receive the same, by virtue of the said Contract, and according to the true intent and meaning thereof. ¶

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be exposed to public SALE, at the house of HENRY DILLS, in Mount-Bethel township, on the 13th day of May next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, A certain Plantation and Tract of LAND, situate in said township, bounded by land of Richard Smith, Jacob Rymil and Henry Whiteman, and containing 100 acres, more or less, late the estate of John Scott, seized and taken in execution, by

Easton, April 10, 1784. § ROBERT TRAILL, Sheriff.

MR. CLABEAU, Surgeon-dentist, begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen, that he cures every disorder incident to the mouth, repairs defects, fixes obturatures artificial palates, both natural and artificial teeth, with the greatest facility and in the most solid manner, which give a great ease of speech and a youthful air.

The utility of the teeth, and the little care that is taken to preserve them, is remarkable. The origin and formation of the teeth is the work of nature, but their preservation depends generally on the assistance of an experienced dentist; tho' none of our members are of more utility, yet they are most neglected, while nothing is more agreeable than cleanliness, and principally that of the mouth. It is well known uncleanliness destroys them and gives a disagreeable breath; on the other hand, the beauty of a fine set of teeth, when taken good care of, with the good effect of making the breath sweet and agreeable, must have met every one's observation; all which may be attained with a little trouble, every morning cleansing them with proper remedies and a little milk-warm water, which I recommend. In the mean time it will be necessary for persons who have scales on their teeth, to have them cleaned by an experienced dentist. The following are the proper remedies for cleaning, whitening, and preserving them, viz.

A box of tooth-powder 5*s*. A pot of dentifrice opiate 6*s*. A pot of dentifrice antiscorbutic opiate 12*s*. Souveraine water for the above use, preventing many disorders in the mouth, 15*s*. Dragon root, a piece 2*s*6. New invented tooth brush 2*s*6. A phial with a composition for easing the tooth-ache 7*s*6.

N. B. Every operation performed on the most reasonable terms, and teeth drawn gratis for the poor, at his apartment next door but one to the Coffee-house, in Market-street.

Philadelphia, February 24, 1784. §

Taunton IRON-WORKS for Sale.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the respective premises, at two o'clock in the afternoon of the days hereafter mentioned, if not disposed of in the mean time by private contract.

On THURSDAY, the 20th of May next,

ALL those valuable works called Taunton Iron-Works, together with the Saw-Mills, situate in Evesham township, Burlington county, West-Jersey, consisting of

1st. A Furnace erected on a plan so as to cast eighty tons of pig iron in a month.

2d. A Forge with three fires, adjoining the furnace, which has lately been repaired, and is now in excellent order.

3d. A Saw-Mill, newly erected, adjoining the above works, supplied by a never failing stream of water.

4th. One eighth part of another Saw-Mill, called Pricket's Saw-Mill, distant about one mile and a half from the above works.

The above works are distant 17 miles from Philadelphia, are well supplied by never failing streams of water, and iron ore lies so near that a team may haul three loads a day, and the metal is well known to equal, if not excel, any on the continent for making hollow ware, pig iron, and especially cannon, of which sufficient proof has been given. A large tract of wood, adjoining and belonging to the works, lies so near that a team may bring in six loads of coal in a day, and the expence of conveying iron to Philadelphia is but twelve shillings a ton, a navigable creek being near to the works, and contiguous to the whole is a good mansion house, with several houses convenient for workmen.

On FRIDAY, the 21st of May next,

A Plantation, with an Air Furnace and Distillery erected thereon, pleasantly situated near Mountholly, in the county of Burlington, containing about 200 acres of land, 40 of which are meadow, 30 woodland, and the whole under good fence.

On a pleasant and eligible spot of the plantation has lately been built a good two story house, consisting of four rooms on a floor, with a good detatched kitchen, convenient outhouses and a barn.

It joins the Church of Mountholly. And from the goodness of the soil, and the pleasantness of the country, is a most agreeable and commodious spot either to a person who would wish to retire from business, or to one who is inclined to follow the iron works, the air furnace being thought equal to any, having cast two pair of six pound cannon in a day.

Twenty acres of cedar swamp, to supply the above plantation, will be sold therewith.

The conditions of sale will be made known at the different times of sale, by THOMAS MAYBERRY. † *April* 20.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

MAY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2814.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 12, 1784.

HEWES & ANTHONY,

Have for SALE, at their STORE, the North Side of Chefnut-ſtreet Wharff,

EXCELLENT high Proof Jamaica Spirits,
New-England Rum,
Molaſſes,
Choice old Claret in Hogſheads,
Spermaceti and Tallow Candles,
Hyſon and Green Tea,
A Quantity of Nuremberg Goods, conſiſting of ſmall Looking-Glaſſes, Snuff-Boxes, Toys, &c.
Some Trunks of Womens Stuff Shoes,
4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. Engliſh Nails,
German and Swediſh Steel,
A few Boxes candied Fruit and Roſolis,
Ten Tierces Sulphur,
A few Bags good new Hops,
200 Barrels pickled Fiſh, and a few Quintals dry Cod-Fiſh.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from France and England, and to be SOLD by

DONNALDSON & COXE,

At their STORE in Walnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,---A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

ſuitable to the Seaſon. Philad. May 7. tbctf

FOR DUBLIN,

The SHIP

AMERICAN,

WILLIAM KEELER, Maſter,

WILL ſail in all this month, and is intended to return immediately to this port. For freight or paſſage apply to *Haynes* and *Crawford, Donaldſon* and *Coxe*, or the ſaid Maſter on board.

TO BE SOLD, by JOHN LOWNES,

In Third-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet,
A few hundred weight of the beſt kind of

CHESHIRE CHEESE,

In good order. Alſo CLOVER and TIMOTHY GRASS SEEDS. §

Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

WE the ſubſcribers hereby certify, that after ſeveral years blindneſs, we have been reſtored to ſight by the aſſiſtance of doctor Frederick W. Jericho, phyſician and occuliſt, who intends to leave Philadelphia the laſt of this month.

RUTH POTTS, of Potts Grove,
BARBARA HANSMAN, Second-ſtreet, above Vine-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 125 acres, ſituate in Cæcil county, and State of Maryland, ſix miles from the Head of Elk, and nine from Chriſtiana bridge; there is on ſaid premiſes a good mill ſeat on Big Elk, with 14 feet head and fall, 60 acres of cleared land, 8 of which is good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered. An indiſputable title will be given. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. § HENRY M'COY.

This is to give NOTICE,

THAT the Houſhold Goods, Kitchen Furniture, Horſes, Carriages, China, Books, and alſo a cellar well furniſhed with Wines of all kinds, belonging to the Miniſter of France, will be ſold by public Vendue, in his Hotel. The day of ſale will be fixed in the News-papers, and it will take place towards the end of this month. The Furniture, &c. will be ſeen eight days before the ſale, in his great hall; ſeveral of his Horſes are to be ſold from this day, and can be ſeen from 11 o'clock in the morning to one o'clock, at the ſtable adjoining to his houſe.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

Philad. May 6, 1784.

THE Subſcribers, having obtained Certificates for the deficiencies of clothing to the amount of upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS, for each non-commiſſioned officer and private in the late JERSEY LINE, *who ſerved the full term of the War*; do hereby notify to all concerned, that they mean to attend at BRIDGETOWN, in Cumberland county, on the 28th of June next, and at TRENTON, from the 1ſt to the 3d of July.

† 7 W.
J. PECK,)
Philad. May 12, 1784. J. BLAIR,) Agents.

Tredyffirin townſhip, Cheſter county, May 8, 1784.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday, the 2d of this inſt. an indented Iriſh ſervant man, named JEREMIAH DISMAN, a ſtout well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has ſhort brown hair, a very ſullen down look, talks much on the Iriſh dialect; had on, and took with him, a new cloth coat, with ſkirts of a lead colour, an old red double breaſted jacket, old buckſkin breeches, old ſtriped trowſers, ſhoes tied with thongs, white woollen ſtockings, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ ABEL REES.

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

STOLEN, in the night of the 25th of April, from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, the following articles, viz. a light coloured cloth Coat, with green ſpeckled horn buttons, three Waiſtcoats, one Nankeen, another black, and the other printed Linen, four Shirts, two of them ruffled, marked I C, five Holland Stocks, marked as the Shirts, three pair of Thread Stockings, a pair of Shoes and a pair of Pumps, a pair of plated Buckles, marked with the ſubſcriber's name in full, and two pair of Drawers, one of Nankeen, the other Linen. The above things were ſtolen by a certain WILLIAM FARRINGTON, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has ſhort black hair, a ſcar on his right cheek, one of the fingers of his right hand ſhot off, and has a paſs ſigned by Zebulon Potts, Eſquire. Whoever apprehends the Thief, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the owner get his things again, ſhall have the above reward, or in proportion for any part of them, paid by

† JOHN CRAWFORD.

RICHARD FOOTMAN,

Is removed into Third-ſtreet next door but one to the BUNCH OF GRAPES INN, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

Where he has for SALE,

A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the ſeaſon, juſt imported from Europe. †

April 30, 1784.

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of Joſeph Auſtin, late of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed, will be expoſed to public ſale (if not before diſpoſed of at private) on the 24th day of May next, at the houſe of Elizabeth Baxter, in ſaid townſhip, either entire or in lots, as may be judged moſt convenient on ſaid day, One Hundred acres of LAND, well ſituated on the old York Road, about twelve miles from Philadelphia, on which is a ſtone dwelling-houſe, one ſtory high, two rooms below, and a cellar under the whole, and a log kitchen adjoining, alſo a log barn and ſtabling; there is about 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a conſiderable number of acres more may be made, and chiefly watered by a never failing ſtream that runs through the land, together with ſundry ſprings riſing thereon, about 60 acres of cleared land, the remaining part woodland, ſome of which has very good timber for immediate uſe, as well as young thriving timber; it is conveniently ſituated to two different places of worſhip, as alſo to ſundry griſt-mills and lime-kilns. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be acquainted with the terms by applying to SUSANNA AUSTIN, executrix, living near the premiſes, or THOMAS AUSTIN, executor, in the Manor of Moreland.

N. B. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 20th inſt. at ſix o'clock in the evening (if not diſpoſed of before at private ſale)

AN elegant three ſtory brick HOUSE and LOT, ſituate the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſnut-ſtreet, late the eſtate of Magdalen Devine, deceaſed, and ſold in purſuance of her will; containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet, 20 feet, and in depth 160 feet; this houſe and lot is clear of ground rent, and one of the beſt ſtands for buſineſs in the city. The terms of payment to be made known at the time and place of ſale. § SAMUEL MORRIS,)
May 5, 1784. RICHARD FOOTMAN,) Executors.

Fourth Month 30, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEW three ſtory brick HOUSE, with two rooms on a floor, and a good garret, alſo a two ſtory kitchen, with a handſome chamber and fire place over it, a good cellar under the whole, and cellar windows glazed, all juſt finiſhed; the ſaid houſe and kitchen are ſituate on the main ſtreet in the borough of Wilmington, New-Caſtle county. The premiſes are conveniently calculated, having an alley to the front of the houſe, with the privilege of a fourth part of a new pump of water, nearly before the door. The lot is clear of ground rent, and extends through the ſquare from ſtreet to ſtreet, with a commodious ſtable and garden on the back part thereof. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM ZANE, in Philadelphia, or JOEL ZANE, in Wilmington aforeſaid, who will ſhew the premiſes.

Likewiſe for SALE, A PLANTATION in Cheſter county, containing about 160 acres, exceedingly well timbered, &c. Apply as above.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the 20th of June next, four contiguous Lots of GROUND, in Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets in the city of Philadelphia,

No. 1. CONTAINS on Arch-ſtreet, 18 feet and 90 feet on Moravian-alley, on which is erected a three ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, piazza, kitchen and waſh-houſe alſo three ſtories high, adjoining is a one ſtory brick building, with a fire-place, and cellar under it, ſuitable for an office. The parlours are papered and have marble chimney pieces. The buildings enſured for ſeveral years to come, and clear of ground rent, or any incumbrance.

No. 2. Eighteen feet on Arch-ſtreet, bounded by the above deſcribed lot to the eaſtward, 90 feet deep, but after running 55 feet, widens to feet. It has on it a good two ſtory brick houſe with ceiled garrets and fire-places in them, and a loft above, a brick kitchen two ſtories high; inſured and clear, as above.

No. 3. In breadth 17 feet 2 inches on Arch-ſtreet, and continuing that breadth 25 feet, then it widens to the breadth of 18 feet 8 inches, thence 25 feet further back, with the privilege of a three feet alley; bounded to the eaſt, by the eſtate late of Samuel Hall, deceaſed: A ſtable and carriage-houſe very roomy, the former built within a few years. Commodious lofts are erected on this lot, which pays a ſmall ground-rent of 30ſ to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital.

No. 4. Is bounded to the eaſtward by No. 2, and two lots of John Sprogel; to the ſouthward by Meſſrs. Bulley and Hall's lots and houſes on Arch-ſtreet; to the weſtward partly by No. 3, and ground of Jeſſe Jones; and to the northward by Peter Miller's ground, being 29 and an half feet by 55, having no rent-charge or incumbrance, this is a very advantageous lot, and by a proper diviſion capable of conſiderable profit to the purchaſer. For terms apply to PETER MILLER in Third-ſtreet, where a plan may be ſeen. †

Wants Employment,

A PERSON bred in the MERCHANDIZE WAY, who can tranſact buſineſs for a Merchant or Store-keeper, to write, keep accounts, take care of ſtores, receive in and deliver out goods, underſtands the management of wine cellars, wines, ſpirits, &c. &c. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of CHRISTIAN SCHNEIDER, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make Payment within three Months from the Date hereof; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe requeſted to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, and receive Payment.

Philadelphia, May 3, 1784. FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, &) Execut.
HENRY FAHNS, §)

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by

Conyngham, Neſbitt & Co.

At their STORE, in Front-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet,

AN aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, 3-4ths brown Iriſh linens, Flanders linens and ſheetings, table linen and napkins of all kinds, a compleat aſſortment of Manchеſter goods, among which are, Cotton and linen checks of all widths, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, bed bunts, Dutch and Queen cords, pillow fuſtians, jeans, jeanets plain and printed, velvet and velvetetts plain and printed, thickſetts, corderoys, ſatinetts and royal ribs, black pepper, beſt French brandy, and ſundry other articles, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms. Philad. May 4. §

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber received of Edward Young, of the city of Philadelphia, in December laſt, Six Horſes to be foddered until the firſt of April following, at which time the ſaid Young agreed to pay for the keeping of the ſaid horſes, and take them away; and foraſmuch as he hath neglected to fulfil the ſaid agreement, theſe are to notify the ſaid Young and all whom it may concern, that unleſs he, or ſome other perſon for him, ſhall pay the charges for keeping the ſaid horſes unto me, on or before the 12th day of May inſtant, they will be ſold for the ſame, at the ſubſcriber's houſe in Buckingham.

May 3, 1784. ¶ ISAAC BUCHMAN.

Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, April 29, 1784.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſheds at the Buck tavern, on Lancaſter road, on the night of the 28th inſtant, a roan HORSE, between 10 and 11 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, paces, trots and canters, dark mane and tail, thin in fleſh. Alſo was ſtolen, a dark lead coloured great coat, with large metal buttons, only one button on each ſide, a blind halter, black grained, one ſide of the reins broke and tied, a twilled bag, marked J. F. with red chalk, pillow caſe and a tow towel. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and goods, and apprehends the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Five Dollars for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.

Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed (by adjournment) will be expoſed to public SALE, on the premiſes, on SATURDAY, the 15th inſtant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following MESSUAGES and LOTS of GROUND, viz.

No. 1. A two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, ſtone kitchen, ſtone ſtable, and about ſix acres of land, ſituate, lying and being in Upper Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, bounded northward by the great road leading from Philadelphia to North-Wales, eaſtward by a road leading to Horſham, and by land of Jonathan Thomas. Said place having been for a long time (and now is) occupied as a public tavern, known by the ſign of William Pitt, Eſquire.

No. 2. A ſtone meſſuage, and about ten acres of land, contiguous to, and adjoining the above (No. 1.) by the aforeſaid two roads, and by land of John Trump, &c.

No. 3. A lot or piece of ground, nigh to the aforeſaid two lots, containing about two acres, adjoining a road leading to Weiſs's mill.

The ſituation of the ſaid places is very pleaſant, healthy, and in a good neighbourhood, and fine ſtand for any public buſineſs, being about 16 miles from Philadelphia. Taken in execution as the property and eſtate of George Wright, by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the premiſes, in Upper Hanover townſhip, Philadelphia county, on Friday, the 14th inſtant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain meſſuage, and tract or piece of land, bounded by M'Call's manor, the German tract, and lands of Jacob Fiſher, containing 150 acres, and allowance of ſix acres per cent. for roads and highways.

Alſo one other meſſuage and piece of land, ſituate in Douglaſs townſhip, and county aforeſaid, being a part of the ſaid M'Call's manor, and adjoining the tract herein before deſcribed, bounded by lands of John Seckler, Michael Read, and Meſſrs. M'Call's, containing 64 acres and 15 perches; being the eſtate of George Welger, late deceaſed (and Margaret his wife) and to be ſold by

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

To be SOLD or RENTED,

For a few years, on an improving leaſe,

THE elegant SEAT of the late WILLIAM MOORE, Eſq; known by the name of Moore-Hall, ſituate in the county of Cheſter, about 23 miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing near 600 acres of valuable land.

The manſion-houſe is of ſtone, well built, large, and in a very fine ſituation, ſurrounded with very convenient out-houſes; a large garden in good order, ſtocked with a variety of the beſt fruit trees, and the moſt uſeful and agreeable herbs and flowers.

About 300 acres of the land are fit for the plough, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow is well improved, and more may be made. A very valuable griſt-mill built on Pickering-creek, near the manſion-houſe, ſupplied by a never failing ſtream of water, is among the improvements of this place. The river Schuylkill, which bounds the lands for a conſiderable diſtance, affords a great ſhad fiſhery during the ſeaſon; and a variety of other advantages, too tedious for an advertiſement, will be perceived by any perſon who may incline to view the premiſes.

A purchaſer or tenant may be ſupplied with 20 tons of the beſt firſt crop hay, and ſome remains of the late ſtock.

For terms apply to CHARLES JERVIS, or to the ſubſcriber, at Mrs. Bond's, in Cheſnut-ſtreet.

WILLIAMINA MOORE.

A Chariot and four-wheeled Chaiſe to be ſold. Enquire as above. t. f. Philadelphia, May 3, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 229 acres of Land, ſituate in the borough of Cheſter, at or near the head of the tide on Cheſter creek; there is a brick dwelling-houſe thereon, frame barn, a ſtone milk-houſe, a good ſpring, a good bearing orchard, about 100 acres of thriving timber land, ſet with oak, aſh, hickory, walnut, mulberry, &c. about 8 acres of watered meadow made, and more may be made. For the title and terms of ſale, enquire of WILLIAM LIGHTFOOT, at Pikeland, or the tenant on ſaid premiſes. tbctf.

HOUSE of LORDS,

MONDAY, *December* 15.

ABOUT three o'clock the Earl of Abingdon roſe, and obſerved, that if the attendance of their Lordſhips had been then more numerous, he ſhould have ſubmitted to their conſideration ſome remarks, and ſubſequent propoſitions, relative to the East-India Bill, and other points of great importance; but he muſt beg leave to defer theſe until the Houſe ſhould become more filled.

Many Peers entering ſoon afterwards, the Earl of Abingdon roſe again, and ſaid,

My Lords, the moment being now arrived when we are called upon, not only by the voice of the nation, but by the peculiar characteriſtic of this Houſe, the feelings of our own honor, to exerciſe that function which the conſtitution of the country hath placed in us; I mean, my Lords, that of holding between the King and people the balance of the ſtate in the ſcale of its government; or, as Charles the Firſt uſed to expreſs it, "of being that excellent ſcreen between the Prince and the people, to aſſiſt each againſt the encroachments of the other." It is therefore that I riſe, and, before any other proceedings are had upon the bill that is now before us, for veſting the affairs of the East India Company in the hands of certain Directors, to trouble your Lordſhips with a very few words, as introductory to a motion which I mean to have the honor of ſubmitting to your Lordſhips conſideration.

My Lords, the bill before us, for veſting the affairs of the East-India Company in the hands of certain Directors, is, in a threefold manner, now under the contemplation of this Houſe; and it is ſo, my Lords, firſt, in addreſs and appeal to us in our legiſlative capacities, in common with the two other branches of the Legiſlature.

Secondly, in addreſs and appeal to us as the Supreme Court of Judicature, or dernier reſort of juſtice, diſtinct from the two other branches of the Legiſlature, and appertaining to ourſelves.

And thirdly, my Lords, in that capacity, in that peculiar and diſtinguiſhed capacity to which I have juſt alluded, the capacity of being the mediator between the King and people, and of rendering juſtice to both, by oppoſing as well the encroachments of the Crown upon the liberties of the ſubject, as the encroachments of the ſubject upon the juſt prerogative of the Crown.

Of the two former, my Lords, our legiſlative and judiciary capacities, and our duties therein upon this occaſion, I ſhall not now take up any of your Lordſhips time, nor, I truſt, ſhall I have any future occaſion to do ſo; but it is to the third, our mediation between the Crown and its ſubjects, grounded upon the preſent neceſſity of our interference, that at this moment leads me to call for your Lordſhips attention.

Of the Bill, my Lords, of which I have ſpoken, your Lordſhips having read it, it is unneceſſary for me to enter into the detail of its particulars; indeed it is not the time for me to do ſo, and I muſt again hope, that that time will never arrive. But it is to its principle that I am now to look; and in ſo doing, enough and enough remains to occupy the deepeſt and moſt ſolemn reflections of this Houſe: For, in this view of the Bill, what is it that your Lordſhips have to ſee, but a Bill that has for its ſubject matter, propoſitions as fatal to the juſt prerogative of the Crown, by their adoption, as by their effects they will be found ruinous to, and ſubverſive of the rights, liberties and properties of the ſubject. Propoſitions, as *unique* in themſelves, as they are unmatched in the annals of our hiſtory. Propoſitions, big with ambition---with ambition no leſs violent than that which filled the mind of Cromwell, and brought the head of Charles the Firſt to the block. No leſs violent did I ſay, my Lords? Ten times more violent, more daring, more enterpriſing! For in the caſe of *that* Cromwell, he had ſome ground to ſtand upon; he had arguments to offer, he had reaſons to aſſign, he had, at leaſt, that plea of tyrants, the plea of neceſſity for what he did; for, in the words of Lord Bolingbroke, he had this to ſay, "either that Charles the Firſt muſt loſe his head, or England loſe its liberties."

But in the caſe of *the* Cromwell of this Bill, what has he to urge for that which he has done? what ground has he to ſtand upon? what arguments to offer? what reaſons to aſſign? what plea of neceſſity to ſtate? A plea of neceſſity it is true he had? He ſtated to the Houſe of Commons that the East-India Company was bankrupt; it was falſe in ſtatement, it was falſe in proof. But I admit the truth of both; and yet, whence aroſe the neceſſity of ſubverting the conſtitution of this country, by placing the executive power of Government in the hands of a *Mountebank* Secretary of State? A Secretary of State who does not ſhrink back from declaring that he is not the King's Miniſter, but the Miniſter of the People; who glories in the diſtinction; who fortifies himſelf under it in the Houſe in which he acts. And, yet, my Lords, no more the Miniſter of the people, than I the friend of his politics. The Miniſter, it is true, of a corrupt majority of the Houſe of Commons, where the people now are, as he ſays; but not Miniſter of the People, as when mounted on his ſtage at Covent-garden, and in Weſtminſter-hall.

But, I ſay, my Lords, whence aroſe the neceſſity of this ſubverſion of the Conſtitution? Whence aroſe the neceſſity of erecting a new power in the State; a middle power between the King and the people, on the one hand holding the King in chains, and on the other ruling the people, through the medium of a corrupt majority in Parliament, with a rod of iron? And yet, my Lords, this is the propoſition *in totidem verbis:* A propoſition to wreſt the reins of Government out of the hands of the executive power, and to place it in the hands of a ſelf-created demagogue, ſupported by a factious and deſperate cabal; a propoſition, therefore no leſs injurious to the people, than at the ſame time furniſhing the moſt direct attack upon Majeſty, that the annals of our hiſtory afford; a propoſition, as I have ſaid, more daring even than that which brought the head of Charles I. to the block, becauſe leſs founded; a propoſition of ambition no leſs glaring, but, I truſt, my Lords, leſs hopeful, for it is ours to prevent it.

But, my Lords, it has been ſaid of this bill on the one ſide, that it will increaſe the influence of the Crown; and it has been cunningly and craftily not denied on the other. But this is not the truth, my Lords; I deny the fact; the reverſe is the truth. This Bill is not to increaſe the influence of the Crown, it is to deſtroy it. It is, I admit, to obtain an influence; but an influence as poiſonous to the juſt influence and legal prerogative of the Crown, as it is deadly to the rights and liberties of the people.

And when I ſay this, my Lords, let it not be thought that I ſpeak raſhly and unadviſedly upon the ſubject, that I talk without book, that I reaſon without my hoſt, that I am unſupported in what I ſay; I ſpeak, my Lords, to the ſenſe and knowledge of the Houſe; for, my Lords, that to pull down the influence of the Crown has been the long unremitting endeavours of the Miniſter of the People and his whig connections, as they are called, (for of his Tory coalition I ſhall preſently ſpeak) the Houſe wants no information. The facts of this ſpeak for themſelves. We have ſeen Bills of reform upon Bills of reform to this end paſſing into Acts of the Legiſlature; Bills taking away from the ſplendor of the Crown, no leſs neceſſary to Majeſty than the birthright of the Prince; Bills meanly and ignominiouſly deſcending into the very kitchen and cellar of the King, there to retrench and deprive his Majeſty of the very comforts and proviſions of his table. Can it then, my Lords, even in ſuppoſition be thought, that thoſe who have done this, can now have any view or intention to throw the wealth of the Eaſt into the lap of the Throne? No, my Lords; the very ſuppoſition is abſurdity itſelf. Beſides, the Bill ſtates the contrary. For four years certain the Crown has nothing to do with it; and give me a leaſe for four years of ſuch means of corruption as theſe are, and I muſt be, what the Miniſter of the people is not, a very ſilly fellow indeed, if I don't purchaſe a fee ſimple in the premiſes for ever after.

But this not all, my Lords; for let us look for demonſtration upon this ſubject to the tenets and principles of this party of men. And in doing this let us look to their creed in a well known publication of theirs, called "Thoughts on the preſent Diſcontents;" and then look to their practice upon that creed. Look to their creed, and there you will find, that whilſt it pulls the influence of the Crown down to the ground, it ſets up another influence ten times more dangerous---ten times more deſtructive to the conſtitution. The influence of an ariſtocracy, or, to expreſs it in their own words, the influence of connection, and of which this creed ſpeaking, ſays, "In one of the moſt fortunate periods of our hiſtory, this country was governed by a connection; I mean the great connection of Whigs in the reign of Queen Anne." Such is this influence, my Lords. The influence of an *Oligarchical junto* in the two Houſes of Parliament, holding, as I have ſaid, the King captive in the one hand, and with the other ruling the people, not by the fundamental laws of the land, but after the manner of this bill, by laws "of mere *political diſcretion only*," and ſubverſive of their rights, liberties and properties.

But, my Lords, let us now look to their practice upon this creed; and here, I am aware, I am anticipated by the Houſe, and that the day which ſtains, and will continue everlaſtingly to ſtain the Journals of Parliament, I mean the 17th day of February laſt, is uppermoſt in the thoughts, and preſent to the minds of every one of your Lordſhips. A day of *connection*, my Lords. A day, when, by an infamous and wicked *connection* of principles, not the connection of *idem ſentire de republicâ*, which alone is or can be the baſis of all well-intentioned political union, but of the moſt jarring factions; a connection which one might have thought no chemiſtry, either on earth or in heaven, could ever have brought together; I ſay, my Lords, a day when his Majeſty was beſieged in his cabinet; when he was told the appointment of his own domeſtic ſervants did not lie in him; when his Majeſty reſiſted; but when, after a ſix weeks reſiſtance, with a fortitude of mind that will add luſtre to his reign, he fell a victim to this connection.

And thus, my Lords, has the theory of theſe politics been now reduced to practice; for ſuch have been the effects of this connection, which is now ſought by this bill. Not the influence of the King's Miniſter for the King, but of the King's Miniſter againſt the King. Of the King's Miniſter, who, if this bill paſſes, may ſay to the King, I am the Miniſter of this country, and let my conduct be what it will, let my inſults to you be what they may, it is not in your power, it is what you dare not do, it is not for you to remove me.

But, my Lords, that I may treſpaſs no longer on the time and patience of the Houſe, the Motion which I ſhall have the honor to ſubmit to your Lordſhips is this:

That the Judges may be ſummoned to attend this Houſe, in order to give their advice in point of law, upon the bill now depending in Parliament, "for veſting the affairs of the East-India Company in the hands of certain Directors," &c.

And here, my Lords, whilſt as the ground of this motion, I will take the liberty of ſtating to your Lordſhips the Queries, which (as neceſſary to my information at leaſt) I ſhall propound to the Judges for their counſel and advice; ſo by this motion will an opportunity be afforded to the Houſe of having any other difficulties reſolved in point of law, which may occur to any other individuals of your Lordſhips.

My Lords, the Query is this:

Whether by the Commiſſion, as ſet up in the bill for veſting the affairs of the East-India Company in the hands of certain Directors, an executive power be not thereby inſtituted, new in the government, and unknown to the conſtitution of the country; and whether that executive power be not as well derogatory to the Crown, and hurtful to the juſt, legal, and royal prerogative of the King, as dangerous to the rights, liberties, and properties of the ſubject?

Now, my Lords, in putting this query to the Judges, I find myſelf no leſs upheld therein by the ſpirit of the conſtitution, than confirmed by the letter of the law; by the ſpirit of the conſtitution, my Lords, as handed down to us by the very ingenious and learned Author of the Spirit of Laws, who, ſpeaking of the Engliſh conſtitution, ſays that the executive power ought to be in the hands of a Monarch: Becauſe this Branch of Government, which has always need of expedition, is better adminiſtered by one than many: Whereas whatever depends on the legiſlative power is oftentimes better regulated by many than by a ſingle perſon. Again: But if there was no Monarch, ſays he, and the executive power was committed to a certain number of perſons ſelected from the legiſlative body, there would be an end of liberty; by reaſon the two powers would be united, as the ſame perſons would actually ſometimes have, and would moreover be always able to have, a ſhare in both. And as confirmed by the letter of the law, in as much as, by the ſtatute of the 16th of Charles I. chap. 1, a power being lodged in the Chancellor (in caſe of the King's default) to call Parliaments; and if he failed, then in the Peers, or any twelve of them; and if they failed, then in the Sheriffs. It was ſaid by the Judges of thoſe days, that this was a direct breach of the original conſtitution; for it introduced into the monarchy a kind of Republic, by ſetting up a ſupreme power, beſides the regal power, and inconſiſtent with it. Of the ſtatute too of the 15th of Charles I. chap. 5, whereby it was enacted, that that Parliament, then ſitting, ſhould not be diſſolved, prorogued, or adjourned but by Act of Parliament, it was ſaid, that this was another breach of that conſtitution, which had originally eſtabliſhed the King's prerogative in that particular, and therefore theſe two Acts were early in the next reign repealed.

The ſecond query is,

Whether the immediate creative Act of any charter of incorporation is not veſted in the King by virtue of his royal prerogative? And if yes, Whether by the forfeiture or diſſolution of ſuch charter, its franchiſes are not revertable to the Crown, in order to be re-granted by the King if neceſſary? And if ſo, Whether the commiſſion of Directors appointed by this Bill be not an encroachment upon the Royal prerogative of the Crown?

Sir William Blackſtone, ſpeaking of the erecting of Corporations by the King, as the fountain of privilege, ſays, "I now only mention them incidentally, in order to remark the King's prerogative in making them; which is grounded upon this foundation, that the King having the ſole adminiſtration of the Government in his hands, is the beſt and the only judge in what capacities, with what privileges, and under what diſtinctions his people are the beſt qualified to ſerve, and to act under him?

The third Queſtion is,

Whether, conſiſtent with the judicial capacity of this Houſe, the diſfranchiſing of a corporation of ſuch magnitude as that of the East-India Company, the reaſons of ſuch diſfranchiſement ought not to be proved and ſupported at the Bar of the Houſe, by the ſtrongeſt and moſt entire evidence? Or, whether conſiſtently with the duty of this Houſe to the King, as the hereditary Counſellors of the Crown, a Bill creative of a new executive power, in violation of the Royal Prerogative, ought not to be rejected *in limine* upon its principle, and without entering into the merits of it.

My Lords, when Charles II. and James the II. ſeized upon the Charters, which they did for the purpoſes of the State, as they ſaid, although, ſays Sir William Blackſtone, the proceedings in moſt of them were ſufficiently regular, it gave great and juſt offence; but it ſeems Charles James Fox can now of himſelf attempt what thoſe tyrants neither Charles nor James Stuart put together dared to do, ſeize upon charters by force and violence.

The fourth Query is,

Whether, if this Bill ſhould paſs both Houſes of Parliament, encroaching as it does upon the undoubted Prerogative of the Crown, it be not a right inherent in the King, as well as a duty which he owes to the country in preſervation of the conſtitution, to put his negative upon ſuch Bill?

Baron Monteſquieu ſays, "The executive power ought to have a ſhare in the legiſlature by the power of rejecting, otherwiſe it would be ſoon ſtripped of its prerogative. But ſhould the legiſlative power uſurp a ſhare of the executive, the latter would be equally undone." Again, "if the Prince, ſays he, were to have a ſhare in the Legiſlature by the power of reſolving, liberty would be loſt. But as it is neceſſary he ſhould have a ſhare in the Legiſlature for the ſupport of his own prerogative, this ſhare muſt conſiſt in the power of rejecting." Sir William Blackſtone, too, ſays, "the King is a conſtituent part of the Supreme Legiſlative Power, and, as ſuch, has the prerogative of rejecting ſuch proviſions in Parliament as he judges improper to be paſſed." He ſays, too, ſpeaking of the encroachment of the legiſlative upon the executive power, "Thus the long Parliament of Charles I. while it acted in a conſtitutional manner with the Royal concurrence, redreſſed many heavy grievances, and eſtabliſhed many ſalutary laws; but when the two Houſes aſſumed the power of legiſlation, in excluſion of the Royal authority, they ſoon after aſſumed likewiſe the reigns of Adminiſtration; and in conſequence of theſe united powers, overturned both Church and State, and eſtabliſhed a worſe oppreſſion than any they pretended to remedy."

And now, my Lords, theſe being the queries which it is my intention to ſubmit to the opinion of the Judges, together with my reaſons for theſe queries, I ſhall now beg leave to add one reaſon more for the motion itſelf, of calling for the advice of the Judges upon this occaſion; and it is this, that, as if the opinion of the Judges had been taken upon the queſtion of the American war before it was entered into, that is, whether the Parliament of England had a right to levy taxes *internally* on America, America not being repreſented in the Parliament of England, that country might at this time have been a part of the Britiſh empire; ſo upon the ſame ground, am I perſuaded that the putting of theſe queſtions to the Judges now, may be the means of ſaving the East-Indies to this country: For, my Lords, is it to be ſuppoſed that the ſervants of the East-India Company in India, connected as they are in the intereſt with the Company here, together with Mr. Haſtings, at the head of an hundred thouſand men there, will quietly deliver up thoſe poſſeſſions, when by that delivery they know that they are themſelves to be diſplaced to make room for others; and if not diſplaced, that they will have Members of Parliament, and Members of Parliament's ſons and kindred riding upon them four and five deep, and quartered upon their emoluments, as much without number as without reaſon.

TO BE RENTED,

A genteel brick HOUSE,

On the north ſide of Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

IT is three ſtories high, and has two rooms on each floor, the front rooms up ſtairs are the whole width of the houſe, the ſtair-caſe is carried up in a ſeparate building, adjoining to which are a convenient brick kitchen, and a building very convenient for ſtoring goods, both two ſtories high; there are excellent dry cellars under the whole, and in good order; and beyond the buildings is a ſmall garden, fenced with good cedar pailing.

This houſe is excellently well ſituated for a gentleman in trade, and poſſeſſion may be had immediately. For further particulars apply to the printers. §

Philadelphia, 5th Month 11th, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large LOT of GROUND appurtenant, on the Main ſtreet in the town of Wilmington, Delaware State, inferior to none in the government for ſize and convenience, and is in compleat repair; poſſeſſion may be had immediately. If not ſold by the fifteenth of the ſixth month, next, then to be let. For terms apply in Cheſtnut ſtreet, near Third ſtreet, to ¶ JONATHAN DAWES.

N. B. Land, approved of, would be taken in payment.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks county, We, the ſubſcribers, appointed by the ſaid court to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the creditors of BENJAMIN LUKENS, late of the ſaid county, have appointed to meet at the houſe of AMOS DILWORTH, in Warminſter township, on the firſt day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at which time all the ſaid creditors are deſired to attend, with their accounts properly atteſted, in order to have their dividends ſettled of the effects of ſaid Lukens, which have been attached by the Sheriff of the ſaid county.

DANIEL LONGSTRETH,
April 24, 1784. § ISAAC HOUGH,
ROBERT COMLY.

Meſſrs. HALL and SELLERS,

LOOKING over your Gazette, obſerved an advertiſement ſigned by a Mr. ISAAC BUCKMAN, reſpecting the keeping of ſix HORSES for me, for a certain conſideration, and requiring me, or ſome one for me, to come, pay the charges, and take them away, or otherwiſe they will be ſold. This is therefore to inform the PUBLIC, That the ſaid Iſaac Buckman did agree before witneſſes to deliver the ſaid horſes to me in good order, which the ſaid Buckman, ſo far from doing, has not only ſtarved them, but alſo taken the ſhoes off to put on his own horſes, which I have proof of. This is therefore to acquaint the ſaid Buckman, That if he does not return the ſaid horſes to me, on or before the 15th inſtant, at the Red Lyon Inn, Bucks county, that I ſhall take ſuch meaſures as the law directs.

May 8, 1784. § EDWARD YOUNG.

Douglaſs townſhip, Berks county, April 27, 1784.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber being wrongfully accuſed by one MARY WOULBERT, who, through the inſtigation of ſome of her lovers, hath ſworn that ſhe is big with child by me, and I being through threatening and perſuaſion compelled to marry her; but having ſince found out that ſhe ſwore the child to the wrong perſon, I therefore deſire all perſons not to truſt the ſaid Mary Woulbert any thing on my account, for I will not pay any thing of her contracting from the date hereof, and never keep houſe with her. § PETER ECKEL.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, in the night of the 5th inſtant, a black horſe, 7 years old laſt ſpring, neither brand nor ear-mark, his mane and foretop thin and ſhort, a ſmall ſtar hardly perceivable, ſomewhat hollow backed, ſhod all round, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, carries well when mounted; he is ſuppoſed to be taken by two men, the one middling luſty, with a purple cloth coat, corduroy breeches, a round hat, with mourning round it; the other a ſmall ſized man, with a blue coat, a large cocked hat; they ſay they have been light horſe men. Whoever will deliver the horſe and thief or thieves to the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Four Dollars for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

April 9, 1784. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

KINGSTON, *(Jamaica) April* 10.

A correſpondent, under the ſignature of *Mercator*, obſerves, that though American veſſels are not permitted to enter at the port of Kingſton, yet many of them reſort to ſeveral of the neighbouring out ports, where they meet with a ready ſale for their cargoes, and take the produce of the iſland in return: He wiſhes either general indulgence of this kind to be given, or that meaſures were taken to ſuppreſs a mode of traffic, by which a few individuals only can be benefited, and the commercial intereſt of this town muſt neceſſarily be materially injured.

A French gentleman, who was lately at the Havanna, informs us, that ſome freſh commotions of a very ſerious nature have broke out on the continent of South-America, and that the Spaniards are ſpeaking, at preſent, with a freedom never known before; a paſquinade which lately was ſtuck up in that city contained the following expreſſions: Amidſt all our our boaſted treaſures from the gold and ſilver mines of America, we are miſerably wretched! abject ſlaves, denied the ordinary privileges of mankind; the moſt triumphant, or the moſt diſgraceful ſituation is alike to us; for we feel no relief or freſh degree of oppreſſion from either.

His Majeſty's armed brig Duke of Rutland, Lieutenant Brown, commander, ſailed from Port-Royal laſt week for Turks Iſland, where a ſmall veſſel is to be ſtationed in future for the protection of the inhabitants, and to prevent the ſubjects of the United States from carrying off ſalt, without regularly entering it at the Cuſtom-Houſe.

By authentic accounts from Hiſpaniola, we learn, that all American veſſels were obliged to leave that iſland by the 10th of this month; every veſſel found in any of the ports of Hiſpaniola (the Mole excepted) was ſubject to confiſcation, if they had on board more than the quantity of ſugar and coffee which might reaſonably be ſuppoſed calculated for the uſe of the voyage.

In conſequence thereof, numbers of veſſels had left Hiſpaniola, their cargoes by no means compleated. And at Cape Nicola Mole, taffia and molaſſes, the only articles they were ſuffered to carry off, ſold higher than ever was known before.

BOSTON, *April* 26,

Laſt Friday ſome fiſhermen from this town picked up a new ſchooner, about 40 tons, lying on her beam ends, about three leagues from the Light-Houſe, but no perſon on board. From the beſt information it appears ſhe was from Caſco Bay, and was overſet the preceding day in the ſevere north eaſt gale. The hands were undoubtedly loſt.

On Thurſday, the 15th of April, arrived at Cape Ann, the brigantine Agnis, Captain Paſons, from Cape Fear, who on his paſſage, about 60 leagues S. E. from the Capes of Virginia, on the 6th of April, fell in with the brig Felicity, James Ridley, Maſter, from Norfolk, in Virginia, bound to Jamaica, who about three hours before ſprung a leak: Captain Paſons with much difficulty, it blowing a gale of wind, ſaved the maſter and crew, about half an hour after which he ſaw the brig go down.

NEW-YORK, *May* 6.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of the town of Hartford, in Connecticut, held at the Court-houſe, by adjournment, on the 12th day of April (being Freeman's meeting day) A. D. 1784.

VOTED, That the vote and act of this town, made and paſſed on the 21ſt day of Auguſt laſt, appointing a Committee to confer and correſpond with other towns in this ſtate, upon certain ſubjects * therein mentioned, be, and the ſame is hereby declared to be void, and of no further effect or uſe, as far as relates to this town.

* *Commutation.*

ALEXANDRIA, *May* 6.

By the Bermuda Gazette of March 27th, it appears that a number of thoſe unfortunate people called refugees, from New-York, have arrived there in the Joſeph tranſport, and have ſolicited the aſſiſtance of the charitable and humane inhabitants of that iſland—that very generous contributions have been made for their relief.

A letter from London, dated March 20, mentions, that the brigantine Two Friends, Capt. Chriſtian, from George-Town for London, foundered at ſea in lat. 49:—the Captain and people were ſaved by a ſhip being fortunately in company.

The Peggy, Captain Nixon, from Whitehaven, is arrived at this port. On the 21ſt of February he ſpoke an American ſhip from St. Domingo, bound to Nantz, who had taken up the crew of the brigantine Marquis de la Fayette, from New-London for Belfaſt, Joſeph Franklin, maſter.—On the 13th of April, in lat. 34, 45, long. 71, 40, he ſpoke the brigantine Tyger, Captain Sticks from New-York, bound to Cape-Francois.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 12.

On Monday night, the third inſtant, after a ſhort illneſs, departed this life, in the 77th year of his age, Mr. ANTHONY BENEZET, one of the people called Quakers. His catholiciſm in religion, his univerſal philanthropy, his unwearied acts of benevolence, endeared him to all who knew him. He was kind without reſerve, courteous without deceit, and charitable without oſtentation. The fertile boſom of the poor, which yields an hundred fold, was the receptacle of his annual income. He induſtriouſly laboured throughout a long and moſt uſeful life, to advance the beſt intereſts of mankind, in an humble and private ſphere. For ſome years paſt he devoted his attention conſiderably to the education of Negroe and Mulattoe children, from a deſire that they might hereafter prove uſeful members of ſociety, and worthy of that freedom to which the humane and righteous law of this commonwealth, paſſed in 1780, has reſtored them; and to this uſe, we underſtand, he has given all his property (above 2000l.) after providing for his ancient and feeble widow.

Monday at noon, the ſheriff, attended by the proper officers, made proclamation of the Definitive Treaty of Peace concluded between America and Great-Britain. At the ſame time the ſtate flag was hoiſted on Market-ſtreet wharff, and in the evening the tranſparent Paintings which were deſigned in celebration of the General Peace, and were to have been ſhewn on the evening of the 22d of January laſt, but prevented by an unfortunate accident, being revived by ſubſcription, and executed by the ingenious Mr. Peal, were exhibited, and afforded great ſatisfaction to many thouſands of ſpectators. It is, perhaps, needleſs here to enter into a deſcription, as a particular account of them has been already publiſhed.

Monday, at the annual meeting of the contributors to the relief and employment of the poor in the city of Philadelphia, the following gentlemen were unanimouſly choſen :----Managers, William Ruſh, Iſaac Snowden, William Henry, Andrew Tybout, John Woods, George Schloſſer, Philip Kinſey, George Emlen, John Bayard, John Wharton, Frederick Kuhl, Joſeph Rakeſtraw :---Treaſurer, Chriſtopher Marſhall, junior.

Between 9 and 10 o'clock laſt Thurſday evening, a young man paſſing along Fifth-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, in this city, was met by five perſons unknown, dreſſed like ſeamen, who ſtopped him, and one of them preſenting a piſtol demanded his watch, which he delivered, with two dollars in ſilver; notwithſtanding one of the villains ſtruck him violently with a club, and another ſtabbed him thro' the cheek with a bayonet. Upon the cry of murder raiſed by the ſufferer they made off.

His moſt Chriſtian Majeſty's packet boat the Warwick, commanded by Monſieur de Siouville, arrived at New-York on the 3d inſtant, after a paſſage of 76 days; the mail is left at the Poſt-office.

Capt. Caldwell, in the brig Favorite, from London, on his paſſage the 13th ult. in lat. 44, long. 47, ſpoke the ſhip Congreſs, Capt. Knox, from this port for Londonderry, all well.

Thurſday laſt arrived here the ſhip Providence, Capt. French, from Cork, with 150 ſervants and paſſengers.

The brig Olive-branch, Capt. Davis, is arrived at Boſton, in 26 days from London.

The General Gates, -------, is arrived at Glaſgow from Virginia, loaded with tobacco.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Pleaſe to give the following a place in your paper, and thereby oblige a number of the Militia.

WHEREAS I, the ſubſcriber, did ſome time ago make uſe of ſome unguarded expreſſions againſt the Militia of this city, very unbecoming, and by them unmerited: I do therfore, in this public manner, voluntarily acknowledge that I have acted very improper, being fully perſuaded the militia are entitled to every applauſe which a generous country can beſtow.

PETER BRYANT.

(Witneſs)
CONRAD RUSH, Capt.
PETER OZEAS, Lieut.
LEWIS FARMER. Philad. May 7, 1784.

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experience, many Inconveniences ariſing from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as uſual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN o'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

A VERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY,

The 25th Inſtant, at XII o'CLOCK, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

Will be SOLD by public Vendue,

PART of that elegant COUNTRY SEAT, formerly owned by Captain John M'Pherſon, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, four miles from the city, containing 22 acres and 3 quarters, 5 of which are watered meadow. There are on the premiſes, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, an excellent ſtone quarrey, and an excellent ſhad fiſhery. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

SICKLES AND SCYTHES,

IN large or ſmall quantities, are now preparing for the enſuing harveſt, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at the Sickle and Scythe, in Front-ſtreet, between Pine-ſtreet and the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. EVAN TRUMAN.

N. B. Said Truman makes all ſorts of mill-irons, branding-irons, ſmiths bellows, and ſmiths work in general, in the beſt and neateſt manner; alſo hath for ſale, fullers, tobacconiſts, timber and millers ſcrews, and a quantity of grindſtones of the beſt quality.

Orders directed to Robert Lewis and Sons, and Levi Hollingſworth, in Philadelphia; or Thomas Clarkſon and Co. in Portſmouth, Virginia, will be gratefully received, and punctually attended to. ¶ 6 w

Juſt imported in the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool, and other late veſſels from England, and to be ſold, by

WILLIAM SADLEIR,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, two doors below Market-ſtreet (late Mr. Andrew Caldwell's) an aſſortment of

Yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, white and brown ſheetings; and

MANCHESTER GOODS:

Among which are,

COTTON and linen checks of different widths,
Linen, ſilk and cotton handkerchiefs,
Romals, pullicats and ſhawls,
Printed linens, cottons, calicoes, and a few neat patches of chintz,
Dutch, French & Queens cord,
Brown and white jeans, and
jeanets,
Printed ditto,
Corduſets, ſnowdinets and ſattinets,
Royal ribs and ribdelewrs,
Denims,
Thickſets,
Printed and plain velvets,
Velverets,
Princes ſtuffs, &c.

Alſo an extenſive aſſortment of Birmingham and Sheffield GOODS; ſuch as japanned ware, knives and forks, penknives, ſciſſars, carpenters tools, ſadlery, &c. with various other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. The above goods are purchaſed from the manufacturers, and to be ſold by the invoice or package. Said Sadleir is determined to ſell them at the loweſt prices for caſh, good bills of exchange, or produce. Tbc.

Juſt imported, and to be SOLD by

JAMES REYNOLDS,

At his LOOKING-GLASS STORE, the GOLDEN BOY, near the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in Third-ſtreet,

A GREAT Variety of Engliſh, French and Dutch Looking-Glaſſes, beſt London made Paper Hangings, japanned Waiters, Trays, Bread Baſkets, Mugs, Cans, &c. &c. at very low Prices, and of the beſt Workmanſhip.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the weſt ſide of the main ſtreet, in Germantown, an airy, high ſituation, commanding an agreeable proſpect of the adjacent country; the houſe is 45 feet front and 40 deep, two ſtories high, four rooms on a floor, all finiſhed in the moſt elegant manner; there are alſo ſuitable back buildings, all in good order, and a pump of excellent water in the yard; the lot contains about two acres, on which are an orchard of the beſt grafted fruit of various kinds, a large garden, pailed in. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to David Deſhler. † *Pbilad. May* 11.

WANTED,

At the BOARDING SCHOOL, at Burlington,

A PERSON to inſtruct YOUTH in the LATIN and ENGLISH Languages. A middle aged ſingle MAN will be moſt pleaſing, and none need apply who cannot produce proper recommendations.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 13th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

Among which are,-----A handſome collection of light and dark ground Chintzes remakably fine; alſo a quantity of excellent ſilk hoſe, and a large aſſortment of ribbands.

Alſo, on SATURDAY Morning,

The 13th of May, at 10 o'clock, will be ſold, Houſhold Furniture and Groceries, as uſual.

And in the AFTERNOON, at two o'clock, will be continued the ſale of Dry Goods, as on Thurſday. May 12, 1784.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

MADE his eſcape from the Sheriff of Cheſter county, on the night of the 29th inſtant, a certain Thomas Semple, born in Ireland, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, ſandy complexion, his hair tied behind; had on a brown cloth coat, with a falling collar of blue velvet, white cloth breeches, pale blue cloth jacket, ſmall hat bound with black tape, a weaver by trade, has a wife living in Weſt Fallowfield, about which place it is probable he will reſort; has ſerved in the American army, in which ſervice received a wound in his left hand, that has diſabled his finger next the fore finger, ſo that it is cloſed in the palm of his hand. He was charged with horſe ſtealing. Any perſon that ſecures the ſaid Semple in the county goal of Cheſter ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff. *April* 30. ¶

To be SOLD at private Sale,

In the town of Reading, and county of Berks,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Penn-ſtreet, containing from eaſt to weſt on the ſaid ſtreet 60 feet, and from north to ſouth 270 feet, whereon is built a large two ſtory brick houſe and other buildings, convenient for a ſtore or any other public buſineſs. For further information, enquire on the premiſes.

April 28. 1784. ¶ BALTASER ODENHEIMER.

To be SOLD,

A BEAUTIFUL, full blooded covering HORSE. His ſire was the famous Wildair, and was reputed one of the higheſt bred horſes in England. His dam was got by Old Sterling, or Thorn's Grey; his grand-dam by Old Oliver, out of a full-blooded Dawſon mare. He is in fine order and may be ſeen at the Subſcriber's ſtable in Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia; where is alſo to be ſold a valuable Horſe for a Chair or other carriage.

¶ WILLIAM LEWIS.

STURGEON,

Cured in the Baltick manner, to be SOLD by

ELIZABETH PHILIPS,

in Kenſington, near the Long Bridge, either for exportation or home conſumption,

SHE has followed the ſame buſineſs for upwards of thirty years, has given general ſatisfaction to her former cuſtomers, and hopes for the continuance of their favors. She warrants the ſaid fiſh to keep in the hotteſt climates, by obſerving the following directions: Take out the bung and draw the pickle into a clean earthen pot or pan, then take out the marked head, harden on the hoops again, and pour the pickle over the fiſh, putting a clean cloth under the head of the keg to prevent the air getting in; if the pickle waſte, add ſharp vinegar to it.

Said fiſh is alſo ſold by ABRAHAM SMITH, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, Philadelphia.

May 3, 1784.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that LOTT FORD, a free Mulattoe, is now in Suſſex County, Cedar Creek Hundred, and State of Delaware, which ſaid Lott Ford, in the time of his ſervitude with me, I ſold to a certain John Vinyard, as a ſubſtitute to ſerve in the Delaware regiment during the war, or until he was free, it is now reported that ſaid John Vinyard hath ſold ſaid Lott Ford as a ſlave for life. Therefore I requeſt thoſe whom it may concern, to make their claim in due time, that I may have an opportunity to extricate myſelf from the cenſure of fraudulently ſelling ſaid mulattoe as a ſlave for life. † JOSEPH POLK, junior.

To be SOLD for CASH,

Or exchanged for GOODS,

FIVE hundred acres of valuable LAND, in Lancaſter county, Colerain townſhip, 12 miles diſtant from the canal now opening from the river Suſquehanna, 22 miles from the navigable waters of the Delaware; two mill-ſeats on the tract from two large ſtreams of water, on one of which there is a ſaw-mill erected, with 30 feet fall, 20 acres of meadow ground, 100 of which is bottom land, extraordinary for raiſing hemp; the other 100 watered bank; the plough land level and clear of ſtone, produces from 20 to 30 buſhels of wheat per acre; the land is good for paſture, and capable of being improved to a ſtock-farm or water-works, equal to any tract of the ſame quantity in the county. There are 85 acres of cheſnut timbered land at the diſtance of one mile and three quarters goes with, and is ſufficient to ſupport the farm with the beſt of fence rails. A cool fountain, and a ſmall eminence, near the center, from which the whole farm lies to view, and may be a pleaſant and healthy country ſeat. For further particulars, enquire of John M'Dowel, Eſq; of this city; James Mercer, Eſq; of Lancaſter county; Joſeph Luckey, Eſq; of Cheſter county; Mr. David Poe, merchant, of Baltimore Town; or Mr. Robert Finney, on the farm. ¶

Philadelphia, May 11, 1784.

WAS loſt laſt February, on the great road between New-Caſtle and Nottingham brick Meeting-houſe, a large bundle of papers, bonds, notes, book accounts and contracts, with the name Patterſon Bell inſerted in ſeveral places. Any perſon that may have found them, and will leave them with Mr. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, in New-Caſtle, or the Innkeeper at the brick Meeting-houſe, ſhall be generouſly rewarded and paid for all trouble. †

TO BE LET,

For the Summer ſeaſon, or one year, to a genteel Family,

A Large and convenient Houſe with ſix rooms, cellars under the whole, waſh-houſe, ſtable, chaiſe houſe, Kitchen and flower gardens, a large ſtony fiſh pond, &c. &c. on an excellent ſpot of ground, commanding a fine proſpect of ſeveral gentlemens country ſeats and farms; about four miles from the city, ſituated in a lane leading from Nice-town, on Germantown road, towards Schuylkill on the falls, in the Northern-Liberties, now or late in the tenure of Major M'Pherſon. Enquire of LEWIS TREICHEL, the upper end of Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Barracks.

N. B. To be entered on immediately. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Montgomery townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 26th ult. a brown MARE, about 14 hands high, having neither brand nor ear mark, ſuppoſed to be about 6 or 7 years old, ſhod all round, trots and paces. Any perſon proving his property, and paying charges, may take her away.

May 12. ¶ THOMAS BATES.

THE Subſcribers, priſoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, to have the benefit of the inſolvent law; they are therefore requeſted to appear at the Courthouſe in Bridgetown on Wedneſday, the third of June next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of their eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be diſcharged according to ſaid law.

Cumberland Goal, EDWARD KETCHUM,
April 28 1784. THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

For AMSTERDAM,
The Ship *Adolph*,

A fine new ſhip, with excellent accommodations,

WILL ſail about the 20th inſtant; for Paſſage apply to MATTHEW CLARKSON, in Arch-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the gate of the Friends Burial-ground. § *Philad. May* 3, 1784.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 13th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of Land, containing 100 acres, ſituate in the townſhip of New Garden, bounded by lands of Thompſon Parker, James Millhouſe and others; thereon may be made a large proportion of excellent watered meadow. Late the eſtate of Benjamin Sharp, but ſeized and taken in execution, by

Cheſter, April 9, WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 14th day of May enſuing, on the premiſes, a Meſſuage and Tract of Land, ſituate in the townſhip of Weſt Fallowfield, containing 200 acres, bounded by lands of John Watſon, William Noble and others. Late the eſtate of William Vogan, but ſeized and taken in execution, by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff.

Cheſter, April 9.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 100 acres of good LAND, ſituate in the townſhip of Williſtown, and county of Cheſter, 20 miles from Philadelphia, and 12 from Cheſter, in a very healthy and pleaſant part of the country, convenient to ſeveral places of worſhip, mills, &c. There are on the premiſes a new ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, a large ſtone kitchen adjoining it, both of which have good cellars under them, a never failing well of excellent water near the door, alſo a good ſpring of water, with a ſtone houſe over it, a good frame barn and ſtables, and apple orchard, conſiſting of various kinds of fruit. There are about 60 acres cleared, 10 of which are meadow, well watered by a conſtant ſtream, and as much more may be made at a ſmall expence; the wood land is extraordinary well timbered; the whole in good repair, and the title indiſputable.

¶ JOSEPH HIBBARD.

April 12, 1784.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the Subſcriber living in Wilmington, New-Caſtle County, on Monday the 29th of March laſt, from Duck Creek in ſaid County, where he was ſent on Buſineſs, and from whence he took a conſiderable Sum of Money with him the Property of his Maſter, a Negroe Lad named BEN VALENTINE, bred in Wilmington, about 16 Years of Age, 5 Feet 7 Inches high or thereabout, ſlim-made, ſomewhat bow leged, one of his Ancles a little thicker than the other, has an agreeable Countenance, is ſmart and active, and can read and write tolerably well; having had a Bit cut off the End of one of the Fingers of his left Hand, a very remarkable Nail has grown thereon: Had on when he left Home, a white Linen Shirt and Stock, with a black or croſs-bar'd Silk Handkerchief, a good Londonbrown Forreſtcloth Coat, with flowered top'd Buttons, a double breaſted Jacket, of a rediſh Colour, with different Metal Buttons, Buckſkin Breeches, black Wollen Stockings, with white Ones under them, ſtrong Shoes, the Toes capt, large ſquare Blocktin Buckles, a ſmall round Wool Hat, and an old Surtout Coat, of a Snuff colour. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and ſecures him in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges (beſide Half of the Money found with him) if brought to JAMES ADAMS.

N. B. As the above deſcribed Negroe has been at the Printing Buſineſs upwards of a Year its probable he may offer his Service as a Preſs-man one Place or other. If he ſhould take a Notion of going to Sea, all Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to engage him in that Service.

To be LETT, a Houſe in High-ſtreet, oppoſite the upper Market-houſe in the flouriſhing Borough of Wilmington, New-Caſtle County, well contrived for the mercantile Way; and on Account of its Situation for Buſineſs, and a delightful proſpect of the River Delaware and Chriſtiana Creek from the Door, is equal to any in the place---Inquire of the Printer there.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Greenwich townſhip, Suſſex county, Weſt New-Jerſey, on the night of the 5th day of March laſt, a Negroe Man, named DICK, of a yellow complexion, thick lips, and about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high; the fingers of his right hand are bent ſo that he cannot ſtreighten them. Had on, and took away with him, a blue cloth coat with white lining, old buckſkin breeches, a pair of ſtriped cotton overalls, a new linſey jacket not milled, and an old wool hat. The ſaid Negroe lately belonged to Thomas Ruckman, in Mount-Bethel, Northampton county, Pennſylvania, but now to the ſubſcriber. It has been reported ſince he went away that he paſſes for a free Negroe. All perſons are hereby forbid to harbour or employ him. It is ſuppoſed that ſaid Dick is harboured in or about Eaſton. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe and ſecures him in any county goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid, by

April 17, 1784. § THOMAS BARBER.

THOSE perſons indebted to the ſubſcriber for goods bought at his vendues, whoſe notes and accounts, &c. are due, are requeſted to make immediate payment (to prevent coſt) to Mr. ROBERT SHEWELL, of New-Britain townſhip, Bucks county, or to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia.

April 21, 1784. § GILBERT RODMAN.

Cheltenham townſhip, Philadelphia county, April 27, 1784.

STOLEN laſt night, out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, a large bay HORSE, near 16 hands high, about 8 years old, both hind feet white, a ſmall ſtar and ſnip, the ſtar inclines to one ſide, branded I. C. on the near buttock, off ſhoulder, and under the mane, was without any ſhoes when ſtolen. Any perſon apprehending horſe and thief ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have SIXTEEN DOLLARS reward, or EIGHT DOLLARS for either, paid by

BENJAMIN SHOEMAKER.

A BOOK, neceſſary for all Families.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling by JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, in Market-ſtreet, ROBERT BELL, in Third-ſtreet, JAMES MUIR, Bookbinder, Philadelphia; alſo by ROBERT HODGE, in New-York, and by all the Bookſellers in America,

BUCHAN'S Family Phyſician, *or*
DOMESTIC MEDICINE;

BEING a treatiſe on the prevention and cure of diſeaſes, by regimen and ſimple medicines; with a Diſpenſatory and complete Index, for the uſe of families.

N. B. This new edition contains great additions and improvements, by its original author, the celebrated Dr. BUCHAN, therefore the utility, neceſſity and advantage of poſſeſſing this extraordinary treaſure of health, muſt be very evident to all who are willing to be their own or their family phyſician, at the moderate price of Two Dollars. Tbctf

*** Conſiderable allowance to thoſe who buy dozens.

February 7, 1784.

TO BE LETT,

A COMMODIOUS ſtone HOUSE and lot of GROUND, containing 16 acres, with a large garden, pailed in, a well of excellent water, ſtable and oven, on the weſt ſide of Schuylkill, joining the Middle Ferry, the Houſe ſtands in a pleaſant ſituation, and commands a beautiful proſpect of the city and country. Any perſon inclining to rent the ſame, by applying to WILLIAM BISPHAM, in Blockley townſhip, may be informed of the terms. § March 6, 1784.

To be SOLD or LETT,

A HOUSE and PIECE of LAND, in the middle of Germantown, containing 7 acres and an half, one acre thereof where the houſe ſtands is ſituated near the market place, and is known by the name of Jones's Tan-yard, and the remainder of the land runs round and fronts on Benſel's lane, leading to Schuylkill. The houſe is pleaſantly ſituated and well finiſhed, and ſo is the tan-yard. The land is good and well improved, having a fine orchard of excellent fruit. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe or to take it on rent, is requeſted to apply to PETER MILLER, Conveyancer, in Third-ſtreet, or to the owner, GRIFFITH JONES, living on the premiſes.

Philadelphia, April 15, 1784.

RAN away laſt evening, an indented Iriſh ſervant BOY, named DANIEL COLLINS, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, has black curley hair; had on, when he went away, a grey cloth or green jacket, a pair of corduroy breeches, of an olive colour, his other clothes unknown. Whoever takes up ſaid boy and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, paid by PETER CONVERT, Tobacconiſt, living near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. ¶

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are deſired not to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

To the Officers of the *old* Pennſylvania line, who claim lands granted them in virtue of the King of England's proclamation of October 7, 1763, and ſurveyed in Virginia by the late General William Thompſon, appointed Deputy Surveyor for that buſineſs.

AT a meeting of a number of ſaid officers on the 18th of March, it was unanimouſly agreed to proſecute their claims in ſuch a manner as ſhould be deemed moſt expedient, at a general meeting of the officers, which is appointed to be held in Philadelphia on Monday, the 24th of May next, at the ſign of the Coneſtogoe Waggon, in Market-ſtreet. The propriety of preſenting a memorial to the Aſſembly of Pennſylvania at their next ſeſſion, for the purpoſe of ſtating their claims to that Houſe, and praying their appointment of an agent to lay the ſame before Congreſs, and to ſolicit an hearing and determination of their ſuit, agreeable to the ninth article of the Confederation, will then be taken into conſideration.

As it will be requiſite to provide a fund for that purpoſe, every officer who is deſirous to proſecute his claim, is hereby called upon to appear at that meeting, by himſelf or agent, and to furniſh his quota of the expences that may be deemed neceſſary, without which they will unavoidably be deprived of the well-earned reward of their ſervices.

Signed, by Order of the Officers met,

April 12, 1784. SAMUEL MILES, Chairman.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtament of JOHN BOLTON, late of Cheſter town, Kent county, Maryland, deceaſed, on THURSDAY, the 20th of May next, the following LOTS and Improvements, viz.

A Lot fronting on Queen and Fiſh-ſtreets, on which is a large convenient dwelling-houſe, with an entry, and two large rooms below and three above, and a ſtore-houſe, with cellars under each, kitchen, waſh-houſe, milk-houſe, ſtable, and garden with ſeveral fruit trees in it, a back yard paved with brick, and a pump of water at the door. This place has been occupied as a ſtand for mercantile buſineſs many years.

A Lot fronting on Fiſh-ſtreet, on which are two ſmall tenements.

A Lot on Front-ſtreet, well ſituated for mercantile buſineſs, and will admit of conſiderable improvements, viz. a wharff, ſtores, &c.

Two Lots, one fronting on Queen the other on Calvert-ſtreet.

Three Lots adjoining the town, which may be improved to great advantage, as they lie near the ground where WASHINGTON COLLEGE is now building.

Alſo, an excellent Meadow Lot, now under fence, and in graſs.

Attendance will be given and the terms made known, on the day of ſale, by THOMAS M'CLUER, Executor.

Cheſter Town, April 2, 1784.

All perſons having juſt demands againſt the above eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts properly atteſted, and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment. ‡ 7/6 tbc 6 w.

TO BE SOLD,

TWENTY acres of improved LAND, about four miles from the city, lying on a lane leading from the Wiſſahickon road to a public landing on Schuylkill, of which it has a privilege. There are on the premiſes, a good two ſtory brick houſe, a pump, a convenient barn and ſtables, an excellent orchard of near 200 trees, chiefly grafted, a variety of early and other cherry-trees, pears, raſberries and other fruit, all in their prime, a good garden, with a large quantity of aſparagus beds, and the whole in good order. For terms, apply to

Feb. 25. § JOHN BISSELL, in Third-ſtreet.

WHEREAS my wife JANE MILAM, has eloped from me without juſt cauſe, ſhe having married another in my abſence; this is to forewarn all perſons from truſting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof. April 5, 1784. § JOSEPH MILAM.

Wilmington and *Cheſter* Stage.

WILL next Monday, the 19th inſtant, begin to ſet off every *Monday*, *Wedneſday* and *Friday* mornings, preciſely at nine o'clock, from the George Inn at the corner of Second and Arch ſtreets; dine at the Widow Withy's at Cheſter; then proceed to the Indian King at Wilmington, and return to Philadelphia next day.

Price one dollar to Cheſter, and twelve ſhillings and ſix-pence to Wilmington. All baggage exceeding fourteen pounds to pay in proportion to 150 weight to a paſſenger.

The proprietors take this opportunity to return thanks to their cuſtomers, and to aſſure them they ſhall endeavour to merit a continuance of their favours. ¶

Philad. April 12. MICHAEL DENNISON, and Co.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Donegal townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant MAN, named JAMES M'COWN, about 5 feet 10 inches high, was born in the north of Ireland, and imported from Derry to Philadelphia in the ſhip Mary laſt fall; he is about 25 years of age, of a ſwarthy complexion, wears his own hair cut ſhort, a little inclining to curl, much pitted with the ſmall pox, round ſhouldered; had on and took with him, a blue broad cloth coat, with long ſkirts, alſo another cloth coloured ditto, black jacket and breeches, with a double row of buttons on the breaſt of the jacket, two pair ribbed worſted ſtockings, and ſeveral pair of yarn ditto, a pair of large ſquare braſs buckles, and ſeveral linen ſhirts. It is ſuppoſed he will attempt to get on board ſome veſſel, as he is fond of a ſeafaring life. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and other reaſonable charges, paid by me

¶ ANDREW BOGGS.

N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

Imported in the laſt veſſels from London, Liverpool, &c. and to be SOLD, Wholeſale and Retail, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At the Green Doors, the north-eaſt corner of Second and Cheſnut-ſtreets,---A neat and general Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Among which are the following ARTICLES:

SUPERFINE and ſecond Broadcloths,
Cloth coloured and white Caſſimers,
Rattinets and Shalloons,
Tammies, Durants and Calimancoes,
Green, cloth coloured, blue, pink, crimſon and brown Taboreens and Moreens,
Corduetts, Corduroy, Queens and Kings Cords, of the moſt faſhionable colours,
Spotted and plain Velvets and Velverets,
Green, crimſon and dove coloured Collar Velvets,
Thickſets and Pluſhes,
Dutch, Pruſſian, Emperor and Royal Ribs of various colours,
Prunella and Princeſs Stuffs,
Serges and Mecklenburghs,
Iriſh, Laval, Dutch and Royal Linens,
Kenting and Kenting Handkerchiefs,
Checked, ſpotted, ſtriped and plain Lawns and Kentings,
Minionet and Scotch Gauzes, plain, ſtriped and flowered,
Plain, figured and flowered Dimities,
Spotted Jeans and Tobines,
Checks and Check Handkerchiefs,
Mens and Womens Silk, Thread, Cotton and Worſted Hoſe,
A compleat aſſortment of white Threads, from No. 50, ſtitching, to No. 60, Scotch,
New Silk, Lungee, Pollicat and Barcelona Silk Handkerchiefs,
Striped and white Tapes, narrow and broad Bindings and Bobbins,
White and coloured Jeans and Jeanets,
Mens and Womens Thread and Leather Gloves,
Sewing Silk and Scarf Twiſt of all colours,
Ten and eleven quarter ſuperfine Cotton Counterpanes, &c. &c.
With a compleat aſſortment of Horn, Mohair, Baſket, Metal, Japan'd, Pearl, and Gold and Silver Spangled Buttons.

P. S. The ſaid Shields takes this opportunity of requeſting all thoſe that are indebted to him from his commencement in buſineſs in the year 1772, to the preſent time, to pay off their reſpective ballances, accounts, notes and bonds, on or before the firſt day of April next, as the neceſſity of having his books entirely ballanced at that time will oblige him to put them into the hands of an Attorney for recovery, without reſpect of perſons.

N. B. The ſaid John Shields having a genteel three ſtory brick HOUSE, with good conveniences of every kind, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, and directly oppoſite the one lately occupied by Col. Stewart, would be willing to exchange it for a few years with any perſon who may have a convenient houſe on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Market-ſtreet and the Draw-bridge. c. 6 w. *Philad. Feb.* 25.

To be SOLD at public Sale,

On the premiſes, on Wedneſday, the 26th day of May,

THAT large and convenient FARM, commonly known by the name of THE GREAT HOUSE PLANTATION, ſituate on Bohemia river, Cæcil county, Maryland, containing between 4 and 500 acres of land, about 150 of which is wood land. There is on the premiſes a large two ſtory brick houſe, four rooms on a floor, well finiſhed, with a brick kitchen and waſh-houſe adjoining, a new frame barn, ſtables, a ſtore-houſe and granary, with a wharff. About 12 acres of drained ſwamp meadow, and a large quantity of marſh that may be drained, a well of good water before the kitchen, with a pump, an orchard of young trees of the beſt grafted fruit. The ſituation is exceedingly pleaſant, commanding an agreeable proſpect of the river, which abounds with fiſh and wild fowl in their ſeaſon. It has been formerly a place where an extenſive trade has been carried on, which may again be revived, as the land carriage between it and Appoquinomy creek that empties into the Delaware is but about ten miles. The wharff and ſtores are conveniently ſituated for the landing and ſtoring grain, tobacco, &c. Further particulars, and the terms of payment will be made known on the day of ſale, where attendance will be given, by

JOHN HODGE BAYARD, and)
JOHN BAYARD, ſenior.)

WANTED, a Houſe-keeper, who will be allowed Forty Pounds a Year. None need apply but a perſon who can be exceedingly well recommended. Enquire of the Printers. 4 w.

To be SOLD by public Sale,

On SATURDAY, the 22d day of May next, at the houſe of MARK FAIR, in Robeſon townſhip, Berks county,

A TRACT of WOOD LAND in ſaid townſhip, containing 300 acres or upwards, the ſaid lands can be improved, and a good plantation made thereon, or ſuit well for a forge or furnace, as the ſame is exceeding well ſtocked with timber. Attendance will be given, by DANIEL LEVAN & Company.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

MAY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2815.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1784.

Juſt publiſhed and now ſelling at BELL's BOOK-STORE, Near St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet---
Price ONE THIRD OF A DOLLAR, *with conſiderable allowance to thoſe who buy Quantities to give away.*

AN APPEAL

To the SERIOUS and CANDID PROFESSORS of

CHRISTIANITY.

On the following Subjects.

I. The uſe of Reaſon in Matters of Religion.
II. The Power of Man to do the Will of God.
III. Original Sin.
IV. Election and Reprobation.
V. The Divinity of Chriſt, and
VI. Atonement for Sin by the Death of Chriſt.

By JOSEPH PRIESTLY, L. L. D. F. R. S.
And a Lover of the Goſpel.

To which are added, A conciſe Hiſtory of the Riſe of thoſe Doctrines; and the

TRIUMPH OF TRUTH;

Being an Account of the

TRIAL OF MR. E. ELWALL,

For Hereſy and Blaſphemy, at Stafford Aſſizes.

To us there is one God, the FATHER, *and one Mediator, the* MAN CHRIST JESUS-------1 Cor, viii. 6-------1. Tim. ii. 5.

N. B. For more particulars in the American Book-World, pleaſe to enquire for Bell's Sale Catalogue of New and Old Books, with the loweſt price printed to each Book, conſiſting of ſeveral thouſand Volumes, in Arts, Sciences and Entertainment, for perſons of all Denominations. Price A Quarter of a Dollar.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On the 29th inſtant, at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee-houſe,

EIGHT LOTS of GROUND, adjoining each other, four of them ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets from Schuylkill, each containing 25 feet front on Arch-ſtreet, by 153 feet deep.

The other four fronting on the middle of Cherry-alley, each 25 feet front, and 153 feet deep. *May* 17, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN on the 11th of this inſtant, out of the ſhed, at William Heaton's tavern, at the 14 mile ſtone, on the old York road, a bright bay MARE, ſaddle and bridle, 5 years old this ſpring, about 14 hands and an half high, one hind foot white, trots and canters well. Whoever ſecures and delivers ſaid mare to the owner, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county.

May 13, 1784. ¶ CORNELIUS SHEPHERD.

TO BE RENTED,

A genteel brick HOUSE,

On the north ſide of Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

IT is three ſtories high, and has two rooms on each floor, the front rooms up ſtairs are the whole width of the houſe, the ſtair-caſe is carried up in a ſeparate building, adjoining to which are a convenient brick kitchen, and a building very convenient for ſtoring goods, both two ſtories high; there are excellent dry cellars under the whole, and in good order; and beyond the buildings is a ſmall garden, fenced with good cedar pailing.

This houſe is excellently well ſituated for a gentleman in trade, and poſſeſſion may be had immediately. For further particulars apply to the printers. §

Philadelphia, 5th Month 11th, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large LOT of GROUND appurtenant, on the Main ſtreet in the town of Wilmington, Delaware State, inferior to none in the government for ſize and convenience, and is in compleat repair; poſſeſſion may be had immediately. If not ſold by the fifteenth of the ſixth month, next, then to be let. For terms apply in Cheſtnut ſtreet, near Third ſtreet, to ¶ JONATHAN DAWES.

N. B. Land, approved of, would be taken in payment.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks county, We, the ſubſcribers, appointed by the ſaid court to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the creditors of BENJAMIN LUKENS, late of the ſaid county, have appointed to meet at the houſe of AMOS DILWORTH, in Warminſter townſhip, on the firſt day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at which time all the ſaid creditors are deſired to attend, with their accounts properly atteſted, in order to have their dividends ſettled of the effects of ſaid Lukens, which have been attached by the Sheriff of the ſaid county.

DANIEL LONGSTRETH,
April 24, 1784. § ISAAC HOUGH,
ROBERT COMLY.

Douglaſs townſhip, Berks county, April 27, 1784.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber being wrongfully accuſed by one MARY WOULBERT, who, through the inſtigation of ſome of her lovers, hath ſworn that ſhe is big with child by me, and I being through threatening and perſuaſion compelled to marry her; but having ſince found out that ſhe ſwore the child to the wrong perſon, I therefore deſire all perſons not to truſt the ſaid Mary Woulbert any thing on my account, for I will not pay any thing of her contracting from the date hereof, and never keep houſe with her. § PETER ECKEL.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, in the night of the 5th inſtant, a black horſe, 7 years old laſt ſpring, neither brand nor ear mark, his mane and foretop thin and ſhort, a ſmall ſtar hardly perceivable, ſomewhat hollow backed ſhod all round, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, carries well when mounted; he is ſuppoſed to be taken by two men, the one middling luſty, with a purple cloth coat, corduroy breeches, a round hat, with mourning round it; the other a ſmall ſized man, with a blue coat, a large cocked hat; they ſay they have been light horſe men. Whoever will deliver the horſe and thief or thieves to the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Four Dollars for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

April 9, 1784. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experience, many Inconveniences ariſing from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as uſual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN o'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

A VERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY,

The 25th Inſtant, at XII o'CLOCK, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

Will be SOLD by public Vendue,

PART of that elegant COUNTRY SEAT, formerly owned by Captain John M'Pherſon, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, four miles from the city, containing 22 acres and 3 quarters, 5 of which are watered meadow. There are on the premiſes, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, an excellent ſtone quarrey, and an excellent ſhad fiſhery. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

Juſt imported in the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool, and other late veſſels from England, and to be ſold, by

WILLIAM SADLEIR,

At his ſtore in Water-ſtreet, two doors below Market-ſtreet (late Mr. Andrew Caldwell's) an aſſortment of

Yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens, white and brown ſheetings; and

MANCHESTER GOODS:

Among which are,

COTTON and linen checks of different widths,
Linen, ſilk and cotton handkerchiefs,
Romals, pullicats and ſhawls,
Printed linens, cottons, calicoes, and a few neat patches of chintz,
Dutch, French & Queens cord,
Brown and white jeans, and jeanets,
Printed ditto,
Corduſets, ſnowdinets and ſattinets,
Royal ribs and ribdelewrs,
Denims,
Thickſets,
Printed and plain velvets,
Velverets,
Princes ſtuffs, &c.

Alſo an extenſive aſſortment of Birmingham and Sheffield GOODS; ſuch as japanned ware, knives and forks, penknives, ſciſſars, carpenters tools, ſadlery, &c. with various other articles, too tedious to mention.

N. B. The above goods are purchaſed from the manufacturers, and to be ſold by the invoice or package. Said Sadleir is determined to ſell them at the loweſt prices for caſh, good bills of exchange, or produce. Tbc.

Juſt imported, and to be SOLD by

JAMES REYNOLDS,

At his LOOKING-GLASS STORE, the GOLDEN BOY, near the Bunch of Grapes Tavern, in Third-ſtreet,

A GREAT Variety of Engliſh, French and Dutch Looking-Glaſſes, beſt London made Paper Hangings, japanned Waiters, Trays, Bread Baſkets, Mugs, Cans, &c. &c. at very low Prices, and of the beſt Workmanſhip.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the weſt ſide of the main ſtreet, in Germantown, an airy, high ſituation, commanding an agreeable proſpect of the adjacent country; the houſe is 45 feet front and 40 deep, two ſtories high, four rooms on a floor, all finiſhed in the moſt elegant manner; there are alſo ſuitable back buildings, all in good order, and a pump of excellent water in the yard; the lot contains about two acres, on which are an orchard of the beſt grafted fruit of various kinds, a large garden, pailed in. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to David Deſhler. † *Philad. May* 11.

HEWES & ANTHONY,

Have for SALE, at their STORE, the North Side of Cheſnut-ſtreet Wharff,

EXCELLENT high Proof Jamaica Spirits,
New-England Rum,
Molaſſes,
Choice old Claret in Hogſheads,
Spermaceti and Tallow Candles,
Hyſon and Green Tea,
A Quantity of Nuremberg Goods, conſiſting of ſmall Looking-Glaſſes, Snuff-Boxes, Toys, &c.
Some Trunks of Womens Stuff Shoes,
4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. Engliſh Nails,
German and Swediſh Steel,
A few Boxes candied Fruit and Roſolis,
Ten Tierces Sulphur,
A few Bags good new Hops,
200 Barrels pickled Fiſh, and a few Quintals dry Cod-Fiſh.

Juſt imported in the laſt veſſels from France and England, and to be SOLD by

DONNALDSON & COXE,

At their STORE in Walnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,---A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

ſuitable to the Seaſon. Philad. May 7. tbctf

TO BE SOLD, by

JOHN LOWNES,

In Third-ſtreet, near Cheſtnut-ſtreet,
A few hundred weight of the beſt kind of

CHESHIRE CHEESE,

In good order. Alſo CLOVER and TIMOTHY GRASS SEEDS. §

The UNITED STATES in CONGRESS aſſembled,
APRIL 27, 1784.

CONGRESS reſumed the conſideration of the report of the GRAND COMMITTEE appointed to prepare and report to Congreſs, the arrears of intereſt on the national debt, together with the expences for the year 1784, from the firſt to the laſt day thereof inclusive, and a requiſition of money on the ſtates, for diſcharging the ſame, which being amended to read as follows—

RESOLVED,

THAT there will be wanting for arrears of intereſt on the national debt to the end of the year 1783, and for the intereſt of the foreign debt and ſervices of the preſent year 1784, from the firſt to the laſt day thereof inclusive, the following ſums expreſſed in Dollars, tenths and hundredths of Dollars.

The civil department, -	107525 33	
The military department,	200000	
The marine department,	30000	
Purchaſes of Indian rights of ſoil, and the incidental expences, -	60000	
Contingencies, - -	60000	
		457525 33
Debts contracted and ſtill unpaid for ſervices of 1782 and 1783, -		1000000
Intereſt on the national debt as follows:		
FOREIGN DEBT.		
1782. Dec. 31. Three years intereſt on the Spaniſh loan of 150000 dollars, at five per cent - - -	22500	
1783. Dec. 31. Spaniſh loan, one year, - -	7500	
To the Farmers General of France, livres 846710 5 -	7840	
1784. June 1. Dutch loan of 1800000 florins, at 5 per cent.	35000	
Sept. 3. French loan of 24 million livres at ditto, -	222000	
Nov. 5. Dutch loan of 10 million livres, guaranteed by France, - - -	74074	
Dec. 31. Spaniſh loan, -	7500	
Farmers General of France,	7840	
		384254
DOMESTIC DEBT.		
1782. Dec. 31. Loan-office debt, 11473802-26 at 6 per cent.	1184176	
Liquidated debt, 701404 at ditto, - - -	21042	
Army debt, 5635618 at do.	676272	
	1881490	
Deduct the requiſition of September 4, 1782. -	1200000	
		681490
1783. Dec. 31. Loan-office debt, - - - -	749050	
Liquidated debt, -	42084	
Unliquidated debt, eſtimated at 8 million dollars, ſuppoſe 1-3d now liquidated,	160000	
Army debt, - -	338136	
		1289270
Total, -		3812539 33

The committee were appriſed that the reſolutions of Congreſs of April the 18th, 1783, had recommended to the ſeveral ſtates the raiſing an annual revenue, for the purpoſe of diſcharging the principal and intereſt of the national debt, by the eſtabliſhment of certain impoſts, and providing ſupplementary funds for a given term of years, to be raiſed in ſuch a way as they might judge moſt convenient; but it occurred to them, that thoſe recommendations were ſtill under ſuſpence with ſeveral of the legiſlatures, ſome of them having as yet acceded to the impoſt only, and others decided neither on the impoſt nor ſupplementary funds: That however deſirable a compliance therewith is, for the preſervation of our faith, and eſtabliſhment of a national credit, yet as time has already elapſed, and more muſt elapſe before their final confirmation can be hoped, as, after it ſhall be obtained, time will alſo be requiſite to advance the plan to the term of actual collection, good faith requires that in the mean while other meaſures ſhould be reſorted to for the purpoſe of diſcharging the growing intereſt.

In the ſtatement of the intereſt due at the cloſe of the year 1782, the committee have ſuppoſed its amount leſſened by 1200000 dollars, required and apportioned by the reſolutions of Congreſs of September the 4th and 10th, 1782, and appropriated to the ſole purpoſe of paying the intereſt of the public debt. This requiſition gave licence to the ſtates to apply ſo much as ſhould be neceſſary of their reſpective quotas of it, to the payment of intereſt due on certificates iſſued from the Loan-office of their own ſtates, and other liquidated debts of the United States contracted therein. Hence they ſuppoſe it has happened, that the actual payments of theſe quotas have been uncommunicated to the Office of Finance for the United States. The committee are of opinion, that the ſtates ſhould be deſired to communicate to the Superintendant of Finance, the payments they have made under this requiſition, and where they have been incomplete, to haſten their completion, as the means ſtill relied on by Congreſs for the diſcharge of that part of the intereſt of the public debt—And while on this ſubject, they beg leave to add, that from the repreſentation to Congreſs by the Miniſter of France, referred to this committee, they learn that in ſome of the ſtates, a diſcrimination has taken place between the citizens of their own and ſubjects or citizens of other countries, which was not authoriſed by the ſaid reſolution: They are of opinion, that ſuch ſtates ſhould be required to reviſe and reform their proceedings herein, and to extend the benefits, both paſt and future, of this proviſion equally and impartially to all perſons within its deſcription.

Your committee then came to conſider in what way it would be beſt to call for the ſums requiſite for the ſervices before ſtated; and they thought it their duty in the firſt place to enquire, whether no ſurpluſſes might remain on former requiſitions of Congreſs, after the purpoſes were effected to which they were originally appropriated; under an aſſurance that it would be both the duty and ſenſe of Congreſs to apply ſuch ſurpluſſes, in every inſtance, towards leſſening the next requiſitions on the ſtates. They found in fact that ſuch a ſurplus would remain on the requiſition of October 30, 1781, for eight millions of dollars for the ſervices of the enſuing year, and that this ſurplus would be great from the following circumſtances:—That requiſition was eſtimated on ſuppoſition, that the continental army would be completed by the ſtates to its full eſtabliſhment; and that cloathing, ſubſiſtence and other neceſſaries for ſuch an army, muſt of courſe be provided. The ſtates were far ſhort of producing ſuch an army. Hence the calls for money were proportionally abridged. It was eſtimated too, on the further ſuppoſition that we might be diſappointed in the endeavours we were then exerting to borrow money both at home and abroad, and of courſe that the whole muſt be ſupplied by taxes. Loans however were obtained, and the ſurplus increaſed by this ſecond cauſe. A third circumſtance has further enlarged it. The payments on this requiſition have been ſmall and ſlow. Hence, inſtead of money, thoſe who ſerved and ſupplied the United States have received certificates only that money is due to them, and theſe debts have been tranſferred to the fund propoſed to be raiſed by way of impoſt: So that though the debts exiſt, they are removed from this to another fund. To know then the amount of this ſurplus, the committee extended their enquiries to the ſums actually received under this requiſition, the purpoſes to which they have been applied, and the anticipations thereof ſtill unſatisfied. They found that 1,486,511 71, only of the eight millions of dollars had been received at the Treaſury at the cloſe of the year 1783; that theſe had been applied to the ſervices of the years 1782 and 1783, and that for other ſervices of the ſame years, debts were contracted to the amount of about one million of dollars more, which depend for their diſcharge on further receipts under this requiſition; a ſtatement of the expenditures of which ſums ſhould be made out and forwarded to the Legiſlatures of the ſeveral ſtates. Your committee then are of opinion that a ſurplus of 5,513,488 28 dollars will remain of this requiſition, after anſwering all the demands which actually aroſe againſt it, which were not anſwered by other means, nor transferred to other funds; and that this ſurplus ought to be applied, ſo far as it will go, to the common purpoſes of the United States, ſo as to prevent new requiſitions on them till the old ſhall have been exhauſted, and to ſhew to thoſe who may have paid their whole quota of any requiſition, that they will not be called on anew till all the other ſtates ſhall in like manner have paid up their quotas.

Your committee found alſo that there was a requiſition of Congreſs of October 16, 1782, for two millions of dollars for the ſervices of the year 1783, on which ſome ſmall payments had been tendered, but that the Superintendant of Finance had found it better to receive and credit them as part of the eight millions. They are accordingly comprehended in the ſum before ſtated to have been paid in under that head.

Having thus ſtated the demands exiſting againſt the ſtates, the committee would have performed but half their duty, had they paſſed over unnoticed their condition to pay them. Their abilities muſt be meaſured in weighing their burthens. Their creditors themſelves will view them juſt relieved from the ravages of predatory armies, returning from an attendance on camps, to the culture of their fields—beginning to ſow, but not yet having reaped—exhauſted of neceſſaries and habitual comforts, and therefore needing new ſupplies out of the firſt proceeds of their labour. Forbearance then, to a certain degree, will ſuggeſt itſelf to them. Congreſs, entruſted with the diſpenſation of juſtice between the public and its creditors, will ſuppoſe both parties deſirous that their mutual ſituations ſhould be conſidered and accommodated. Your committee are of opinion that if the whole balances of the two requiſitions of eight and of two millions, ſhould be rigorouſly called into payment within the courſe of the preſent year, a compliance with ſuch call would produce much diſtreſs; and that a proportion ſhort of this ſhould be fixed on, within the reach of the leaſt as well as of the moſt able ſtates. They propoſe therefore that the ſtates be required to furniſh within the courſe of the preſent year, ſuch part of their deficiencies under the requiſition of eight millions, as, with their payments to the cloſe of the laſt year, will make up one half of their original quota thereof. And that theſe payments be appropriated in conformity with the ſtatement in the firſt part of this report, giving generally, where accommodation cannot be effected among the ſeveral objects, a preference according to the order in which they are arranged in the ſaid ſtatement.

But while this proportion of former deficiencies is of neceſſity called for, under the preſſure of demands which will admit neither denial nor delay, and the punctual compliance of every ſtate is expected, to enable the fœderal adminiſtration with certainty to ſatisfy theſe demands, it is earneſtly and warmly recommended to the abler ſtates, to go as far beyond this proportion in ſpecie, as their happier ſituation will admit; under an aſſurance, that ſuch further contributions will be applied towards diſcharging the public debts agreeably to the preceding ſtatement, and will be placed to their credit in the next requiſitions, with intereſt thereon from the time of payment; and alſo that before any further demand is made upon the ſtates, under the requiſition for two millions of dollars, or the requiſition for eight millions of dollars, Congreſs will reviſe the quotas of the ſeveral ſtates mentioned in the ſaid requiſitions reſpectively, and will make them agreeable to juſtice, upon the beſt information Congreſs may have when ſuch demand is made. But as all our exertions will probably fall ſhort of their full object, in that caſe it is believed that the public creditors, ſeeing the load of intereſt accumulated during the war, greater than can be diſcharged in the firſt year of peace, will be contented for the preſent to receive the earlier part of theſe arrears, and to rely for the reſidue on the efforts of the enſuing year.

Individual ſtates have at times thought it hard that while, in their own opinion, they were in advance for the United States on accounts exiſting and unſettled between them, they ſhould yet be called on to furniſh actual contributions of money. The committee obſerve in anſwer to this, firſt, that almoſt every ſtate thinks itſelf in advance; and ſecondly, that it has been the conſtant wiſh of Congreſs that theſe accounts ſhould be ſettled, and the contributions of each be known and credited. They have accordingly taken meaſures, and will continue their endeavours to effect theſe ſettlements: And as a further encouragement to haſten this deſirable work, the committee are of opinion Congreſs ſhould declare, that ſo ſoon as theſe accounts ſhall be ſettled, and it ſhall appear in favour of what ſtates balances ariſe, ſuch ſtates ſhall have credit for the ſame in the requiſitions next enſuing.

But it will be neceſſary to remind the ſtates, that no materials have yet been furniſhed to enable Congreſs to adjuſt the ultimate ratio in which the expenditures of the late war ſhall be apportioned on the ſtates. The confederation directs that this ſhall be regulated by the value of the lands in the ſeveral ſtates, with the buildings and improvements thereon. Experiments made however ſince the date of that inſtrument, for the purpoſes of ordinary taxation, had induced doubts as to the practicability of this rule of apportionment; yet Congreſs thought it their duty to give it fair trial, and recommended to the ſeveral ſtates on the 17th February, 1783, to furniſh an account of their lands, buildings and number of inhabitants, whereon they might proceed to eſtimate their reſpective quotas; but apprehending that the incompetence of the rule would immediately ſhew itſelf, and deſirous that no time ſhould be unneceſſarily loſt, they followed it with another recommendation of the 18th of April, 1783, to ſubſtitute in lieu of that article in the confederation another, which ſhould make the number of inhabitants, under certain modifications, the meaſure of contribution for each ſtate. Both theſe propoſitions are ſtill under reference to the ſeveral legiſlatures; the latter accompanied by the earneſt wiſhes, and preference of Congreſs, under full conviction that it will be found in event as equal, more ſatisfactory, and more eaſy of execution; the former only preſſed, if the other ſhould be rejected. The committee are informed that the ſtates of Connecticut, New Jerſey, Pennſylvania and South-Carolina, have acceded to the alteration propoſed; but have no evidence that the other ſtates have as yet decided thereon. As it is neceſſary that the one or the other meaſure ſhould be immediately reſorted to, they are of opinion it ſhould be recommended to the legiſlatures which have not yet decided between them, to come to deciſion at their next meeting.

In order to preſent to the eye a general view of the ſeveral exiſting requiſitions, and of the payments made under them, the committee has ſubjoined them in the form of a table, wherein the 1ſt column enumerates the ſtates; the 2d the apportionment of the 1,200,000 dollars; the 3d that of the 8 millions; the 4th that of the 2 millions; the 5th the ſums paid by the ſeveral ſtates in part of their reſpective quotas to the laſt day of the year 1783; and the 6th the ſums now required to make up one half of their reſpective quotas of the 8 millions, expreſſed in dollars, tenths and hundredths of dollars.

	Apportionment of the 1,200,000 dollars.	Apportionment of the 8 mil.	Apportionment of the 2 mil.	Paid of the 8 m. before Dec. 31, 1783.	Sums now required to make 1-2 of the 8 m.
New-Hampſhire,	48,000	373,598	80,000	3,000	183,799
Maſſachuſetts,	192,000	1,307,596	320,000	247,676 66	406,121 34
Rhode-Iland,	28,800	216,684	48,000	67,847 95	40,491 5
Connecticut,	133,200	747,196	223,000	131,577 83	242,020 17
New-York,	54,000	373,598	90,000	39,064 1	147,734 9
New-Jerſey,	66,000	485,679	110,000	102,004 95	140,834 55
Pennſylvania,	180,000	1,120,794	300,000	346,632 98	213,764 2
Delaware,	16,800	112,085	28,000		56,042
Maryland,	132,000	933,996	220,000	89,302 11	377,695 89
Virginia,	174,000	1,307,594	290,000	115,103 53	538,693 47
North Carolina,	88,800	622,677	148,000		311,338 5
South-Carolina,	72,000	373,598	120,000	344,301 57	12,453 5
Georgia,	14,400	24,905	24,000		
	1,200,000	8,000,000	2,000,000	1,486,511 71	2,670,987 89

Reſolved, That Congreſs agree to the ſaid report.

APRIL 28, 1784.

Congreſs reſumed the conſideration of the report of the grand committee, appointed to report the arrearages of intereſt, &c. ſo far as reſpected facilities, and the paragraph being amended to read as follows—

It remained laſtly to conſider, whether no facilities might be given to the payment of theſe ſums by the ſeveral ſtates. The committee obſerved that of the purpoſes for which money is wanting, about three fourths can be anſwered by nothing but money itſelf; but that the other fourth, conſiſting of intereſt on our domeſtic debt, may be effected by procuring a diſcount of the demand in the hands of the holders; an operation which will be ſhorter, and leſs impoveriſhing to the ſtate. And however, in times of greater plenty, the accuracy of fiſcal adminiſtration might require all tranſactions to be in actual money, at the Treaſury itſelf; yet till our conſtituents ſhall have had ſome reſpite from their late difficulties, it behoves us to prefer their eaſement. The committee are therefore of opinion that the ſeveral Legiſlatures may be admitted ſo to model the collection of the ſums now called for, that the three fourths of any ſum being paid in actual money, the other fourth may be diſcharged by procuring diſcounts of intereſt with our domeſtic creditors; always taking care that the collection of money ſhall proceed at leaſt in threefold proportion with the operations of diſcount. And to aſcertain the evidences of diſcount which ſhall be receivable in lieu of money, the holders of Loan-office certificates ſhall be at liberty to carry them to the office from which they iſſued; and the holders of certificates of other liquidated debts of the United States, to carry the ſame to the Loan-office of that ſtate wherein the debt was contracted, and to have the intereſt due thereon ſettled and certified to the laſt day of the year 1782; for which intereſt the Loan-officer ſhall give a certificate in ſuch form, and under ſuch cautions and inſtructions, as the Superintendant of Finance ſhall tranſmit to him; which certificates of intereſt being parted with by the holder of the principal, ſhall be deemed evidence that he has received ſatisfaction for the ſame, and therefore ſhall be receivable from the bearer, within the ſame ſtate, and from the ſtate when obtained from the bearer, in lieu of money in the proportion before ſtated; which payment in certificates by the ſtate into the public Treaſury, in the proportion that each ſtate avails itſelf of the facilities, ſhall be conſidered as a diſcharge of ſo much of the intereſt due upon the domeſtic debt, ſo that the three fourths or greater proportion, if any ſtate ſhould not avail itſelf of the facilities in the degree hereby admitted, paid in money at the ſame time, ſhall be applied, giving preference according to the above ſtatement, to the diſcharge of the expences of internal government, and the intereſt due upon the foreign debt. And where Loan-office certificates, iſſued after the firſt day of March 1778, ſhall be preſented to the Loan-officer, they ſhall be reduced to their ſpecie value, according to the reſolutions of Congreſs of June 28, 1780, that ſpecie value expreſſed on ſome part of the certificate, and the intereſt thereon ſettled and certified as in other caſes.

Reſolved, That Congreſs agree to the ſame.

APRIL 29, 1784.

Congreſs took into conſideration the report of a grand committee, to whom was referred the report of a committee on the ſubject of weſtern territory, and thereupon came to the following reſolution——

Congreſs, by their reſolution of September 6, 1780, having thought it adviſeable to preſs upon the ſtates having claims to the weſtern country, a liberal ſurrender of a portion of their territorial claims, by that of the 10th of October, in the ſame year, having fixed conditions to which the union ſhould be bound, on receiving ſuch ceſſions: And having again propoſed the ſame ſubject to thoſe ſtates in their addreſs of April 18 1783, wherein, ſtating the national debt, and expreſſing their reliance for its diſcharge on the proſpect of vacant territory, in aid of other reſources, they, for that purpoſe, as well as to obviate diſagreeable controverſies and confuſions, included in the ſame recommendation a renewal of thoſe of September the 6th, and of October the 10th, 1780; which ſeveral recommendations have not yet been fully complied with:

Reſolved, That the ſame ſubject be again preſented to the attention of the ſaid ſtates, that they be urged to conſider that the war being now brought to a happy termination by the perſonal ſervices of our ſoldiers, the ſupplies of property by our citizens, and loans of money from them as well as from foreigners; theſe ſeveral creditors have a right to expect that funds ſhall be provided on which they may rely for indemnification; that Congreſs ſtill conſider vacant territory as an important reſource: And that therefore the ſaid ſtates be earneſtly preſſed, by immediate and liberal ceſſions, to forward theſe neceſſary ends, and to promote the harmony of the union.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 20th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

In the various branches of Woolen and Linen Drapery, Hoſiery, Millinery, Ironmongery and Ship Chandlery.

Alſo, a neat Collection of JEWELLERY: conſiſting of——Two pearl necklaces and ear-rings ſet in marquizetts, a ſett of garnet ear-rings, necklace and hair ſprig, two marquizett hair ſprigs, one Gold Watch with equipage. All which may be viewed any time previous to the ſale.

The Collection of DRY GOODS being too large for one day's ſale, the ſame will be continued on SATURDAY Afternoon at half paſt two o'Clock. May 17.

Freſh Drugs and Medicines,

A general Aſſortment, juſt imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now on Sale by

DAVID JACKSON,

In Second-ſtreet, midway between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets,

ALSO, very elegant Surgeons pocket inſtruments, ſcalpels, beſt crown and ſpring lancets, neat lancet caſes, catheters, trocars, bolus knives, Apothecaries ſcales and weights, a general aſſortment of ſhop furniture, ſmelling bottles, marble mortars, phials, pill-boxes, camel hair pencils, a few ſetts of crayons, fine carmine, drop lake, flake white, &c.

Likewiſe the following PATENT MEDICINES, viz.

Godfrey's cordial, Anderſon's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pills, Turlington's balſam, Britiſh oil, eſſence of peppermint and Hill's American balſam.

N. B. With the above aſſortment is arrived a quantity of that moſt excellent drug, the RED BARK, which is now in the higheſt reputation, as a perfect cure for intermittent and other fevers. † May 19, 1784.

Joſeph, Jonathan and John Mifflin

HAVE juſt imported, in the Olive Branch, Capt. Willet, from London, A general Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they are now opening for Sale, at their Store in Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Walnut-ſtreet.

Now opening for SALE, by

DANIEL TYSON,

In Water-ſtreet, Mid-way between Market and Arch-ſtreets,——

A general Aſſortment of

European and Eaſt-India GOODS,

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from Europe. 4 w

TAKEN from a man, ſuppoſed to be a thief, A pair of ſilver mounted PISTOLS. Whoever hath loſt the ſame, by applying to Juſtice M'MULLIN, in Southwark, may have them again, on proving property, and paying coſts. May 13, 1784. ¶

CAME to the plantation of Daniel Benezet, ſen. near the Riſing Sun, A dark brown COW, branded on both horns. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH BASKET. May 17, 1784.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.

By Capt. Cox, from the Havanna, we learn, that the Spaniſh government there had exacted a very ſtrict obedience to their orders, ſome time before iſſued, for all Americans, with their veſſels, to leave the iſland, one American only being permitted to ſtay at the Havanna. Capt. Cox, with ſeveral others, were refuſed admittance into the port.

We alſo learn, that the ſhip Tartar, Capt. Forreſter, of this port, had been ſeized at Jamaica, as having arrived there contrary to the proclamation of the 2d of July laſt, iſſued by the Engliſh king in council.

This city has for a week or ten days paſt been infeſted by a gang of villains, who are robbing in the ſtreets and breaking houſes almoſt every night.

Laſt Wedneſday evening, a man and woman paſſing down Second-ſtreet, were attacked by three villains, who robbed the man and cut him acroſs the noſe, and the young woman they wounded with a knife in three places, in an attempt to cut her throat. The ſame gang, as is ſuppoſed, the ſame night, broke open two houſes in South-ſtreet, and a carpenter's ſhop on the Hill.

His Excellency the Preſident and Council have iſſued their proclamation, offering a reward of Three Hundred Pounds for diſcovering the villains, who, on Wedneſday evening laſt, robbed Mrs. Houſton and Mr. Leaming, in Penn-ſtreet, ſo that the perpetrators may be brought to juſtice; and alſo a full pardon to either of them on giving information of his accomplices, ſo that they may be convicted.

The Cruger, captain Jones, from Briſtol, arrived at New-York on Wedneſday night laſt in 44 days. By her we learn, that his Britannic majeſty, on the 25th of March, made the following ſpeech to both houſes of parliament, viz.

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

On a full conſideration of the preſent ſituation of affairs, and of the extraordinary circumſtances which have produced it, I am induced to put an end to this ſeſſion of parliament. I feel it a duty which I owe to the conſtitution and to the country in ſuch a ſituation, to recur as ſpeedily as poſſible to the ſenſe of my people, by calling a new parliament.

"I truſt that this meaſure will tend to obviate the miſchiefs ariſing from the unhappy diviſions and diſtractions which have lately ſubſiſted; and that the various important objects which will require conſideration, may be afterwards proceeded upon with leſs interruption and with happier effect. I can have no other object but to preſerve the true principles of our free and happy conſtitution, and to employ the powers entruſted to me by law, for the only end for which they were given, the good of my people."

Then the earl of Mansfield, lord chief juſtice of the court of king's bench, and ſpeaker of the houſe of lords, by his majeſty's command, ſaid:

"My Lords and Gentlemen,

"It is his majeſty's royal will and pleaſure, that this parliament be prorogued to Tueſday, the ſixth day of April next, to be then here holden, and this parliament is accordingly prorogued to Tueſday, the ſixth day of April next."

By the KING.

A PROCLAMATION,

For diſſolving this preſent parliament, and declaring the calling of another.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS we have thought fit, by and with the advice of our Privy Council, to diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands prorogued to Tueſday, the 6th day of April next: We do for that end publiſh this our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual, Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, and the Commiſſioners for Shires and Burghs, of the Houſe of Commons, are diſcharged from their meeting and attendance on Tueſday, the ſaid 6th day of April next. And we being deſirous and reſolved, as ſoon as may be, to meet our people, and to have their advice in parliament, do hereby make known to all our loving ſubjects, our royal will and pleaſure to call a new Parliament: And do hereby further declare, that, with the advice of our Privy Council, we have, this day, given order to our Chancellor of Great-Britain to iſſue out writs in due form, for calling a new Parliament; which writs are to bear teſte on Friday the 26th inſtant March, and to be returnable on Tueſday the 18th day of May following.

Given at our Court at the Queen's Houſe, the 25th day of March, 1784, in the 24th year of our Reign.

The town was yeſterday thrown into a very great ferment, by one of the moſt extraordinary incidents that ever happened in the annals of hiſtory. Some robbers having got out of the fields, over the garden wall of the Lord Chancellor's houſe, in Great Ormond ſtreet, from thence found means to get into the area, where they forced two bars of the kitchen window, and proceeding through it up ſtairs, made their way into a room adjoining to his Lordſhip's ſtudy. Here they broke open ſeveral drawers, and at laſt coming to that in which the great ſeal of England is depoſited, they took it out of the bag in which it was kept, and carried it off, together with two ſilver-hilted ſwords, and about 100 guineas in money.

The Great Seal conſiſts of two parts, about the ſize of a ſmall plate, one folding over the other, and the impreſſion made by it is on both ſides of the wax. The matter of which the ſeal is compoſed is chiefly ſilver, in value about 40l. but the workmanſhip amounts to a vaſt deal more.

Government have had information given them that Holland, in delaying the ſignature of the peace, has ſome covered deſign in agitation; that ſhe, in colluſion with France, is ſending out ſhips and forces to the Eaſt-Indies, where probably, on one pretext or other, the war will be renewed, when they obſerve the proper time to attack any poſſeſſions in that part of the world.

The Man of Weſtminſter has met with ſome very cutting retorts in the courſe of his peregrinations among the voters.---One ſhopkeeper had the aſſurance to tell him, that he would give his vote to a more honeſt man!

We can aſſure our readers, that if the coalition majority had proceeded one ſtep farther than they did, and either withheld the neceſſary ſupplies, or refuſed to paſs the mutiny bill, or ventured on any ſuch hardy and daring meaſures, addreſſes would have been preſented to the Crown from almoſt every regiment in the army; a criſis which the outrageous violence of coalition might indeed have rendered neceſſary, but from which the Britiſh conſtitution has been happily preſerved.

March 27. They write from Berlin, that the Pruſſian Miniſter at the Hague is inſtructed to oppoſe the treaty between France and Holland, which is certainly in agitation, and it is well known the influence of his Pruſſian Majeſty is much too powerful to be ſlightly treated on this occaſion.

*** The inhabitants of the county of Philadelphia are deſired to meet at Mr. JACOB NEFF's Tavern, at Cheſnut-Hill, on SATURDAY, the 19th of June next, in order to fix on a place that may be thought moſt convenient to erect the Court-Houſe, &c. for the county of Philadelphia, when divided from the city, as the place at preſent propoſed by the Honorable the General Aſſembly is by no means agreeable to a great number of the inhabitants of the county.

Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, Delaware ſtate, May 10.

NOTICE is hereby given to the ſubſcribers for erecting a BAPTIST MEETING-HOUSE, in the borough of Wilmington, that they are requeſted to meet at the houſe of Mr. BEZALEEL BENTLY, in ſaid borough, on THURSDAY, the 27th inſtant, at ten o'clock, to chooſe a TREASURER and MANAGERS to ſuperintend the building.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling at BELL's BOOK-STORE in Third-ſtreet---Price HALF A DOLLAR,

ILLUMINATIONS

FOR

Legiſlators and for Sentimentaliſts;

CONTAINING,

I. Sentiments on what is FREEDOM, and what is SLAVERY, By a FARMER.

II. Sentiments on LIBERTY, exhibited in Obſervations on the Revolution of America, By ABBE RAYNAL.

III. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, LAW, ARBITRARY POWER, LIBERTY, and SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS, By JOHN JAMES ROUSSEAU, originally of Geneva.

IV. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, and on the ENGLISH CONSTITUTION, By J. L. DE LOLME, Advocate, and Citizen of Geneva.

V. BELL's Addreſs to every Freeman; but eſpecially to the Free-Citizens of Pennſylvania, concerning a Tyrannical Embargoe now laid upon the Free-Sale of Books by Auction.

The moſt burthenſome of all Tyrannies, is that which is eſtabliſhed by Law.--------LIBERTY.

And with all thy getting, get Underſtanding -------The BIBLE.

N. B. A conſiderable variety of New Books, and Pamphlets, may now be had at ſaid Bell's Book ſtore in Third-ſtreet. §

IMPORTED in the brig CONVENTION, from DUBLIN, AND TO BE SOLD, By

Conyngham, Neſbitt and *Co.*

A GENERAL aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7 8ths and yard wide Iriſh Linens, Oſnabrigs, Loughreas, Sheetings, printed Linens, Threads, Kentings, Thread and Cotton Hoſe, a ſmall Package of Looking-Glaſſes, Porter in Hogſheads and Bottles, Old Hock in Hogſheads and Bottles, and about Thirty Tons of Limeſtone, with a great Variety of other articles. †

IMPORTED

In the Sally, Captain Dodgſon, and the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool,

And now opening for SALE,

On the reaſonableſt Terms, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his STORE, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the City Tavern,---

A handſome Aſſortment of

Manchester and other GOODS,

[*Particulars of which will be in our next.*]

To be SOLD cheap for CASH,

As the Owner ſails for England on Saturday next,

A HEARTY, ſtout, young NEGROE WENCH, has been uſed to both Town and Country Work, with a Female CHILD of five Months old. Enquire of the Printers, Philadelphia, May 18. ‡

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Captain JOHN VICARY, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them, properly proved, to

RICHARD RUNDLE, or)
SAMUEL COATS,) Executors.

c 4 w

To be SOLD at private Sale,

TWO Hundred Acres of Wood-land, about ten miles from Amboy, and about the ſame from New-Brunſwick, in Middleſex county, New-Jerſey; and 300 acres of uncultivated land in Northampton county, Pennſylvania, about 70 miles from Philadelphia: Likewiſe a right to 100 acres in the Gulph Hills. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and one third yearly, with lawful intereſt, until the whole is paid. Apply to ABIGAIL COLLEY, JONATHAN COLLEY, and JACOB PETERMAN. ¶

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 12th day of June next,

A PLANTATION, containing about 220 acres of good land, ſituate in Charleſtown, Cheſter county, within two miles of the Valley-Forge, joining land of Patrick Anderſon, Eſquire, Lewellin Davis, and others: There are on this farm a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with a ſquare log houſe joining thereto, and a cellar nearly under the whole, a good well of water within 8 feet of the kitchen fire, 19 days mowing of good meadow, and more may be made. It is capable of being made as good a farm as any within ſeveral miles. The title is good, and attendance will be given by the owner, HENRY MILLER. ¶

Lower Merion, May 14, 1784.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 11th inſt. DAVID LAWRENCE, an apprentice to the weaving trade, is a ſmart active lad, and hath upwards of two years to ſerve; had on and took with him, a coat and jacket of a light drab coloured homeſpun cloth, brown linen trowſers, a pair of half worn ſhoes and plated carved buckles, a felt hat, almoſt new, a good homeſpun ſhirt, and ſundry other ſummer clothes, alſo, a young rough black dog, with ſome white on his face and belly. Said lad is about 19 years of age, a ſtout fellow, about 5 feet 9 inches and an half high, ſtoops in his walk, loves ſtrong liquor, and has fair ſtrait ſhort hair. Whoever will ſecure ſaid apprentice in any goal in this ſtate, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, and TWO DOLLARS more for the dog, if brought home, paid by

§ ROBERT ELLIOT, near the Gulph.

CAME to the plantation of the Widow Kite, in Blockley townſhip, on the firſt day of May, a Black HORSE, about four or five years old, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, trots natural, and canters well, the owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

† JAMES COOPER.

For DUBLIN,

THE BRIG

CONVENTION,

ROBERT WORKMAN, Maſter;

EXPECTED to ſail about the 10th of June. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at STAMPER's Wharff, or CONYNGHAM, NESBITT & Co. †

N. B. As the Convention was purpoſely conſtructed for Dublin Harbour, ſhe delivers her cargoe at the Cuſtom-houſe Quay, which will be a great ſaving to the ſhippers. † May 18.

For Charleſton, South-Carolina,

The brig RUTLEDGE,

WINGATE NEWMAN, Maſter,

SHE is a new veſſel, and has very good Accomodations for Paſſengers, and will be continued in the trade, to ſail the 5th of June. For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to JOHN REDMAN, or the Captain on board ſaid brig, laying at Mifflin's Wharff, between Race and Vine-ſtreets. Philad. May 19, 1784.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue,

At the Northern Liberty Auction Store, on the 26th inſt. (May) at three o'clock in the afternoon,

THREE LOTS of GROUND, in Bath Town, one of them a very valuable lot at the interſection of Second-ſtreet with the Germantown road, having a front of 128 feet on each. The other two are each 20 feet front on two ſtreets, and are about 270 feet deep, from Pitt-ſtreet to Third-ſtreet, and are numbered in the plan of ſaid town, No. 1, No. 106, and No. 107. The conditions of ſale will be made known, and the plan of the ſaid town ſhewn, at the place of ſale. Likewiſe at Chriſtopher Baker's, at the corner of Second and Vine-ſtreets.

† JOSHUA CRESSON, Attorney to Samuel Emlen.

Richard Footman,

In THIRD-STREET, next door but one to the BUNCH of GRAPES INN, has imported in the Olive-Branch and Mildred, arrived from London,

A large aſſortment of *MERCHANDIZE,*

ſuitable to the ſeaſon. Among which are,

SILK roſetta handkerchiefs; needle-work, printed and check ditto; plain, ſtriped and check lawns; needle-work and ſouſſe aprons; nankeens; printed callicoes, cottons and chintzes; India chintzes and perſians; chip hats; plain and ribbed callimancoes; mantuas, perſians, ſarſnets and modes; copperplate furniture; plain and maſqueraded bengals; linen and cotton checks and ſtripes; thread and cotton hoſe; brown quadruple ſileſias; coloured crapes; corduroys and velverets; Marſeilles quilting and Dutch cord; cotton counterpanes; Flanders ticking and bed bunts; Iriſh linen, and oznaburgs; moreens, durants and dorſetees; 5 4 and 6 4 humhums and coſſaes; Scotch and coloured threads; broad Ruſſia diapers; beſt ſcarf twiſt; Holland tapes and boobins; pound and packet pins; brown and black buckrams; ſilk gloves and mitts; gartering and quality bindings; camſſiers; princes ſtuffs; everlaſtings; ruſſels; plain, ſpotted, ſtriped and ſouſſe gauzes, &c. &c.

Alſo, Beſt LONDON PORTER in Bottles. §

Juſt Arrived, and to be SOLD by

EPHRAIM CLARK,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, at the corner of Market and Front-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A NUMBER of new enamell'd and other Eight day and Thirty hour Clocks; likewiſe, capt and other Watches, warranted good, as well as an aſſorted invoice of Watch Materials and Tools, conſiſting of Cutting-nippers, Plyers, Tail-vizes, Screw-plates, Blow-pipes, Calipers, Saws, Screw-drivers, large and ſmall, Bench-vizes, Glaſſes, Chains, &c. &c. &c. Orders from the country carefully attended to.

N. B. Likewiſe Watches repaired as uſual. †

JOHN CLARK, Dyer in general,

In Second-ſtreet, the ſixth door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, informs the Public,

THAT he wiſhes to purchaſe a quantity of RAW SILK, either in the cocoons or reeled; and as a conſtant demand may be fully expected, he would wiſh to be informed by thoſe, who intend to raiſe any this year in any of the ſtates, what quantity they expect to have, for which he will give a good price. All letters on this ſubject (poſt paid) will be punctually anſwered.

N. B. A ſtout active boy, about 13 or 14 years of age, wanted as an apprentice to the Dying Buſineſs. § 8 w.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS Francis Alliſon, the ſon of Robert and Ann Alliſon, of Maryland, in North-America, and who ſerved his apprenticeſhip to a coach-maker in Philadelphia, left that place about 12 years ago, and has not ſince been heard of. If the ſaid Francis Alliſon be now living, he is requeſted to apply to Mr. *Ferguſon M'Ilwaine*, merchant, in Philadelphia, or to Meſſrs. *Parnther* and *Druce*, Sollicitors, in London-ſtreet, London, and he will hear of ſomething greatly to his advantage. If the ſaid Francis Alliſon is dead, any perſon, who can make that fact appear, is requeſted to give notice thereof as above, for the ſake of the family and friends of the ſaid Francis Alliſon.

May 17, 1784.

Ridley, May 15, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who have juſt demands againſt the Eſtate of JOHN KNOWLES, late of Ridley, in Cheſter county, deceaſed, that they bring in their accounts for ſettlement, agreeable to law; and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are earneſtly requeſted to make payment to

¶ JOHN CROZER, acting Executor.

Fourth Month, 28th, 1784.

ALL Perſons indebted to the eſtate of HENRY WILSON, late of the borough of Briſtol, Shop-keeper, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment. And thoſe perſons having demands againſt ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make them known to

LYDIA WILSON, Adminiſtratrix,
† RICHARD HARTSHORNE, Adminiſtrator.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber gave a Note of Twenty-five Pounds about a year ago, for a Tract of Land in Waſhington townſhip, Cumberland county, payable the Firſt day of May, 1784, unto a certain GEORGE COFMAN, and now I find that the ſaid George Cofman cannot give a proper title for ſaid land. I therefore forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment of ſaid note, as it was fraudulently obtained, I will not pay the ſame, unleſs compelled by law.

April 6, 1784. † GEORGE MESSEBOUGH.

RAN AWAY the night of the 9th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant Man, named JOHN O'SKULLION, he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, thin ſmooth face, thin noſe, full eyed, thin brown hair, had on and took with him a ſhort brown coat, with the ſleeves pieced with white cloth, a blue Sailor's jacket and corduroy breeches, a pair of old buckſkin ditto, two wool hats, one old, the other new, one tow ſhirt and one linen ditto. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by † ALEXANDER M'PHERSON.

May 17, 1784.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS Reward,

BROKE out of the county Goal of Newcaſtle, on Delaware, on the night of the 28th of April laſt, the three following NEGROE MEN, to wit; WILL, a ſtout made fellow, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and is very black, had on a blue coat, ſtriped green jacket, old buckſkin breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and an old round fur hat: BOB, about 17 years of age, a ſlim made fellow, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, had on an old ſtriped linſey jacket, old linen trowſers much worn, old yarn ſtockings, and an old fur hat: BILL, a ſlim made fellow, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, had on a dark linſey coat, ſtriped linen under jacket, old black breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up the above deſcribed Negroes, and ſecures them in any goal, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or in proportion for either of them.

† THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

New-Caſtle, May 1, 1784.

This is to give NOTICE,

THAT the Houſhold Goods, Kitchen Furniture, Horſes, Carriages, China, Books, and alſo a cellar well furniſhed with Wines of all kinds, belonging to the Miniſter of France, will be ſold by public Vendue, in his Hotel. The day of ſale will be fixed in the News-papers, and it will take place towards the end of this month. The Furniture, &c. will be ſeen eight days before the ſale, in his great hall; ſeveral of his Horſes are to be ſold from this day, and can be ſeen from 11 o'clock in the morning to one o'clock, at the ſtable adjoi ning to his houſe.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

Philad. May 6, 1784.

THE Subſcribers, having obtained Certificates for the deficiencies of cloathing to the amount of upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS, for each non-commiſſioned officer and private in the late JERSEY LINE, *who ſerved the full term of the War*; do hereby notify to all concerned, that they mean to attend at BRIDGETOWN, in Cumberland county, on the 28th of June next, and at TRENTON, from the 1ſt to the 3d of July.

† 7 W. J. PECK,) Agents.
Philad. May 12, 1784. J. BLAIR,)

SICKLES AND SCYTHES,

IN large or ſmall quantities, are now preparing for the enſuing harveſt, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at the Sickle and Scythe, in Front-ſtreet, between Pine-ſtreet and the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. EVAN TRUMAN.

N. B. Said Truman makes all ſorts of mill-irons, branding-irons, ſmiths bellows, and ſmiths work in general, in the beſt and neateſt manner; alſo hath for ſale, fullers, tobacconiſts, timber and millers ſcrews, and a quantity of grindſtones of the beſt quality.

Orders directed to Robert Lewis and Sons, and Levi Hollingſworth, in Philadelphia; or Thomas Clarkſon and Co. in Portſmouth, Virginia, will be gratefully received, and punctually attended to. ¶ 6 w

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Philadelphia, May 4, 1784.

WE the ſubſcribers hereby certify, that after ſeveral years blindneſs, we have been reſtored to ſight by the aſſiſtance of doctor Frederick W. Jericho, phyſician and occuliſt, who intends to leave Philadelphia the laſt of this month.

RUTH POTTS, of Potts Grove,
BARBARA HANSMAN, Second-ſtreet, above Vine-ſtreet.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 125 acres, ſituate in Cæcil county, and State of Maryland, ſix miles from the Head of Elk, and nine from Chriſtiana bridge; there is on ſaid premiſes a good mill ſeat on Big Elk, with 14 feet head and fall, 60 acres of cleared land, 8 of which is good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder is well timbered. An indiſputable title will be given. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. § HENRY M'COY.

Tredyffirin townſhip, Cheſter county, May 8, 1784.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday, the 2d of this inſt. an indented Iriſh ſervant man, named JEREMIAH DISMAN, a ſtout well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, has ſhort brown hair, a very ſullen down look, talks much on the Iriſh dialect; had on, and took with him, a new cloth coat, with ſkirts of a lead colour, an old red double breaſted jacket, old buckſkin breeches, old ſtriped trowſers, ſhoes tied with thongs, white woollen ſtockings, and an old felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ ABEL REES.

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

STOLEN, in the night of the 25th of April, from the ſubſcriber, living in Weſt-Nantmill townſhip, Cheſter county, the following articles, viz. a light coloured cloth Coat, with green ſpeckled horn buttons, three Waiſtcoats, one Nankeen, another black, and the other printed Linen, four Shirts, two of them ruffled, marked I C, five Holland Stocks, marked as the Shirts, three pair of Thread Stockings, a pair of Shoes and a pair of Pumps, a pair of plated Buckles, marked with the ſubſcriber's name in full, and two pair of Drawers, one of Nankeen, the other Linen. The above things were ſtolen by a certain WILLIAM FARRINGTON, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has ſhort black hair, a ſcar on his right cheek, one of the fingers of his right hand ſhot off, and has a paſs ſigned by Zebulon Potts, Eſquire. Whoever apprehends the Thief, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the owner get his things again, ſhall have the above reward, or in proportion for any part of them, paid by

† JOHN CRAWFORD.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

MADE his eſcape from the Sheriff of Cheſter county, on the night of the 29th inſtant, a certain Thomas Semple, born in Ireland, about 28 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, ſandy complexion, his hair tied behind; had on a brown cloth coat, with a falling collar of blue velvet, white cloth breeches, pale blue cloth jacket, ſmall hat bound with black tape, a weaver by trade, has a wife living in Weſt Fallowfield, about which place it is probable he will reſort; has ſerved in the American army, in which ſervice received a wound in his left hand, that has diſabled his finger next the fore finger, ſo that it is cloſed in the palm of his hand. He was charged with horſe ſtealing. Any perſon that ſecures the ſaid Semple in the county goal of Cheſter ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM GIBBONS, Sheriff. *April* 30. ¶

Philadelphia, May 11, 1784.

WAS loſt laſt February, on the great road between New-Caſtle and Nottingham brick Meeting houſe, a large bundle of papers, bonds, notes, book accounts and contracts, with the name Patterſon Bell inſerted in ſeveral places. Any perſon that may have found them, and will leave them with Mr. WILLIAM MONTGOMERY, in New-Caſtle, or the Innkeeper at the brick Meeting-houſe, ſhall be generouſly rewarded and paid for all trouble. †

To be SOLD,

A BEAUTIFUL, full blooded covering HORSE. His ſire was the famous Wildair, and was reputed one of the higheſt bred horſes in England. His dam was got by Old Sterling, or Thorn's Grey; his grand-dam by Old Oliver, out of a full-blooded Dawſon mare. He is in fine order and may be ſeen at the Subſcriber's ſtable in Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia; where is alſo to be ſold a valuable Horſe for a Chair or other carriage.

¶ WILLIAM LEWIS.

To be SOLD at private Sale,

In the town of Reading, and county of Berks,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Penn-ſtreet, containing from eaſt to weſt on the ſaid ſtreet 60 feet, and from north to ſouth 270 feet, whereon is built a large two ſtory brick houſe and other buildings, convenient for a ſtore or any other public buſineſs. For further information, enquire on the premiſes.

April 28, 1784. ¶ BALTASER ODENHEIMER.

STURGEON,

Cured in the Baltick manner, to be SOLD by

ELIZABETH PHILIPS,

in Kenſington, near the Long Bridge, either for exportation or home conſumption,

SHE has followed the ſame buſineſs for upwards of thirty years, has given general ſatisfaction to her former cuſtomers, and hopes for the continuance of their favors. She warrants the ſaid fiſh to keep in the hotteſt climates, by obſerving the following directions: Take out the bung and draw the pickle into a clean earthen pot or pan, then take out the marked head, harden on the hoops again, and pour the pickle over the fiſh, putting a clean cloth under the head of the keg to prevent the air getting in; if the pickle waſte, add ſharp vinegar to it.

Said fiſh is alſo ſold by ABRAHAM SMITH, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, Philadelphia.

May 3, 1784.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that LOTT FORD, a free Mulattoe, is now in Suſſex County, Cedar Creek Hundred, and State of Delaware, which ſaid Lott Ford, in the time of his ſervitude with me, I ſold to a certain John Vinyard, as a ſubſtitute to ſerve in the Delaware regiment during the war, or until he was free, it is now reported that ſaid John Vinyard hath ſold ſaid Lott Ford as a ſlave for life. Therefore I requeſt thoſe whom it may concern, to make their claim in due time, that I may have an opportunity to extricate myſelf from the cenſure of fraudulently ſelling ſaid mulattoe as a ſlave for life. † JOSEPH POLK, junior.

To be SOLD for CASH,

Or exchanged for GOODS,

FIVE hundred acres of valuable LAND, in Lancaſter county, Colerain townſhip, 12 miles diſtant from the canal now opening from the river Suſquehanna, 22 miles from the navigable waters of the Delaware; two mill-ſeats on the tract from two large ſtreams of water, on one of which there is a ſaw-mill erected, with 30 feet fall, 200 acres of meadow ground, 100 of which is bottom land, extraordinary for raiſing hemp; the other 100 watered bank; the plough land level and clear of ſtone, produces from 20 to 30 buſhels of wheat per acre; the land is good for paſture, and capable of being improved to a ſtock-farm or water-works, equal to any tract of the ſame quantity in the county. There are 85 acres of cheſnut timbered land at the diſtance of one mile and three quarters goes with, and is ſufficient to ſupport the farm with the beſt of fence rails. A cool fountain, and a ſmall eminence, near the center, from which the whole farm lies to view, and may be a pleaſant and healthy country ſeat. For further particulars, enquire of John M'Dowel, Eſq; of this city; James Mercer, Eſq; of Lancaſter county; Joſeph Luckey, Eſq; of Cheſter county; Mr. David Poe, merchant, of Baltimore Town; or Mr. Robert Finney, on the farm. ¶

WANTED,

At the BOARDING SCHOOL, at Burlington,

A PERSON to inſtruct YOUTH in the LATIN and ENGLISH Languages. A middle aged ſingle MAN will be moſt pleaſing, and none need apply who cannot produce proper recommendations.

TO BE LET,

For the Summer ſeaſon, or one year, to a genteel Family,

A Large and convenient Houſe with ſix rooms, cellars under the whole, waſh-houſe, ſtable, chaiſe houſe, Kitchen and flower gardens, a large ſtony fiſh pond, &c. &c. on an excellent ſpot of ground, commanding a fine proſpect of ſeveral gentlemens country ſeats and farms; about four miles from the city, ſituated in a lane leading from Nice-town, on Germantown road, towards Schuylkill on the falls, in the Northern-Liberties, now or late in the tenure of Major M'Pherſon. Enquire of LEWIS TREICHEL, the upper end of Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Barracks.

N. B. To be entered on immediately. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the Subſcriber, living in Montgomery townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 26th ult. a brown MARE, about 14 hands high, having neither brand nor ear mark, ſuppoſed to be about 6 or 7 years old, ſhod all round, trots and paces. Any perſon proving his property, and paying charges, may take her away.

May 12. ¶ THOMAS BATES.

FOR DUBLIN,

The SHIP

AMERICAN,

WILLIAM KEELER, Maſter,

WILL ſail in all this month, and is intended to return immediately to this port. For freight or paſſage apply to *Haynes* and *Crawford*, *Donaldſon* and *Coxe*, or the ſaid Maſter on board.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of CHRISTIAN SCHNEIDER, late of the City of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to make Payment within three Months from the Date hereof; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are likewiſe requeſted to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, and receive Payment.

Philadelphia, FREDERICK SCHNEIDER, &)
May 3, 1784. HENRY FAHNS, §) Execut.

Wants Employment,

A PERSON bred in the MERCHANDIZE WAY, who can tranſact buſineſs for a Merchant or Store-keeper, to write, keep accounts, take care of ſtores, receive in and deliver out goods, underſtands the management of wine cellars, wines, ſpirits, &c. &c. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

THE Subſcribers, priſoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, to have the benefit of the inſolvent law; they are therefore requeſted to appear at the Courthouſe in Bridgetown on Wedneſday, the third of June next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of their eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be diſcharged according to ſaid law.

Cumberland Goal, EDWARD KETCHUM,
April 28, 1784. THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

For AMSTERDAM,

The Ship *Adolph*,

A fine new ſhip, with excellent accommodations,

WILL ſail about the 20th inſtant; for Paſſage apply to MATTHEW CLARKSON, in Arch-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the gate of the Friends Burial-ground. § *Philad. May* 3, 1784.

RICHARD FOOTMAN,

Is removed into Third-ſtreet next door but one to the BUNCH OF GRAPES INN, between Market and Arch-ſtreets,

Where he has for SALE,

A general aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the ſeaſon, juſt imported from Europe. †

Imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, and to be SOLD by

Conyngham, Neſbitt & Co.

At their STORE, in Front-ſtreet, below Walnut-ſtreet,

AN aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide Iriſh linens, 3-4ths brown Iriſh linens, Flanders linens and ſheetings, table linen and napkins of all kinds, a compleat aſſortment of Mancheſter goods, among which are, Cotton and linen checks of all widths, check handkerchiefs, ſtriped linen and cotton hollands, bed bunts, Dutch and Queen cords, pillow ſuſtians, jeans, jeanets plain and printed, velvet and velveretts plain and printed, thickſetts, corderoys, ſatinetts and royal ribs, black pepper, beſt French brandy, and ſundry other articles, which they will ſell on the loweſt terms. Philad. May 4. §

PURSUANT to the laſt will and teſtament of Joſeph Auſtin, late of Abington, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed, will be expoſed to public ſale (if not before diſpoſed of at private) on the 24th day of May next, at the houſe of Elizabeth Baxter, in ſaid townſhip, either entire or in lots, as may be judged moſt convenient on ſaid day, One Hundred acres of LAND, well ſituated on the old York Road, about twelve miles from Philadelphia, on which is a ſtone dwelling-houſe, one ſtory high, two rooms below, and a cellar under the whole, and a log kitchen adjoining, alſo a log barn and ſtabling; there is about 12 acres of meadow cleared, and a conſiderable number of acres more may be made, and chiefly watered by a never failing ſtream that runs through the land, together with ſundry ſprings riſing thereon, about 60 acres of cleared land, the remaining part woodland, ſome of which has very good timber for immediate uſe, as well as young thriving timber; it is conveniently ſituated to two different places of worſhip, as alſo to ſundry grift-mills and lime-kilns. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may be acquainted with the terms by applying to SUSANNA AUSTIN, executrix, living near the premiſes, or THOMAS AUSTIN, executor, in the Manor of Moreland.

N. B. The purchaſer may have immediate poſſeſſion.

To be SOLD by public Auction,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE, on THURSDAY, the 20th inſt. at ſix o'clock in the evening (if not diſpoſed of before at private ſale)

AN elegant three ſtory brick HOUSE and LOT, ſituate the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſnut-ſtreet, late the eſtate of Magdalen Devine, deceaſed, and ſold in purſuance of her will; containing in breadth on Second-ſtreet, 20 feet, and in depth 160 feet; this houſe and lot is clear of ground rent, and one of the beſt ſtands for buſineſs in the city. The terms of payment to be made known at the time and place of ſale. § SAMUEL MORRIS,)
May 5, 1784. RICHARD FOOTMAN,) Executors.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEW three ſtory brick HOUSE, with two rooms on a floor, and a good garret, alſo a two ſtory kitchen, with a handſome chamber and fire place over it, a good cellar under the whole, and cellar windows glazed, all juſt finiſhed; the ſaid houſe and kitchen are ſituate on the main ſtreet in the borough of Wilmington, New-Caſtle county. The premiſes are conveniently calculated, having an alley to the front of the houſe, with the privilege of a fourth part of a new pump of water, nearly before the door. The lot is clear of ground rent, and extends through the ſquare from ſtreet to ſtreet, with a commodious ſtable and garden on the back part thereof. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM ZANE, in Philadelphia, or JOEL ZANE, in Wilmington aforeſaid, who will ſhew the premiſes.

Likewiſe for SALE, A PLANTATION in Cheſter county, containing about 160 acres, exceedingly well timbered, &c. Apply as above. *Fourth Month* 30, 1784.

A LATIN GRAMMAR SCHOOL

is conducted, by the ſubſcribers, at Pitts-Grove, Salem county, ſtate of New-Jerſey, where particular attention is paid, not only to the morals and grammatical exerciſes of the youth, but alſo, that they write and ſpeak the Engliſh language with propriety.

Tuition is Twenty five Shillings per quarter; and lodging may be had, in reputable families, for Seven Shillings and Six-pence per week.

Such Gentlemen as incline to ſend to ſaid ſchool, may depend upon the beſt endeavours of WILLIAM SCHENCK, and
March 25, 1784. ¶ NATHAN GRIER.

Eaſt Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, April 29, 1784.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſheds at the Buck tavern, on Lancaſter road, on the night of the 28th inſtant, a roan HORSE, between 10 and 11 years old, 14 or 15 hands high, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, paces, trots and canters, dark mane and tail, thin in fleſh. Alſo was ſtolen, a dark lead coloured great coat, with large metal buttons, only one button on each ſide, a blind halter, black grained, one ſide of the reins broke and tied, a twilled bag, marked J. F. with red chalk, pillow caſe and a tow towel. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and goods, and apprehends the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Five Dollars for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ JAMES M'LAUGHLIN.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.

MAY, 1784. THE NUMB. 2816.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 1784.

IMPORTED
In the Sally, Captain Dodgſon, and the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool,

And now opening for SALE,

On the reaſonableſt Terms, for Caſh or a ſhort Credit, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his STORE, in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the City Tavern,---
A handſome Aſſortment of

Mancheſter and other GOODS,

Among which are,-----

FINE coloured Nankeen and white Threads, from No. 8 to 44; a compleat Aſſortment of Bobbins and Tapes, from No. 3 to 145; Cloth coloured, black, blue, pink, crimſon, red, white and yellow, narrow and broad Bindings; ſtriped Tickings and Bed-bunts; 10 and 11 Qrs. Cotton Counterpaines of elegant Patterns; 10 and 11 Nails Checks and Stripes; 3-4ths, 7-8ths and Yard-wide Linen and Cotton Checks, in Half Pieces; Yard, 3-8ths Linen and Cotton Checks, in Half Pieces; Linen and Cotton Hollands, in Half Pieces; A Variety of Check and other Handkerchiefs, by the Dozen; Dimities, Drawboys and Marſeilles Quiltings; Corduroys, Corduetts, Queen's and King's Cords, dyed and plain, in Half Pieces; black Raven Greys and Cloth coloured Sewing Silks, in Quarters; Scarffe Twiſt, of the firſt Quality and of all Colours, in two ounces; three Cord white Stiching Silk, in Half Pounds, ſuitable for Glove, Breeches and Stay-makers; two hundred Bags of Baſket and flat Death-head Buttons; blue, light and dark Drab, Olive, Buff, white and ſilvered Hair Pluſhes, ſuitable for Breeches and Saddles, &c. &c.

P. S. The ſaid Shields, having a large and well ſituated Store, purpoſes to take in Goods for Sale on a low Commiſſion, and hopes, from his long Reſidence and general Knowledge of the Trade, as well in the City as the Country, to give Satisfaction.

He has now to LETT, a Place ſeven Miles from Town, well adapted for a Country Seat, and two genteel Houſes, in the beſt Neighbourhoods in this City. Philad. May 19.

Imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now opening for SALE, by

ROBERT TOWERS,

Next to the Preſbyterian Meeting-Houſe, in Market-ſtreet,
A freſh ASSORTMENT of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Of the firſt Quality, among which are the following,

AQUA Fortis Duplex,
Balſam Capivi,
---------- Peruv.
---------- Tolut.
Borax,
Camphor,
Cantharides,
Cream of Tartar,
Flour of Sulphur,
Glaubers Salts,
Jeſuits Bark,
Jallap,
Ipecacuanna,
Manna,
Oil of Vitriol,
Opium,
Rhubarb,
Saffron,
Sena,
Tartar Emetic,

A Variety of genuine Patent Medicines,

viz. Anderſon's, Hooper's and Lockyer's Pills, Bateman's Drops, Britiſh Oil, Daffy's Elixer, Godfrey's Cordial, Harlæm Oil, James's Fever Powder, Morgan's Sago Powder, Turlington's Balſam, &c.

And by TOWERS & EVANS,

Window-Glaſs, Coach-Glaſs and Painters Colours,

London White Lead, dry and ground in Oil,
Red Lead, do. do.
Spaniſh Brown, do. do.
Yellow Oker, do. do.
Annatto,
Black Lead,
Blue Black,
Carmine,
Drop Lake,
Dutch Pink,
Flake White,
Frankfort Black,
Ivory Black,
Indian Ink,
King's Yellow,
Lamp Black,
Litharge,
Magnes,
Naples Yellow,
Pruſſian Blue,
Roſe Pink,
Smalt,
Spaniſh Whiting,
Stone Oker,
Turkey Umber,
Venetian Red,
Verdigreaſe,
Vermillion,
White Vitriol,

Gold Leaf, Linſeed Oil, Spirits of Turpentine, Painters Bruſhes, Saſh Tools, Camels Hair Pencils, Glaziers Diamonds, Pallet Knives, &c. &c. &c. ¶

Juſt imported in the Aſtrea, Mildred and Olive Branch, from London; the America, and other late veſſels from Briſtol, and now opening for ſale, by

John & James Oldden,

In Second-ſtreet, eight doors below Market-ſtreet.

LARGE elegant Oval Looking-Glaſſes,
Wilton Carpets of various ſizes,
Compleat aſſortment of Hoſiery,
Hair and red Leather Trunks in Neſts,
Cambricks, Lawns, Taffities and red Flannels,
Hyſon and Souchong Tea in Cheſts, and Pepper in Bales,
Durants, Callimancoes and Moreens,
Red Lead in ſmall Caſks,
10d. Nails, with a large variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

A freſh importation of choice

GARDEN SEEDS,

BY a perſon lately arrived here from London, who, from a thorough knowledge of the gardening buſineſs, hopes to eſtabliſh himſelf in or near this city, as a ſeedſman, nurſeryman and floriſt, now offers this aſſortment as a ſample on very low terms; in the collection there are true early and beſt late colliflowers, moſt of the approved broccolis, red cabbage, with a variety of other choice kinds from the earlieſt heads, and in due ſucceſſion to the lateſt ſavoys, winter greens, &c. peas and beans of every curious valuable kind, true early London ſhort topped beſt ſalmon, and real turnip rooted raddiſhes, leutices in variety, onions, leeks, beets, parſnips and carrots, with moſt other approved kitchen garden ſeeds, a variety of ſweet herbs, and a curious collection of beſt flower ſeeds in ſmall lots or aſſortments.

The above are now ſelling by Mr. WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, bookſeller and ſtationer in Front-ſtreet, next door to the Coffee-houſe, and at lower rates than the common ſeeds ſell in the market. *Philadelphia, May* 19, 1784. †

Juſt imported in the ſhip Aſtrea, Cat. Pinkham, from London,

By *Lamb* and *Checkley,*

And now opening at their STORE, on the north ſide of ARCH-STREET, half way between Front and Second-ſtreets,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

European and India GOODS,

Suitable to the preſent and approaching Seaſon,
Which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms for CASH OR SHORT CREDIT.

N. B. The Honorable the Financier's Notes, or any good Paper Securities, Tobacco, Flour, Barr-Iron, &c. will be taken in payment. tbctf. *May* 22, 1684.

GEORGE HUNTER,

DRUGGIST,

On the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, midway between Front and Second-ſtreets, is now opening a freſh importation of

MEDICINES, Paints, Bruſhes, Glaſs, Dye-ſtuffs, &c. Which he ſells WHOLESALE or RETAIL, for Caſh, Morris's Notes, Pennſylvania or Jerſey State Money, and Certificates, Bees-Wax, Snakeroot, Ginſeng, Bar-Iron, Flour, or any other Merchantable produce. Orders accompanied with any of the above named articles, ſhall be complied with in the moſt expeditious and punctual manner. †

Philadelphia, May 24, 1784.

A SCHOOL,

For teaching the ENGLISH, LATIN and GREEK LANGUAGES, with WRITING and ARITHMETIC,

IS now ready to be opened at Mrs. MARSHALL's, the South-weſt corner of Spruce and Third-ſtreets, where the ſtricteſt attention will be given to inſtruct YOUTH, accurately, in thoſe neceſſary and uſeful Branches of EDUCATION.

Thoſe who are deſirous of further information, on directing a Line to the Subſcriber, for that purpoſe, with their Addreſs, will be waited upon by their moſt humble ſervant.

¶ 6 w. JOHN GRAHAM.

To be SOLD, at public Vendue,

By the Subſcriber, at the premiſes, on the 5th Day JUNE next, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon,

A Beautiful PLANTATION, containing 120 Acres of good Land, be the ſame more or leſs; ſituate in the Townſhip of Providence, County of Philadelphia, adjoining Reading Road, and Lands of John Cornman and Joſeph Cauffman; 22 Miles from the City. There is on ſaid Plantation a large Two-ſtory Dwelling-houſe, furniſhed with ſeveral Rooms and Cellars under, and alſo a large ſtone Barn and Stables, a Smith-ſhop and Coal-houſe and other out Buildings, alſo a large bearing Apple-Orchard, and other excellent Fruit-Trees of various kinds, and a large quantity of good watered Meadow and Plenty of excellent Timber land; there is alſo a Well of good Water near the Houſe; the whole in good Repair, and the Title indiſputable. For terms apply to HENRY MARSTELLER.

N. B. Any perſon inclining to buy, may apply before the Day of Sale. ¶ *April* 14*th*, 1784.

To be SOLD cheap for *CASH,*

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of the north-eaſt branch of Saſquehanna river, in the county of Northumberland, adjoining land ſurveyed to George Ballard, and containing 332 acres and the uſual allowance for roads.

ALSO one undivided moiety or half part of one other tract of LAND, near to or adjoining the above mentioned tract, and containing 321 and an half acres, and allowances aforeſaid. Theſe two tracts have been duly ſurveyed, returned and patented, previous to the month of April, 1775. The ſoil is good, ſeveral fine ſprings are on the ſame, and water ſufficient for a mill or mills; the ſituation being not above nine miles from the town of Sunbury. For terms appy to RICHARD WHITEHEAD, Scrivener, at his Office on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Vine and Callowhill-ſtreets, who has ſeveral Lots in the city and liberties of Philadelphia to SELL, or LETT on GROUND-RENT for ever. †

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Cæcil county, near Elk Forge, on the 18th inſt. Two Servant Men, one named RICHARD MARTIN, but ſometimes calls himſelf M'LAGHLAN, a ſhoemaker by trade, works well, particularly at ſtuff, about 21 years of age, and about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, well made, full faced, brown hair untied, a little inclined to curl, has ſomething of a liſp in his ſpeech, is apt to get drunk. Had on when he went away, a round wool hat, a dark grey coating coat broken in the elbows, brown cloth jacket clouded with white, and mended on each ſide with white cloth, coarſe linen drawers, ribbed ſtockings, but his dreſs is uncertain, as he is apt to ſwap his cloaths. It is ſuppoſed that he ſtole a yelloviſh coloured coat, with white metal buttons, a feather velvet jacket, black velveret breeches, three pair of worſted ſtockings, all ribbed, coloured brown, blue and grey, one pair of ribbed thread, and two holland ſhirts; which cloaths, it is probable, he may wear or attempt to ſell. He was ſeen paſſing through Germantown on Thurſday laſt.

The other named WILLIAM CONNOR, a taylor by trade, about 23 years of age, and about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, brown hair ſometimes tied, ſpeaks ſo faſt that he can ſcarce be underſtood, and is quite deaf, inclined to ſtrong drink. Had on when he went away, a round wool hat bound with ſilk, a yellow coloured coat broken under the arms, white ticking jacket, check trowſers, and black ribbed ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them, ſhall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for any one of them, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

May 23, 1784. ¶ ANDREW COCHRAN.

Lancaſter county, May 15, 1784.

TO ALL CONCERNED,

THIS may ſerve to INFORM, that I GEORGE ESPEY, late of Northumberland county, State of Pennſylvania, Yeoman, have applied by petition to The Honorable the Houſe of Aſſembly, praying them to grant me a liberation, total and abſolute divorce from my late wife, HANNAH ROSBOROUGH, guilty of the abominable crime of Adultery. And I hereby call upon all perſons whatever, that have any thing to offer againſt the ſaid bill being enacted into a law, to produce their objections, in twelve days after the meeting of the next Seſſion of Aſſembly. † GEORGE ESPEY.

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experience, many Inconveniences ariſing from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleaſed to obſerve, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as uſual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'Clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN o'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

AVERY large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the approaching Seaſon.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

On TUESDAY,

The 25th Inſtant, at XII o'CLOCK, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

Will be SOLD by public Vendue,

PART of that elegant COUNTRY SEAT, formerly owned by Captain John M'Pherſon, pleaſantly ſituated on the river Schuylkill, four miles from the city, containing 22 acres and 3 quarters, 5 of which are watered meadow. There are on the premiſes, a ſtone dwelling-houſe, an excellent ſtone quarrey, and an excellent ſhad fiſhery. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

To be SOLD at public Vendue,

On the 29th inſtant, at 12 o'clock, at the Coffee-houſe,

EIGHT LOTS of GROUND, adjoining each other, four of them ſituate on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets from Schuylkill, each containing 25 feet front on Arch-ſtreet, by 153 feet deep.

The other four fronting on the middle of Cherry-alley, each 25 feet front, and 153 feet deep. *May* 17, 1784.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Bucks county, We, the ſubſcribers, appointed by the ſaid court to ſettle and adjuſt the accounts of the creditors of BENJAMIN LUKENS, late of the ſaid county, have appointed to meet at the houſe of AMOS DILWORTH, in Warminſter townſhip, on the firſt day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at which time all the ſaid creditors are deſired to attend, with their accounts properly atteſted, in order to have their dividends ſettled of the effects of ſaid Lukens, which have been attached by the Sheriff of the ſaid county.

DANIEL LONGSTRETH,
April 24, 1784. § ISAAC HOUGH,
ROBERT COMLY.

To be SOLD, by Public Vendue,

At the Northern Liberty Auction Store, on the 26th inſt. (May) at three o'clock in the afternoon,

THREE LOTS of GROUND, in Bath Town, one of them a very valuable lot at the interſection of Second-ſtreet with the Germantown road, having a front of 128 feet on each. The other two are each 20 feet front on two ſtreets, and are about 270 feet deep, from Pitt-ſtreet to Third-ſtreet, and are numbered in the plan of ſaid town, No. 1, No. 106, and No. 107. The conditions of ſale will be made known, and the plan of the ſaid town ſhewn, at the place of ſale. Likewiſe at Chriſtopher Baker's, at the corner of Second and Vine-ſtreets.

† JOSHUA CRESSON, Attorney to Samuel Emlen.

Philadelphia, 5th Month 11*th*, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE, with a large LOT of GROUND appurtenant, on the Main ſtreet in the town of Wilmington, Delaware State, inferior to none in the government for ſize and convenience, and is in compleat repair; poſſeſſion may be had immediately. If not ſold by the fifteenth of the ſixth month, next, then to be let. For terms apply in Cheſtnut ſtreet, near Third ſtreet, to ¶ JONATHAN DAWES.

N. B. Land, approved of, would be taken in payment.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

On the 12th day of June next,

A PLANTATION, containing about 220 acres of good land, ſituate in Charleſtown, Cheſter county, within two miles of the Valley-Forge, joining land of Patrick Anderſon, Eſquire, Lewellin Davis, and others: There are on this farm a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, with a ſquare log houſe joining thereto, and a cellar nearly under the whole, a good well of water within 8 feet of the kitchen fire, 19 days mowing of good meadow, and more may be made. It is capable of being made as good a farm as any within ſeveral miles. The title is good, and attendance will be given by the owner, HENRY MILLER. ¶

Juſt Arrived, and to be SOLD by

EPHRAIM CLARK,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, at the corner of Market and Front-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A NUMBER of new enamell'd and other Eight day and Thirty hour Clocks; likewiſe, capt and other Watches, warranted good, as well as an aſſorted invoice of Watch Materials and Tools, conſiſting of Cutting-nippers, Plyers, Tail-vizes, Screw-plates, Blow-pipes, Calipers, Saws, Screw-drivers, large and ſmall, Bench-vizes, Glaſſes, Chains, &c. &c. &c. Orders from the country carefully attended to.

N. B. Likewiſe Watches repaired as uſual. †

To be SOLD at private Sale,

TWO Hundred Acres of Wood-land, about ten miles from Amboy, and about the ſame from New-Bruſwick, in Middleſex county, New-Jerſey; and 300 acres of uncultivated land in Northampton county, Pennſylvania, about 70 miles from Philadelphia: Likewiſe a right to 100 acres in the Gulph Hills. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down, and one third yearly, with lawful intereſt, until the whole is paid. Apply to ABIGAIL COLLEY, JONATHAN COLLEY, and JACOB PETERMAN. ¶

By the WASHINGTON, Capt. DALE, from London, we have the following Advices, viz.

TUNIS, *January* 21.

THIS Regency has declared war againſt the Republic of Venice.

Vienna, March 6. From all the provinces of this monarchy we receive the moſt afflicting accounts of the ſhocking devaſtation occaſioned by the ſudden thaw of the rivers. We are informed, that part of the city of Prague is under water; the loſs occaſioned by the floods is conſiderable; the great bridge is ſo much damaged, that it cannot be paſſed over without danger; the guard houſe there has been thrown down, and four men killed; the cities of Lintz and Preſbourg have ſhared the ſame fate. At Tiſchamont the waters have riſen to a prodigious height; at Schiſnau, in the ſame neighbourhood, 40 houſes have been ſubmerged by the waters, ſo that it was impoſſible to give any aſſiſtance to the unfortunate inhabitants, victims of this terrible diſaſter.

Vienna, March 20. On the 7th, 8th and 9th inſt. the cities of Buda and Peſt, in Hungary, were expoſed to horrid ravages, occaſioned by the overflowing of the Danube. The greateſt part of thoſe cities are under water, and that of Peſt reſembles an iſland. The loſs of cattle, merchandize and effects, is immenſe.

The moſt melancholy details of the inundations occaſioned by the thaw arrive here from almoſt all parts of Germany, the Low Countries, France, Italy, &c. ſo that theſe misfortunes ſeem to have been the lot of almoſt all the countries of Europe.

Paris, March 11. Letters from Marſeilles confirm the news that the Emperor of Morocco has declared war againſt France. The ſhips which are expoſed to the attacks of the Corſairs cannot now depart without convoy.

Hungary, Feb. 28. The 23d of laſt month, ſeveral violent ſhocks of an earthquake were felt in the county of Marmaroch; moſt of the houſes of Maroſch Sigeth have been damaged, and it is feared that they may have affected the ſalt-pits which ſupply the whole kingdom with ſalt.

Madrid, March 5. The overflowings of the rivers which traverſe our provinces have occaſioned frightful devaſtations. The Guadalavier eſpecially has thrown down an infinite number of houſes, and occaſioned the greateſt deſolation in all the places which it has inundated.

March 7. Letters from Mexico adviſe, that the new town of Guatimala and the neighbouring places have experienced a terrible ſhock of an earthquake, which threw down a number of houſes, and greatly damaged ſeveral others.

Paris, March 18. All the debts of the preceding war, as well as the bills of exchange of the Colonies, are to be converted into contracts of perpetual annuities, at four per cent. without reſerve.

March 25. A report prevails that the famous proceſs inſtituted at L'Orient, is terminated in favor of Comte de Graſs; but the report is not yet confirmed.

Frankfort, March 5. We are, thank God, paſt the worſt of the inundation: The water was only a foot lower than it was in the memorable inundation of 1682. The ſame was remarkable at Hanau, but in other places the water was even higher than it was in the year 1595. The damage done is very great, and vaſt numbers of lives have been loſt.

Elſineur, Jan. 29. The number of veſſels frozen up here this winter is greater than for 40 years paſt, there are of all nations. A change of weather is univerſally prayed for, but as yet there is not the leaſt appearance of any alteration.

Heidelberg, Feb. 27. This morning the beautiful bridge of this city was carried away by the ice; half the town is under water, and the deſtruction and miſery both within and without the walls is beyond deſcription. The inhabitants of Neuenheim have all taken refuge in other places, and oppoſite to that village the ice is accumulated in heaps as high as a houſe.

Genoa, Feb. 11. The ſtorm which happened in the night of the 3d inſtant has done immenſe damage; the hail which fell was of a very large ſize, and has done a vaſt deal of miſchief in the country; ſeveral houſe-tops have been blown off, and many trees torn up by the roots; the olive trees have particularly ſuffered. The damage done is valued at a million, and no doubt we ſhall have accounts of great damage being done at ſea.

Frankfort on the Main, March 7. We receive from every quarter melancholy accounts of the conſequences of the thaw, and overflowing of the Rhine, the Main, and the Necker. Many houſes and mills at Sachſenhauſen have been ſwept away; 13 houſes were thrown down at Miltemberg, and a number of perſons buried in their ruins; many edifices have been waſhed away by the torrent at Kitringen; one half of the town of Bonn is under water, as well as the villages of Limperic, Beul, and Schevartz-Shaindorffe; the Lutheran church, and 130 houſes, have been deſtroyed at Mulheim.

Franckfort, March 15. The inhabitants of Oſſenbach, being ſurrounded by the waters, and in want of proviſions, promiſed a reward of 100 crowns to any perſon who had the courage to bring them ſome. No one dared to venture; at length a few accompliſhed it, and refuſed the proffered reward.

Venice, March 6. The Bey of Tunis has broke the peace with this Republic, on account of our not making him preſents four times more valuable than uſual. The Senate immediately came to a reſolution to ſend out a ſquadron of nine ſhips of the line, of 70 and 90 guns, four frigates and eight chebecs, to bring that Regency to reaſon, and to protect, at the ſame time, the Venetian flag in the Mediterranean, which is under the command of the Chevalier Emo, a noble Venetian, of the higheſt reputation in the marine of the Republic.

LONDON.

March 19. The laſt letters from Liſbon concur in declaring, that during the latter end of January, and the whole of laſt month, the weather had been more tempeſtuous than had ever been known at that ſeaſon. A great number of ſhips have been lately loſt, and a much greater damaged. On the 28th ult. it was computed that in the courſe of three weeks 164 dead bodies had been taken up in different parts of the Tagus.

Letters are received in town from Leghorn, by which it appears, that the ſtorm which did ſo much damage to the Dutch ſquadron laſt month, was felt univerſally from the iſland of Sicily to Cape-Hieres in France. A number of veſſels of different nations were wrecked, and others driven into ports in diſtreſs, many totally diſmaſted. Two Neapolitan gallies, an Imperial Eaſt-Indiaman from Trieſte, and a Genoeſe man of war, are among the wrecks.

March 20. A letter from Guelders ſays, that ſince the melting of the ſnow the marſhes are all overflowed with water, in ſo much that it has entered the city, and waſhed down ſeveral houſes, and it is feared the whole city will be overflowed.

The King of France is now on the point of eſtabliſhing an academy of experimental agriculture, which will bid fair for proving of the higheſt utility to that kingdom. A farm of 1500 acres is marked out for them in a royal domain, within ten leagues of Paris, where they are to make the experiments neceſſary to eſtabliſh the art upon uncontroverted principles. There are alſo to be a Court of Juſtice, and appeal from all parts of the kingdom, in the incloſure of commons and other lands, in ſuch a manner, as to facilitate greatly that circumſtance in rural œconomy, which is ſo much wanting in France. No leſs than 300,000 livres a year is aſſigned to this academy, to ſupport its expences.

March 23. A Gentleman who is juſt arrived from Paris ſays, that Dr. Franklin is preparing to return home to America, after an abſence of eight years, and that Mr. Lawrence, jun. is to remain in Paris in the quality of Charge des Affaires from the United States, until another Gentleman comes over from the Congreſs.

A letter from St. Mary's in Scilly, ſays, that on the 12th inſtant a French ſhip was drove on the rock, and entirely loſt. The crew remained on the rock ſeveral hours, and were then taken off by a veſſel belonging to St. Mary's, and brought in there almoſt periſhed by the ſeverity of the weather.

A report prevails, that a fleet of ſix ſail of the line is ordered to be got ready with all expedition; it is ſaid their deſtination is to the Eaſt-Indies. Some diſagreeable accounts from thence makes this meaſure neceſſary, the Dutch having abſolutely refuſed to ſign the Definitive Treaty, and are alſo equipping a fleet: France is ſuppoſed to be urging them on.

Extract of a letter from Havre, March 3.

"For three or four weeks we have had continued high winds: three large ſhips are now on ſhore near this harbour; the number of ſhips loſt on the ſea coaſt of Normandy this winter exceeds 60 ſail, ſome of them three maſted veſſels."

Extract of a letter from Scilly, March 15.

"Since my laſt the D'Eſtaing, Captain Lamatiee, from St. Domingo to Dunkirk, put in here in great diſtreſs, having been 11 weeks on her paſſage, and meeting with a great many hard gales of wind, which carried away her main and mizen maſts, and bowſprit, and ſo leaky as to have four feet water in her hold: She buried 14 of the crew, who died through fatigue of pumping, and thoſe on board are very weak and ſickly.

"The boats that are round the wreck of the Nancy Eaſt-India packet have not been able to ſave any thing as yet, the wind blowing very hard."

March 25. A letter from Gibraltar ſays, that they have advice that the Emperor of Morocco has a very large army well diſciplined under foreign officers, ready to take the field, with a conſiderable train of artillery.

A letter from Marſeilles ſays, that a French ſhip bound from thence to Cadiz, very richly laden, is taken by the Algerines, carried into Algiers, and the crew ſent up the country into ſlavery: On board were two Spaniſh officers returning home.

A letter from Corunna, by a ſhip arrived in the river, ſays, they have had ſuch ſtormy weather that greater damage has been done at ſea than for many years before, in which many ſhips were loſt. On ſhore a whole range of buildings were thrown down, and great quantities of goods buried in the ruins. Many houſes were unroofed, and ſeveral perſons killed.

By letters brought over by yeſterday's Dutch mail, we receive freſh confirmation of the diſtreſs occaſioned by the inundations in conſequence of the thaw; and whilſt the north of Europe is a prey to the effects of a long and ſevere winter, unheard of ſtorms diſtreſs the inhabitants of the ſouthern climes, eſpecially along the coaſt of Sicily; the mole of Catania has been overſet, and the city overflowed by the ſea; ſeveral houſes were demoliſhed, and many inhabitants loſt their lives. Syracuſe has experienced the ſame fate; the waters riſing ſo high at the latter place, that great quantities of fiſh were left on the tops of houſes, and at Maſcari a ſhip was actually left in the ſame ſituation. In Calabria the inhabitants have not only been ſeverely diſtreſſed by the inundations, but, in addition to their calamities, ſeveral ſhocks of earthquakes have been felt, and in particular, a very dreadful one on the 23d of January laſt.

March 26. The price of Boroughs at this time is 4000l. a ſeat. When Parliament was permitted to live out its natural age, the price was only 3000l. On the principle therefore of intereſt, the Borough-mongers ſhould vote for a triennial bill. A noble Earl has paid 8000l. for two ſeats to two more of his ſons.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, March 2.

"The migrations from out of Holſtein have lately been ſo great, on account of the encouragement which the American ſtates give to foreigners ſettling among them, that the King has found it neceſſary to publiſh an ordonnance, forbidding, under heavy penalties, any perſon leaving the Daniſh dominions without licence, and even ſuch as go to St. Croix or St. Thomas, are by this new ſtatute to give bond for their return, or ſecurity for their ſettling in thoſe provinces. Jews are hereby alſo reſtricted from removing their property, and ſhips of any nation whatſoever having ſuch perſons on board, without the proper paſſports, are liable to ſeizure, as having contraband goods on board.

"Mr. Dana, the American Conſul, in this city, has juſt finiſhed the treaties of Commerce between the King and the United States, by an article of which the two powers are reſtricted from importing ſuch articles as are the produce of each other."

A letter from Fluſhing ſays, that they have had ſuch ſtormy weather along that coaſt that they are afraid to ſend their veſſels to ſea, four having come in there diſmaſted, and with ſeveral feet of water in their hold: Two veſſels belonging to that port foundered, and the crew were all drowned; that the country is partly under water, and much damage is done.

A correſpondent aſſures us, that every account which has been given of the burglary in the Lord Chancellor's houſe is erroneous, and that the following ſtatement is minutely exact. The Great Seal of England was depoſited within a drawer, in a lone and unprotected back room upon the ground floor, expoſed to the open fields. No perſon ſlept upon the floor, or near ſo great and valuable a treaſure, although his Lordſhip's private property was cautiouſly lodged with the butler below ſtairs. The villains entered the window without difficulty or interruption, and conveyed away the Great Seal, thirty-five guineas official fees belonging to it, and the hilts of two ſwords, the property of his Lordſhip's officers. Fortunately the mace, which lay in a corner of the room, was concealed by a green cloth, and eſcaped notice.

There are in Newgate 135 priſoners under ſentence of tranſportation, 112 of whom are for America, 19 for Africa, and 4 for India.

March 27. A letter from Glaſgow ſays, that the winds have been ſo violent that great damage has been done amongſt the ſhipping on that coaſt, moſt of them trading veſſels belonging to ſeveral ports of Ireland. Some of the crews were waſhed overboard and drowned, but the number is not yet known. The poor are in the greateſt diſtreſs by the ſeverity of the weather.

They write from Glaſgow, that the brigantine Jane, laden with pitch and tar, from North-Carolina, by a violent gale of wind, was drove on the Cockle Bank, overſet, and all the crew periſhed.

Accounts are received from ſeveral parts of Germany, which mention, that ſeveral villages along the Rhine have been overflowed with water, and deſtroyed, and many lives loſt, and that the floods continued to come down from the upland parts of the country, by which it was apprehended a great deal more damage would be done.

Extract of a Letter from Zetland, March 11.

"Never was this poor country in the circumſtance that it is in juſt now. The laſt crop was bad both for corn and fodder, and both are out. We have had the worſt winter, and longeſt froſt and ſnow ever known. Many of the ſheep and cattle are dead, and if this weather continues few will remain; ſo that, in ſhort, there is neither food for man or beaſt. We have had no kind of fiſhing in any part of the country ſince Martinmas."

Extract of a Letter from Naples Feb. 19.

"His Majeſty the King of Sweden having expreſſed a deſire to ſee the experiment of the Air-balloon, there was yeſterday a grand exhibition by order of the Court of Naples, and in the preſence of their Majeſties. Perhaps it was the nobleſt ſight the human eye was ever yet regaled with. Imagine an immenſe globe of 150 feet diameter, and 200 in height, gilt, and bearing on the top an enormous crown, ſparkling with well-imitated precious ſtones of various colours; imagine, that to this globe was annexed a building of the moſt beautiful architecture of the Doric Order, formed of pumice-ſtone, and ſurrounded by a terraſs or gallery, railed in with orange trees and lemons. Imagine, I ſay, this wonderful machine, riſing majeſtically to the heavens in a clear ſky at noon, in ſight of an applauding multitude, carrying with it an orcheſtra of eight capital performers, whoſe muſic, for the ſhort time it could be heard, had a moſt ſublime effect. In about twenty-ſeven minutes it had diſappeared by a perpendicular aſcent; nor could the people diſcover any appearance of it by the beſt teleſcopes. It was exactly twelve o'clock when the machine began to riſe, and at two it had not been again viſible. An anxiety ſeemed to prevail among all the ſpectators, ſome offering up prayers for the ſafety of the travellers, whilſt others were of opinion that God had taken them into heaven. But their acclamations were exceſſive, when, at thirteen minutes after three, they obſerved a ſmall ſpeck in the air at an immenſe diſtance, but which ſoon ſhewed itſelf to be the wiſhed-for machine, which gradually deſcended till it reached the earth, at about a mile diſtance from the place of its aſcent; which was from a plain eaſtward of the town. Every thing ſucceeded well, and the aërial navigators trod the earth in ſafety again after their ſurpriſing flight! Beſides the abovementioned orcheſtra, and two perſons (who had contrived the machine) who were there to regulate it, there went up ſeven perſons of rank, conſiſting of three Neapolitan noblemen; a French, three Spaniſh, and an Engliſh gentleman. On their return they were taken to Court in the royal carriages, amidſt the inconceivable acclamations of a delighted people. Their accounts of what they experienced and obſerved in their flight will be ſpeedily publiſhed; at preſent they affirm that they mounted to the height of twelve Italian miles. It is reported now that each adventurer will receive ſome diſtinguiſhed honour or reward from the two Sovereigns, who were witneſſes to the whole; and Signor Antonio Lippetti, the perſon who had the conduct of the affair, has been rewarded with 2000l. and a patent of nobility.

"P. S. The globe was formed of the ſkins of kids, and covered with ſilk inſide and out; with an elaſtic gum over it, which took the gilding extremely well; it required ſeveral hours filling with inflammable air, but when full, it was ſo cloſely ſtopped that nothing could evaporate."

A letter from Liſbon ſays, that they have had a great deal of ſtormy weather, accompanied with ſome ſlight ſhocks of an earthquake, but no great damage was done; and that they have had advice from Bilboa of the earthquake being more ſeverely felt there, as it threw down many chimnies, and has much damaged the houſes, but there is no account of any lives being loſt.

Extract of a letter from Manheim, March 2.

"For theſe ſix days paſt we have been, as it were, blocked up by the waters, all outward communication has been ſhut up during more than 24 hours, and no mail has reached us for near ten days. The damages occaſioned by the overflowing of the Rhine and Necker are diſtreſſing beyond conception. This city itſelf would have been deſtroyed, had it not been for its fortifications, which fortunately withſtood the impetuoſity of the inundation. The waters on that ſide which is next the Necker have riſen up as high as the roofs of the houſes, and with ſuch alarming velocity, that the inhabitants had hardly time to ſave their lives.

"The city of Heidelberg has alſo greatly ſuffered; not only its magnificent bridge on the Necker has been carried off, but alſo above 50 houſes entirely demoliſhed. The village of Neckerhauſen, one of the moſt beautiful ſpots in that country, is totally deſtroyed, there not being more than ſix houſes left ſtanding. The inhabitants have been carried off in ſtupendous mountains of ice. Several of them have periſhed, others have been carried ſome leagues up the river; of the latter we ſaw an inſtance here, a woman, after having remained ſix and thirty hours in the above uncomfortable ſituation, arrived here ſafe, after having ſeen her father, mother, brothers and ſiſters periſh by her ſide. It is impoſſible to give a proper eſtimate of the loſſes ſuſtained, but they certainly muſt prove exceſſive great indeed.

"Now, as if one ſcourge was not ſufficient for the ruin of the inhabitants, we are threatened with further calamities. The cold is ſet in again with redoubled ſeverity, ſo that fuel is now more ſcarce than ever. The proviſions which we had procured are exhauſted, and the roads being now impracticable, we can draw no aſſiſtance whatever from the mountains. In the midſt of our afflictions we have this temporary comfort, that the Elector has ordered a bounty of 15,000 florins to be laid out in procuring the moſt needful articles, and eſpecially to prevent the price of wood being raiſed beyond its current value."

By a letter from Aberdeen we learn, that the extremes of poverty and want again ſtare them in the face. The ſtorm, with little remiſſion, has laſted 14 weeks, and a late harveſt, like the laſt, is expected to end in ruin to thouſands of families and individuals.

Extract of a letter from Hamburgh, March 2.

"The King of Pruſſia has at length completed the object of his wiſhes, in the revival of the Greenland fiſhery trade. Six ſhips of that nation will ſail this ſeaſon, four of them from Embden."

A great number of Agents have been for ſeveral months paſt, and ſtill are, buſily employed in London, Birmingham, Sheffield, Mancheſter, and moſt of the other great manufacturing towns, in ſeducing artificers to emigrate to America. It is a duty incumbent on every friend to his country to give information againſt offenders of the above deſcription, each of whom is liable to a penalty of 500l. and twelve months impriſonment.

April 1. The laſt letters from Conſtantinople mention, that a ſhock of an earthquake had been felt in that city, which greatly alarmed the inhabitants, but did no material damage.

A letter from Liſbon ſays, that ſince the order iſſued for ſtopping the American ſhip which had a large quantity of Portugal money on board going out of the kingdom, none of the American ſhips with corn and flour have arrived there, therefore the the Queen has iſſued out a freſh order, that if any American ſhips arrive with corn and flour they ſhall be paid in caſh, and that no Officer do preſume to ſtop them to examine what money they have on board.

They write from Gibraltar, that the Emperor of Morocco has demanded of the Governor of that fortreſs 20 pieces of braſs cannon, beſides a quantity of ammunition, for his ordering that garriſon to be ſupplied with neceſſary proviſions which they ſtood in need of.

A letter from Gibraltar, by the Liſbon mail, ſays, that two veſſels belonging to the Emperor of Morocco, loaded with proviſions, bound to that port, were taken by a Dutch man of war, after an obſtinate engagement, and carried into Cadiz; they gave chace to another, but by the help of her oars ſhe got within reach of the guns of Gibraltar, and went ſafe in.

Extract of a Letter from Amſterdam, March 23.

"The Emperor hath lately applied to the Court of France, requiring to know whether they ſhould at all interpoſe in the buſineſs which he hath to ſettle with the Dutch, reſpecting the opening of the Schelde for a free navigation and trade to his dominions in the Netherlands. The French have given for anſwer, "That they have no concern in this affair; and do not interfere in the particular rights of nations."

The laſt accounts from Ireland ſay, that notwithſtanding appearances, the diſcontents between the Volunteers and the Iriſh Houſe of Commons are daily increaſing; and there is a jealouſy entertained by both parties reſpecting the great object of Parliamentary reform.

Letters are received by Government from Dublin, which ſay, that the bill for reforming the repreſentation in Parliament, which paſſed the firſt reading unanimouſly, had been rejected on the ſecond by a great majority.

A Correſpondent obſerves, that as the late cold ſeaſon could not prevent a putrid fever, attended with delirium, from proving fatal to the Houſe of Commons; and as this diſorder has

now, by a kind of unhappy contagion, ſpread itſelf all over this devoted iſland; we have no other hope than that it may exhauſt its ſtrength by diſperſion. For ſhould it not be extinguiſhed before the return of warm weather, as the New Houſe muſt ſit great part of the Summer, the Dog-days may convert it to a hydrophobia, when it will call for all the wiſdom of the College of Phyſicians to point out the moſt prudent expedients to preſerve his Majeſty's ſubjects from the danger of being bitten by any of the unfortunate ſufferers!

April 6. A letter from on board the Antelope packet-boat, arrived with the mail from the Leeward iſlands at Falmouth, ſays, that they met with very bad weather, and expected to have been loſt; that they ſaw a great number of pieces of wrecks of ſhips in different parts floating upon the ſurface of the water, and when they arrived off Scilly, the ſea was covered with wrecks, &c.

Extract of a letter from Bruſſels, March 30.

"The affair reſpecting the Dutch having made an irruption into the Emperor's dominions muſt be ſpeedily ſettled, or a diſagreement with the Republic will take place. The Count Orenailee, Ambaſſador at the Hague, has orders to bring this matter forward immediately."

They write from Londonderry, that a large ſhip, ſuppoſed to be a Dutchman, had foundered off that harbour, and all the crew periſhed.

A letter from Banbury, dated April 3, ſays "This day came on the election of a member for this borough, when Lord North was re-elected without oppoſition."

Mr. Pitt has gained his election for the Univerſity of Cambridge.

At the cloſe of the poll this day for Weſtminſter the numbers were:

For Lord Hood,	3936
Sir Cecil Wray,	3622
Mr. Fox,	3413

Edinburgh, March 24. The Siſters, of Greenock, Thomas Kerr, late Maſter, from New-York, is arrived in Clyde, after a paſſage of nine weeks. On the 26th of February ſhe met with a violent gale of wind, and ſhipped a ſea, which ſwept away boats and every thing upon deck, together with the Maſter and three of the crew; one of the latter, however, after having gone over, caught hold of a rope, and was providentially ſaved.

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 26.

By accounts from Baltimore we learn, that within the laſt two weeks eight veſſels have arrived at that port from different parts of Ireland, with ſervants and paſſengers.

About the middle of laſt week ſeveral of the villains who have lately infeſted this city were taken and ſecured.

The Reſolution, Quarterneſs, and Cadiz Packet, Miller, are arrived at Portſmouth in England from Charleſtown.

The Adventure, Millenby, is arrived at Deal from Annapolis.

The ſloop Enterpriſe, Capt. William Cuningham, from the bay of Fundy for this port, was, on the 13th inſtant, caſt away at Cape May.—The people are ſaved, but the veſſel and cargoe are totally loſt.

The ſhip induſtry, Captain Savage, from Philadelphia for Dublin, was loſt on the coaſt of Drogheda, the 25th of March, in the night, and moſt of the crew periſhed.

Thurſday laſt the barn of Mr. Joſhua Cooper, which ſtood near the Delaware, on the Jerſey ſhore oppoſite to this city, was entirely conſumed by lightning, together with a horſe, two calves, and a ſmall quantity of hay, which were in it.—A hog paſſing the road at a little diſtance from the barn, was killed by the ſame flaſh.

Extract of a letter from a citizen at Wyoming to his friend in this city, dated May 20.

"The dangerous diſpoſition of the Connecticut faction in this country has lately been very alarming. On the 11th inſtant a number of them, armed for the purpoſe, diſpoſſeſſed ſome of the Pennſylvania ſettlers, who were peaceably cultivating their farms at Abraham's Plains, offering great violence to their perſons, and repeatedly venting threats againſt the officers of government acting in this country. This and many other inſtances of outrage, which have marked the general conduct of this factious people, filled the minds of our good citizens with juſt apprehenſions of being forcibly driven from this country, as ſoon as our only ſupport (Col. Moore's corps) ſhould be removed, the time for the removal of which being fixed and at hand, brought their former meaſures and repeated cruelties with freſh horror to our minds. In this alarming ſituation of affairs, it was conceived neceſſary to adopt ſome meaſures to avoid dangers ſo juſtly to be apprehended.

"Although we ardently wiſhed to cultivate cordiality and friendſhip, we found, upon mature deliberation, ſuch bleſſings could find no exiſtence, whilſt we permitted thoſe peſts to ſociety to remain amongſt us. We therefore conceived, however painful the alternative, that the removal of the moſt dangerous part of this faction would be the only reſource which could lead to the eſtabliſhment of that peace and good order we ſo anxiouſly wiſh for.

"This opinion being unanimouſly adopted by us (who pride ourſelves upon ever being faithful ſubjects of this ſtate, as part of the union) we proceeded to take ſuch meaſures as we thought abſolutely neceſſary to our ſafety.

"Some days were given to the Connecticut ſettlers to move off, with their families and property, or to produce ſuch proofs of their peaceable intentions towards this ſtate, and its citizens, as would quiet our appprehenſions, and accordingly qualify them to remain peaceably in their habitations.

"Thoſe whoſe deſigns were good readily complied with one or other of theſe reaſonable propoſals----many moved up the river----whilſt others, from explicit declarations of their good intentions, received every indulgence.

"However, many old offenders, notorious for the part they had ever taken in the many unjuſtifiable acts of violence committed upon the perſons and property of the Pennſylvania ſettlers in this country, and who, from their obſtinately perſiſting to ſtay, we ſtrongly ſuſpected of promoting farther diſturbances----theſe circumſtances marking them out as perſons too dangerous to remain, we found ourſelves drove to the neceſſity of expelling them out of this place.

"This diſagreeable buſineſs is now effected---a meaſure deemed neceſſary by the unanimous voice of the citizens, and carried into execution by them with great ſpirit and deciſion, at the ſame time the higheſt degree of lenity marked their proceedings, treating the widows and infirm with tenderneſs and attention.

"I flatter myſelf that this revolution, ſo long and ſo devoutly wiſhed for, will entitle thoſe who brought it about to much merit and applauſe. It met with my approbation ſo heartily, as to make me take a part in it.

"Official characters may be deemed reprehenſible for this late revolution. I aſſure you that they are in no inſtance culpable; they were never conſulted or concerned in the meaſure."

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

MONDAY, MARCH 1, 1784. A. M.

The report of the committee, read February 20 laſt, relative to the diſtribution of the Laws and Minutes of the General Aſſembly ſince the revolution, was read the ſecond time; whereupon

Reſolved, That the Clerk of this Houſe, as ſoon as the books aforeſaid are delivered to him, ſhall retain in his hands forty-four volumes of the Laws, and thirty-nine volumes of the Minutes, for the purpoſe of ſupplying ſuch members of this Houſe as have not been heretofore ſerved with copies; and that twenty-five volumes of the Laws, and four volumes of the Minutes, be delivered by the Clerk of this Houſe to the reſpective orders of the Courts of Quarter Seſſions in each county of this ſtate, to be by them diſtributed among ſuch civil officers of government (the officers to be accountable for them) as the ſaid Courts ſhall from time to time direct.

Extract from the Minutes,
PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

Land-Office, May 21, 1784.

WHEREAS by a law of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, paſſed the 9th April, 1781, entituled "An Act for eſtabliſhing a Land-Office, &c." it was enacted, That in caſes where any office right had iſſued before the 10th December, 1776, the owner or owners ſhould make payment for the lands at the times and in manner ſaid act directs: And in the 4th ſection of another law, paſſed April 5, 1782, entituled "An Act to veſt certain powers in the Preſident of this State, together with the other officers therein named, and for other purpoſes therein mentioned," ſetting forth that the times of payment appointed in the ſaid firſt mentioned act were found much too ſhort for the purpoſes aforeſaid, it was enacted that the ſaid reſpective times ſhould be enlarged for the ſpace of two years: And whereas the ſaid term of two years to which the payment was extended as aforeſaid is now expired, we do therefore require all perſons in arrears to make their payments agreeable to the laws aforeſaid. And whereas, by one other act of Aſſembly, paſſed the 1ſt of April laſt, entituled "An Act for opening the Land-Office, for granting and diſpoſing of the unappropriated lands within this State," it is enacted, that the Land-Office ſhould be opened for the lands already purchaſed from the Indians on the firſt day of July next, at the rate of Ten Pounds per hundred acres: And by the 2d. ſection of the laſt mentioned act, it is required that every applicant for land ſhall produce to the Secretary of the Land-Office a particular deſcription of the land applied for, with a certificate from two Juſtices of the Peace of the proper county, ſpecifying whether the ſaid lands be improved or not, and if improved, how long ſince the improvement was made, that intereſt might be charged accordingly. And whereas, by the ſame laſt mentioned act, the Receiver General of the Land-Office is authoriſed and required to receive in payment for all lands ſold and granted in purſuance of that act, certificates of depreciation granted to the officers and ſoldiers of the late Pennſylvania line, certificates for money loaned to the United States by the citizens of this State, or granted in the name of or for the uſe of ſuch citizens, and all certificates for commutation and for arrearages of pay, and the certificates of the Commiſſaries, Quarter-Maſters and Forage-Maſters; alſo certificates for debts due to the citizens of this State from the United States, or from the State, when liquidated by the proper officer of the continent, or of this State reſpectively, with all the intereſt due on the ſame at the day of payment: All ſuch certificates which remain unliquidated to be reduced to ſpecie value, agreeably to the continental ſcale of depreciation, by the Commiſſioner of Loans, or ſome continental officer, or an officer to be for that purpoſe appointed, before offered in payment at the Receiver-General's-Office.

We do hereby give NOTICE, that the Land-Office will be opened at ten o'clock, on the firſt day of July next, for the granting land agreeable to the ſaid laſt recited law: Therefore, all perſons intending to apply, are deſired to have the certificates from the Juſtices as above mentioned duly prepared: And all perſons deſigning to pay any kind of the above enumerated certificates, are deſired to have ſuch of them as require liquidation reduced to ſpecie value, and legally authenticated by the proper officers, conformably to the ſame law.

JOHN LUKENS, Surveyor-General,
DAVID KENNEDY, Secr'y Land-Office,
FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Receiver-General.

Southwark Auction.

TO-MORROW MORNING,

The 27th of May, at Nine o'Clock, will commence the SALE of a very large and neat Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE:

In the various branches of Woolen and Linen Drapery, Hoſiery, Millinery, Ironmongery and Ship Chandlery.

Among which are, a large quantity of farming utenſils in caſes, and large ſaw-mill ſaws.

And on SATURDAY morning next will be ſold a general aſſortment of Houſhold Furniture.

The Collection of DRY GOODS being too large for one day's ſale, the ſame will be continued on SATURDAY Afternoon at half paſt two o'Clock May 26.

PETER W. GALLAUDET,

Has removed his STORE from Front to Second-ſtreet, the ſecond door below Cheſnut-ſtreet.

He has received by the Brigantine Amy, from London, and other late veſſels, a variety of GOODS, which are now opened for Sale, by the piece or dozen.

[*Particulars in our next.*]

For the Benefit of the Owners and Underwriters on the

Schooner COXE and CARGOE,

Will be SOLD, at the COFFEE-HOUSE,

To-Morrow, at XII o'Clock,

COTTON in Bags, and ſundry SAILS,

Philad. May 25, 1784. †

William & John Sitgreaves,

Have removed from their late ſituation in Market-ſtreet, to the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, one door below Cheſnut-ſtreet, where they have for ſale, a very extenſive aſſortment of

DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the ſeaſon, which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms. 6 w.

Philadelphia, May 25, 1784.

To be SOLD, out of the State,

A NEGROE BOY, about 19 years of age, he is very handy, and would ſuit to wait on a Gentleman. For further particulars enquire of the PRINTERS. †

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED, on the 16th inſtant, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, a bay MARE, 4 years old, 14 hands and an half high, a natural pacer, a few white hairs on her forehead, a black mane, and a large ſwitch tail, was never ſhod. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

May 22. § JOSHUA DUNGAN.

His Excellency the Miniſter of France having been pleaſed to employ us to make ſales of his

HOUSHOLD GOODS, &c.

We therefore make it known, that the SALE will commence on MONDAY, the ſeventh day of June next, at nine o'clock in the morning, at his Hotel.------Among the many valuable articles, are the following,

MAHOGANY tables and chairs of various kinds; an elegant aſſortment of china and glaſs; a number of elegant looking-glaſſes and chandeliers; bedſteads with elegant furniture; window-curtains; ſophas; a variety of handſome paintings; ſeveral elegant clocks; kitchen furniture of every kind; a quantity of ſadlery; a cellar ſtored with liquors of every kind; and a great number of articles, too numerous to inſert in an advertiſement.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, and Co. Auctioneers.

N. B. The Goods may be viewed in the large room adjoining the Hotel, from Thurſday, the 3d of June, till the day of ſale, Sunday excepted.

Philadelphia, May 17, 1784.

WE, the ſubſcribers, hereby certify, that we have been blind for ſeveral years with the cataract, and are now reſtored to ſight by Frederick W. Jericho, phyſician and oculiſt, who in the beginning of June will take his journey to Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina; where he intends to ſtay next winter, and in the ſpring go to Boſton, New York, and then return to this city. Stacy Kirbride, Plymouth townſhip, Philadelphia county; N. Gunther, Yellow Springs, Cheſter county; John Wetherill, farmer, near Bordentown, Weſt Jerſey; Adam Clauts, Northampton county; Rebecca Sendham, Philadelphia county. †

TO BE SOLD,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, ſituate upon Oldman's creek, about three miles from the river Delaware, in Salem county, Weſt New-Jerſey; the property of the deceaſed Mr. George Somervell, conſiſting of 155 acres, 50 of which are good meadow. This plantation is excellently ſituated for attending the Philadelphia market, Mr. Somervell's houſe being only 24 miles diſtant from it, and to which it has the advantage of water carriage by the creek, ſhallops and other craft paſſing the door almoſt daily for that city. There is a very good dwelling-houſe, with barn, ſtable, &c. alſo a good orchard, and a never-failing ſpring of excellent water near the door.

A L S O,

Fifty acres of Woodland, near to Beaver creek, about a mile from the main plantation.

A L S O,

Nine acres of valuable Meadow, ſituated near the mouth of Oldman's creek, adjoining to Aquila Jones's plantation.

A N D A L S O,

Seven and a half acres of Land, near Oldman's creek bridge: This is a good ſituation for public buſineſs, and was purchaſed for building on.

Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the above, or any part thereof, will be informed of particulars, by applying to Mr. JOHN LOCKHART, Merchant, in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite Chriſt-Church, Philadelphia. May 25. § 4 w

SUPPOSED to be ſtolen from the plantation whereon the ſubſcriber now dwells, in New-Garden townſhip, Cheſter county, on the night of the 20th of the 11th Month laſt, a dark bay HORSE, apprehended to be about 14 hands high, 4 years old next ſpring, long bodied, a long mane and tail when taken, his mane apt to hang to both ſides, both paces and trots, and often changes his gates when rode, much given to ſtumble when tired, occaſioned by a hurt he had in one of his fore legs, which has left a lump inſide, and has a ſmall wart on the point of one ear. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe and thief ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable charges, or THIRTY SHILLINGS for the horſe alone, paid by

21ſt of 5th Month, 1784. § JACOB LINDLEY.

Philadelphia, May 22, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY the 16th inſtant, from the Subſcriber, an indented Servant Man, Named JOHN NEILL, born in the North of Ireland, and arrived in the Brigantine Convention, Captain Workman, from Dublin; about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high; had on when he went away, a light blue Cloth Coat, and Waiſtcoat, a ſtriped pair of trowſers and blue yarn ſtockings, fair complexion, a little pitted with the ſmall pox, ſhort brown hair; ſuppoſed to have gone towards Cumberland county: He may paſs as a Pedlar, as he carried with him ſome knives, ſhoe-buckles and ſleeve buttons; he had a large lump on his right wriſt. Whoever ſecures ſaid run away, ſo that the ſubſcriber gets him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT GREAVES, at MOSES BRYAN'S, in Walnut-ſtreet. †

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on Saturday night, the 15th inſtant (May) from the ſubſcriber, living in the town of New-Caſtle, a Negroe man, named NAT. He is very black, remarkably ſhort in ſtature, 25 years of age, but looks older, broad ſhouldered, ſtrong made, has loſt two of his under fore teeth, ſpeaks faſt and liſps. He had on a ſmall old hat, cut round, a white country cloth jacket, new tow linen ſhirt and trowſers, and good ſhoes. He was ſeen on Sunday, the 16th, on the road to Philadelphia, where it is ſuppoſed he is lurking. Any perſon ſecuring ſaid Negroe, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, paid by

May 20, 1784. § JOHN WETHERED.

Cæcil county, Maryland, May 15, 1784.

STOLEN out of the paſture of William Little, of the ſaid county, on the night of Friday, the 7th inſtant, a HORSE and MARE, viz. The Horſe a black, 4 years old this ſpring, lately dock'd, one of his hind feet grey to the footlock, neither brand nor ear-mark. The Mare, a dark bay, 9 years old this ſpring, ſhod before and her feet turns in very much, neither brand nor ear-mark, they are both natural pacers. There is great reaſon to believe that a certain Grizzle Mearns (alias) Little, who has been harboured in this county above a year paſt, was acceſſary to the theft, as ſhe with a certain Patrick Hara attempted the ſame a few weeks ago. The ſaid Grizzle is a middle ſized woman, or rather taller than common, about 40 years of age, large eyes and a remarkable talker, ſhe is well known in many parts of Pennſylvania and Virginia, particularly Lancaſter and Cheſter counties. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid thief and horſes, ſo that the thief may be brought to juſtice and the owner get his horſes, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS, or for the horſes only SIX POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

† JOHN LITTLE.

CAME to the Plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Solebury townſhip, Bucks county, ſome time this ſpring, a young brown ſtone COLT, about 4 years old, bald face and four white feet. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away. † JOHN ELY.

WAS taken up treſpaſſing, in a Lot near the Globe Mill, a ſmall bay MARE, and black Horſe COLT, with a ſmall ſtar. Whoever has loſt the ſame, may have them again by applying at Hare and Twells's Brew-houſe, adjoining the New Market, in the Northern Liberties. If not taken away, they will be ſold according to law, to pay damages and charges. †

Juſt publiſhed and now ſelling at BELL's BOOK-STORE, Near St. Paul's Church, in Third-ſtreet---
Price ONE THIRD OF A DOLLAR, *with conſiderable allowance to thoſe who buy Quantities to give away.*

AN APPEAL

To the SERIOUS and CANDID PROFESSORS of

CHRISTIANITY.

On the following Subjects.

I. The uſe of Reaſon in Matters of Religion.
II. The Power of Man to do the Will of God.
III. Original Sin.
IV. Election and Reprobation.
V. The Divinity of Chriſt, and
VI. Atonement for Sin by the Death of Chriſt.

BY JOSEPH PRIESTLY, L. L. D. F. R. S.
And a Lover of the Goſpel.

To which are added, A conciſe Hiſtory of the Riſe of thoſe Doctrines; and the

TRIUMPH OF TRUTH;

Being an Account of the

TRIAL OF MR. E. ELWALL,

For Hereſy and Blaſphemy, at Stafford Aſſizes.

To us there is one God, the FATHER, *and one Mediator, the* MAN CHRIST JESUS--------1 Cor, viii. 6.--------1. Tim. ii. 5.

N. B. For more particulars in the American Book-World, pleaſe to enquire for Bell's Sale Catalogue of New and Old Books, with the loweſt price printed to each Book, conſiſting of ſeveral thouſand Volumes, in Arts, Sciences and Entertainment, for perſons of all Denominations. Price A Quarter of a Dollar.

Richard Footman,

In THIRD-STREET, next door but one to the BUNCH of GRAPES INN, has imported in the Olive-Branch and Mildred, arrived from London.

A large aſſortment of *MERCHANDIZE,*

ſuitable to the ſeaſon. Among which are,

SILK roſetta handkerchiefs; needle-work, printed and check ditto; plain, ſtriped and check lawns; needle-work and ſouſle aprons; nankeens; printed callicoes, cottons and chintzes; India chintzes and perſians; chip hats; plain and ribbed callimancoes; mantuas, perſians, ſarſnets and modes; copperplate furniture; plain and maſqueraded bengals; linen and cotton checks and ſtripes; thread and cotton hoſe; brown quadruple ſileſias; coloured crapes; corduroys and velverets; Marſeilles quilting and Dutch cord; cotton counterpanes; Flanders ticking and bed bunts; Iriſh linen, and oznaburgs; moreens, durants and dorſettees; 5-4 and 6-4 humhums and coſſaes; Scotch and coloured threads; broad Ruſſia diapers; beſt ſcarf twiſt; Holland tapes and bobbins; pound and packet pins; brown and black buckrams; ſilk gloves and mitts; gartering and quality binding; camſſiers; princes ſtuffs; everlaſtings; ruſſels; plain, ſpotted, ſtriped and ſouſle gauzes, &c. &c.

Alſo, Beſt LONDON PORTER in Bottles. §

IMPORTED in the brig CONVENTION, from DUBLIN,
AND TO BE SOLD, BY

Conyngham, Neſbitt and *Co.*

A GENERAL aſſortment of 3-4ths, 7 8ths and yard wide Iriſh Linens, Oſnabrigs, Loughreas, Sheetings, printed Linens, Threads, Kentings, Thread and Cotton Hoſe, a ſmall Package of Looking-Glaſſes, Porter in Hogſheads and Bottles, Old Hock in Hogſheads and Bottles, and about Thirty Tons of Limeſtone, with a great Variety of other articles. †

To be SOLD cheap for CASH,

As the Owner ſails for England on Saturday next,

A HEARTY, ſtout, young NEGROE WENCH, has been uſed to both Town and Country Work, with a Female CHILD, of five Months old. Enquire of the Printers.

Philadelphia, May 18. ‡

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Captain JOHN VICARY, late of this city, deceaſed, are deſired to make payment to the ſubſcribers; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them, properly proved, to

RICHARD RUNDLE, or)
c 4 w SAMUEL COATS,) Executors.

Freſh Drugs and Medicines,

A general Aſſortment, juſt imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now on Sale by

DAVID JACKSON,

In Second-ſtreet, midway between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets,

ALSO, very elegant Surgeons pocket inſtruments, ſcalpels, beſt crown and ſpring lancets, neat lancet caſes, catheters, trocars, bolus knives, Apothecaries ſcales and weights, a general aſſortment of ſhop furniture, ſmelling bottles, marble mortars, phials, pill-boxes, camel hair pencils, a few ſetts of crayons, fine carmine, drop lake, ſlake white, &c.

Likewiſe the following PATENT MEDICINES, viz.

Godfrey's cordial, Anderſon's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pills, Turlington's balſam, Britiſh oil, eſſence of peppermint and Hill's American balſam.

N. B. With the above aſſortment is arrived a quantity of that moſt excellent drug, the RED BARK, which is now in the higheſt reputation, as a perfect cure for intermittent and other fevers. † *May* 19, 1784.

Joſeph, Jonathan and John Mifflin

HAVE juſt imported, in the Olive Branch, Capt. Willet, from London, A general Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which they are now opening for Sale, at their Store in Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Walnut-ſtreet.

Now opening for SALE, by

DANIEL TYSON,

In Water-ſtreet, Mid-way between Market and Arch-ſtreets,----
A general Aſſortment of

European and Eaſt-India GOODS,

Imported in the laſt Veſſels from Europe. 4 w

JOHN CLARK, Dyer in general,

In Second-ſtreet, the ſixth door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, informs the Public,

THAT he wiſhes to purchaſe a quantity of RAW SILK, either in the cocoons or reeled; and as a conſtant demand may be fully expected, he would wiſh to be informed by thoſe, who intend to raiſe any this year in any of the ſtates, what quantity they expect to have, for which he will give a good price. All letters on this ſubject (poſt paid) will be punctually anſwered.

N. B. A ſtout active boy, about 13 or 14 years of age, wanted as an apprentice to the Dying Buſineſs. § 8 w.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling at BELL's BOOK-STORE in Third-ſtreet---Price HALF A DOLLAR,

ILLUMINATIONS

FOR

Legiſlators and for Sentimentaliſts;

CONTAINING,

I. Sentiments on what is FREEDOM, and what is SLAVERY, BY A FARMER.
II. Sentiments on LIBERTY, exhibited in Obſervations on the Revolution of America, BY ABBE RAYNAL.
III. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, LAW, ARBITRARY POWER, LIBERTY, and SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS, BY JOHN JAMES ROUSSEAU, originally of Geneva.
IV. Sentiments on GOVERNMENT, and on the ENGLISH CONSTITUTION, BY J. L. DE LOLME, Advocate, and Citizen of Geneva.
V. BELL's Addreſs to every Freeman; but eſpecially to the Free-Citizens of Pennſylvania, concerning a Tyrannical Embargoe now laid upon the Free-Sale of Books by Auction.

The moſt burthenſome of all Tyrannies, is that which is eſtabliſhed by Law.--------LIBERTY.

And with all thy getting, get Underſtanding.-------The BIBLE.

N. B. A conſiderable variety of New Books, and Pamphlets, may now be had at ſaid Bell's Book ſtore in Third-ſtreet. §

ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS Francis Alliſon, the ſon of Robert and Ann Alliſon, of Maryland, in North-America, and who ſerved his apprenticeſhip to a coach-maker in Philadelphia, left that place about 12 years ago, and has not ſince been heard of. If the ſaid Francis Alliſon be now living, he is requeſted to apply to Mr. *Ferguſon M'Ilvaine*, merchant, in Philadelphia, or to Meſſrs. *Parnther* and *Druce*, Sollicitors, in London-ſtreet, London, and he will hear of ſomething greatly to his advantage. If the ſaid Francis Alliſon is dead, any perſon, who can make that fact appear, is requeſted to give notice thereof as above, for the ſake of the family and friends of the ſaid Francis Alliſon.

May 17, 1784.

Lower Merion, May 14, 1784.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the night of the 11th inſt. DAVID LAWRENCE, an apprentice to the weaving trade, is a ſmart active lad, and hath upwards of two years to ſerve; had on and took with him, a coat and jacket of a light drab coloured homeſpun cloth, brown linen trowſers, a pair of half worn ſhoes and plated carved buckles, a felt hat, almoſt new, a good homeſpun ſhirt, and ſundry other ſummer clothes, alſo, a young rough black dog, with ſome white on his face and belly. Said lad is about 19 years of age, a ſtout fellow, about 5 feet 9 inches and an half high, ſtoops in his walk, loves ſtrong liquor, and has fair ſtrait ſhort hair. Whoever will ſecure ſaid apprentice in any goal in this ſtate, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS Reward, and TWO DOLLARS more for the dog, if brought home, paid by

§ ROBERT ELLIOT, near the Gulph.

CAME to the plantation of the Widow Kite, in Blockley townſhip, on the firſt day of May, a Black HORSE, about four or five years old, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, trots natural, and canters well, the owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

† JAMES COOPER.

Ridley, May 15, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons who have juſt demands againſt the Eſtate of JOHN KNOWLES, late of Ridley, in Cheſter county, deceaſed, that they bring in their accounts for ſettlement, agreeable to law; and all perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate, are earneſtly requeſted to make payment to

¶ JOHN CROZER, acting Executor.

Fourth Month, 28th, 1784.

ALL Perſons indebted to the eſtate of HENRY WILSON, late of the borough of Briſtol, Shop-keeper, deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate payment. And thoſe perſons having demands againſt ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make them known to

LYDIA WILSON, Adminiſtratrix,
† RICHARD HARTSHORNE, Adminiſtrator.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber gave a Note of Twenty-five Pounds about a year ago, for a Tract of Land in Waſhington townſhip, Cumberland county, payable the Firſt day of May, 1784, unto a certain GEORGE COFMAN, and now I find that the ſaid George Cofman cannot give a proper title for ſaid land. I therefore forewarn all perſons not to take an aſſignment of ſaid note, as it was fraudulently obtained, I will not pay the ſame, unleſs compelled by law.

April 6, 1784. † GEORGE MESSEBOUGH.

RAN AWAY the night of the 9th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant Man, named JOHN O'SKULLION, he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, thin ſmooth face, thin noſe, full eyed, thin brown hair, had on and took with him a ſhort brown coat, with the ſleeves pieced with white cloth, a blue Sailor's jacket and corduroy breeches, a pair of old buckſkin ditto, two wool hats, one old, the other new, one tow ſhirt and one linen ditto. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by † ALEXANDER M'PHERSON.

May 17, 1784.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS Reward,

BROKE out of the county Goal of Newcaſtle, on Delaware, on the night of the 28th of April laſt, the three following NEGROE MEN, to wit; WILL, a ſtout made fellow, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and is very black, had on a blue coat, ſtriped green jacket, old buckſkin breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and an old round fur hat: BOB, about 17 years of age, a ſlim made fellow, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, had on an old ſtriped linſey jacket, old linen trowſers much worn, old yarn ſtockings, and an old fur hat: BILL, a ſlim made fellow, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, had on a dark linſey coat, ſtriped linen under jacket, old black breeches, white yarn ſtockings, and old ſhoes. Whoever takes up the above deſcribed Negroes, and ſecures them in any goal, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or in proportion for either of them.

† THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

New-Caſtle, May 1, 1784,

For Charleſton, South-Carolina,

The brig RUTLEDGE,
WINGATE NEWMAN, Maſter,

SHE is a new veſſel, and has very good Accomodations for Paſſengers, and will be continued in the trade, to ſail the 5th of June. For FREIGHT or PASSAGE, apply to JOHN REDMAN, or the Captain on board ſaid brig, laying at Mifflin's Wharff, between Race and Vine-ſtreets. Philad. May 19, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN on the 11th of this inſtant, out of the ſhed, at William Heaton's tavern, at the 14 mile ſtone, on the old York road, a bright bay MARE, ſaddle and bridle, 5 years old this ſpring, about 14 hands and an half high, one hind foot white, trots and canters well. Whoever ſecures and delivers ſaid mare to the owner, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living in Buckingham townſhip, Bucks county.

May 13, 1784. ¶ CORNELIUS SHEPHERD.

TO BE RENTED,

A genteel brick HOUSE,

On the north ſide of Cheſnut-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

IT is three ſtories high, and has two rooms on each floor, the front rooms up ſtairs are the whole width of the houſe, the ſtair-caſe is carried up in a ſeparate building, adjoining to which are a convenient brick kitchen, and a building very convenient for ſtoring goods, both two ſtories high; there are excellent dry cellars under the whole, and in good order; and beyond the buildings is a ſmall garden, fenced with good cedar pailing.

This houſe is excellently well ſituated for a gentleman in trade, and poſſeſſion may be had immediately. For further particulars apply to the printers. §

TAKEN from a man, ſuppoſed to be a thief, A pair of ſilver mounted PISTOLS. Whoever hath loſt the ſame, by applying to Juſtice M'MULLIN, in Southwark, may have them again, on proving property, and paying coſts.

May 13, 1784. ¶

CAME to the plantation of Daniel Benezet, ſen. near the Riſing Sun, A dark brown COW, branded on both horns. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSEPH BASKET. *May* 17, 1784.

Douglaſs townſhip, Berks county, April 27, 1784.

WHEREAS I the ſubſcriber being wrongfully accuſed by one MARY WOULBERT, who, through the inſtigation of ſome of her lovers, hath ſworn that ſhe is big with child by me, and I being through threatening and perſuaſion compelled to marry her; but having ſince found out that ſhe ſwore the child to the wrong perſon, I therefore deſire all perſons not to truſt the ſaid Mary Woulbert any thing on my account, for I will not pay any thing of her contracting from the date hereof, and never keep houſe with her. § PETER ECKEL.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, in the night of the 5th inſtant, a black horſe, 7 years old laſt ſpring, neither brand nor ear-mark, his mane and foretop thin and ſhort, a ſmall ſtar hardly perceivable, ſomewhat hollow backed, ſhod all round, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, carries well when mounted; he is ſuppoſed to be taken by two men, the one middling luſty, with a purple cloth coat, corduroy breeches, a round hat, with mourning round it; the other a ſmall ſized man, with a blue coat, a large cocked hat; they ſay they have been light horſe men. Whoever will deliver the horſe and thief or thieves to the ſubſcriber, living in Oxford townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, or Four Dollars for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

April 9, 1784. WILLIAM JOHNSON.

For DUBLIN,

THE BRIG

CONVENTION,

ROBERT WORKMAN, Maſter;

EXPECTED to ſail about the 10th of June. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at STAMPER's Wharff, or CONYNGHAM, NESBITT & Co. †

N. B. As the Convention was purpoſely conſtructed for Dublin Harbour, ſhe delivers her cargoe at the Cuſtom-houſe Quay, which will be a great ſaving to the ſhippers. † May 18.

THE Subſcribers, having obtained Certificates for the deficiencies of cloathing to the amount of upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS, for each non-commiſſioned officer and private in the late JERSEY LINE, *who ſerved the full term of the War*; do hereby notify to all concerned, that they mean to attend at BRIDGETOWN, in Cumberland county, on the 28th of June next, and at TRENTON, from the 1ſt to the 3d of July.

† 7 W.
Philad. May 12, 1784. J. PECK, J. BLAIR, } Agents.

THE Subſcribers, priſoners, confined in goal for debt, hereby give public notice to all their creditors, that they intend to apply to the next inferior Court of Common Pleas to be held in and for the county of Cumberland, in the ſtate of New-Jerſey, to have the benefit of the inſolvent law; they are therefore requeſted to appear at the Courthouſe in Bridgetown on Wedneſday, the third of June next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of their eſtates ſhould not be made, and they be diſcharged according to ſaid law.

Cumberland Goal, EDWARD KETCHUM,
April 28, 1784. THOMAS M'GAY. ¶

SICKLES AND SCYTHES,

IN large or ſmall quantities, are now preparing for the enſuing harveſt, and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, at the Sickle and Scythe, in Front-ſtreet, between Pine-ſtreet and the Drawbridge, Philadelphia. EVAN TRUMAN.

N. B. Said Truman makes all ſorts of mill-irons, branding-irons, ſmiths bellows, and ſmiths work in general, in the beſt and neateſt manner; alſo hath for ſale, fullers, tobacconiſts, timber and millers ſcrews, and a quantity of grindſtones of the beſt quality.

Orders directed to Robert Lewis and Sons, and Levi Hollingſworth, in Philadelphia; or Thomas Clarkſon and Co. in Portſmouth, Virginia, will be gratefully received, and punctually attended to. ¶ 6 w

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PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.